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December 13, 2017

via Email (<u>planningmanager@wasagabeach.com</u>) & hand delivery CCTA File 117098

Doug Herron, MCIP, RPP, MPA
Manager of Planning and Development Review
Town of Wasaga Beach
30 Lewis Street
Wasaga Beach, ON L9Z 1A1

Re: Town of Wasaga Beach - Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4

First Engineering Submission

Dear Doug:

Introduction

C.C. Tatham & Associates Ltd. (CCTA) has been retained by Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities (Parkbridge) to complete the civil engineering design for the Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 development, located on Theme Park Drive Drive in the Town of Wasaga Beach.

The following documents have been enclosed in **Appendix A** in support of the development and engineering submission:

- Legal Survey prepared by Rodney G. Reynolds signed on January 14, 1999;
- Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment prepared by Bluestone Research dated June 2017;
- Geotechnical Investigation prepared by Peto MacCallum September 2017;
- Scoped Environmental Impact Statement prepared by Beacon Environmental dated October 2017;
- Planning Justification Report prepared by Celeste Phillips Planning Inc. dated November 26, 2017;
- Traffic Impact Study prepared by CCTA dated December 11, 2017;
- Site Plan Control Application for Approval signed December 12, 2017;
- Official Plan Amendment Application for Approval signed December 12, 2017'





- Zoning By-law Amendment/Lifting of Hold (H)/Temporary Use By-law Application for Approval signed December 12, 2017;
- Civil Engineering design drawings prepared and reviewed by a senior engineer from CCTA stamped December 12, 2017 that conform to Town standards:
 - Siltation, Removals, and Erosion Control Plan SC-1;
 - Pre-Development Drainage Plan DP-1;
 - Post-Development Drainage Plan DP-2;
 - Storm Sewer Drainage Plan STM-1;
 - Site Servicing Plan SS-1;
 - Site Grading Plan SG-1;
 - Sanitary Drainage Plan SAN-1;
 - Pond Cross-Section and Details PND-1;
 - Plan and Profile for Wally Street PP-1; and
 - General Details and Notes DE-1.

We offer the following comments with respect to the submission package.

Existing Conditions

The 3.1 Ha property is located on Theme Park Drive and is bounded by Theme Park Drive to the west, Wally Drive to the north, an empty gravel lot to the south and undeveloped vegetated lands to the east. The majority of the property has already been cleared of trees and acts as a storage yard for Parkbridge's various equipment and stockpiles. The property, as well as the surrounding area, is shown on the Location Map over leaf. The boundary for the property is shown on the legal plan prepared by Rodney G. Reynolds.

Water Main

There is an existing 200 mm dia. water main along the west side of Theme Park Drive. This existing 200 mm dia. water main connects to an existing 400 mm dia. water main located on River Road West, a 150 mm dia. water main at Wally Drive and a 300 mm dia. water main on the north side of Sturgeon Creek on Donato Way off of River Road East.

Sanitary Sewer

There is an existing 200 mm dia. gravity sanitary sewer along the center of Theme Park Drive which drains north and connects to an existing sanitary sewer north of Sturgeon Creek that is utilized by the existing Country Life Resort. The upstream end of this 200 mm dia. sewer was connected to Sanitary Maintenance Hole (SAN MH) 207 complete with an 8.5 m - 250 mm dia. stub to the south along Theme Park Drive and a 12m - 300 mm dia. stub east along the un-opened road allowance for Wally Drive. SAN MH 207 then drains west along Wally Drive via 300 mm dia. gravity sewer towards Zoo Park Road.

Wally Drive & Access

Wally Drive east of Theme Park Drive is currently an un-opened right-of-way consisting of a 9 m wide gravel access connecting to the existing Wasaga Country Life development on Cabin Crescent. A rudimentary gravel access path/road is also connected to the east end of the un-opened road Wally Drive road allowance and runs south westerly towards the south west property corner of the Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 property.

Soil Conditions

The existing soils within the property primarily consist of fine to medium sand with some traces of silt, gravel and organic. Ground water was observed between 0.5 metres to 1.0 meter deep throughout the property and will vary throughout the year. The existing soil conditions are summarized in the Geotechnical Investigation prepared by Peto MacCallum Ltd.

Grading and Stormwater Management

The topographic information obtained indicates the site generally slopes towards the northwest side of the property. Catchment 101 represents 1.74 ha of drainage which collected in the Wally Drive roadside ditch. Catchment 102 represent 1.32 ha of drainage which is conveyed north and it collected in the Theme Park Drive roadside ditch. Flows from catchment 101 and 102 combine at the intersection of Wally Drive and Theme Park Drive at the northwest corner of the property. Existing drainage patterns are depicted on the appended Dwg. DP-1.

External drainage from an area south of the property is currently conveyed across the site and have been represented as catchment 301 and 302 on drawing DP-1. An OTTHYMO model was created to quantify the existing condition peak flow rates to the intersection of Wally Drive and Theme Park Drive for the 2 through 100 year design storm. The existing condition model results are summarized in Table 1 and supporting calculations are attached in **Appendix A**.

Table 1: Existing Condition Peak Flow Summary

Storm Event		ow (m³/s) at 101 +102
	SCS	CHI
2-year	0.100	0.038
5-year	0.177	0.073
10-year	0.236	0.102
25-year	0.319	0.143
50-year	0.386	0.176
100-year	0.460	0.213
Regional	-	0.456

Utilities

Existing utilities in the area include overhead hydro, telephone and cable as well as underground gas along Theme Park Drive.

Proposed Development

The proposed development will consist of 66 multi-unit housing blocks containing between 4 to 8 units each. The following sections describe the respective services and how they meet the requirements of the proposed development:

Water Main

The existing 200 mm dia. water main along Theme Park Drive at the intersection of Wally Drive will be connected and a new 150 mm water main will be installed to the east within the Wally Drive un-opened road allowance complete with hydrants and isolation valves. The proposed internal 150 mm dia. water main will connect to the new 150 mm dia. water main along Wally Drive east of Theme Park Drive. A meter chamber and meter to Town standards (STD.DWG.No.15A) will be installed at the Wally Drive entrance to record the water usage for the development. Individual 25 mm dia. water services complete with curb stops will be installed to service all 66 units. Hydrants and water valves have been strategically placed throughout the development for firefighting and maintenance purposes. On this basis, we respectfully request the Town incorporate the additional infrastructure in their overall water model to ensure the Town's water system can support the Wasaga Meadows Phase 4 East development. The existing and proposed water main is shown on the Site Servicing Plan drawing SS-1 as well as the Wally Drive Plan and Profile drawing PP-1. Details of the meter chamber are provided on the Details and Notes Sheet drawing DE-1.

Sanitary Main

The existing 300 mm dia. gravity sanitary sewer connected to SANMH 207 is currently terminated at the easterly right-of way of Theme Park Drive and will be extended east approximately 155 m along Wally Drive and terminated at the east end of the un-opened right-of-way of Wally Drive for future developments not associated with Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4. The proposed internal 200 mm dia. gravity sewer will be installed throughout the development with maintenance holes at key locations. Each unit will contain an individual 125 mm dia. sanitary service. The sanitary sewer design model calculations and the Sanitary Drainage Plan (SAN-1) are included in **Appendix B**. On this basis, we respectfully request the Town incorporate the additional infrastructure in their overall sanitary sewer model to ensure the Town's sewer system can support the Wasaga Meadows Phase 4 East development. The detailed location of the proposed sanitary sewer and services are shown on drawing PP-1, SS-1 and DE-1.

Wally Drive & Internal Road Access

Wally Drive will be converted from a 20 m wide un-opened road allowance consisting a 9 m wide gravel access, into a Town of Wasaga Beach "Modified" Standard Cross-Section for a Local Residential Subdivision STD.DWG.No.2A. The centreline of the proposed Wally Drive east of Theme Park Drive must align with the centreline of the existing Wally Drive west of Theme Park Drive. Therefore, the proposed Wally Drive east of Theme Park Drive will not be centered in the proposed right-of-way. Therefore, we recommend the Town's standard be modified to show the proposed hydrant and transformer on the south side of the proposed Wally Drive. This modification will still allow for all the underground and above ground infrastructure to be installed, including curb and gutter, a 1.5 m wide concrete sidewalk, servicing including hydro, cable, telephone, gas and street lights while still maintaining the required road widths. The modification also allows for the existing landscaped berm north of Wally Drive to remain. The easterly termination of Wally Drive will consist of a Town of Wasaga Beach Typical Cul-de-sac c/w Curb and Gutter STD.DWG.No.5. Further discussions with the Town are necessary to confirm if the existing access from Wally Drive to Cabin Crescent will be maintained. The detailed design of Wally Drive is provided on Plan and Profile drawing PP-1 and DE-1.

The internal 12m wide access road allowance will include a 6 m wide asphalt surface complete with 0.5 m wide gravel shoulders and a 1.2 m wide concrete sidewalk and be connected to two separate access points, one on Theme Park Drive and the second on Wally Drive. A copy of the 12 m wide internal road allowance access is provided on DE-1.

As noted in the Planning Justification Report in **Appendix A**, this internal cross section has been consistently successful with most of Parkbridge's developments in Wasaga Beach, is pedestrian friendly and includes ample visitor and residential parking (i.e. two parking spaces per unit, 33 visitor parking spaces).

A stand-alone Traffic Impact Study (TIS) was also completed by CCTA in support of the Wasaga Meadows Phase 4 East development and should be read in conjunction with this letter report. The TIS concludes that the proposed Wasaga Meadows Phase 4 East development will not require any improvements to the study area road network over and above those already identified in the previous background traffic studies (i.e. Traffic signals at the intersection of Theme Park Drive and River Road West in 2024).

Grading & Stormwater Management

The proposed stormwater management strategy identified for this development will use a treatment train approach with at-source/conveyance controls (perforated pipe system, dry swales) to be used where possible to maximize water quality treatment and flow volume reduction for drainage being conveyed to the outlet. A stormwater pond will be implemented as the end-of-pipe control.

Infiltration galleries are a Low Impact Development (LID) feature designed to collect drainage from the proposed buildings and internal road network. Overflow from the perforated pipe system will be conveyed to the end-of-pipe SWM pond for further quantity and quality control. Preliminary soil testing results confirm that native soils are conducive to infiltration and suited for infiltration based SWM controls. Groundwater depths were suitable for infiltration as groundwater levels were determined to be greater than 2.0 m below the existing ground surface.

Water Quality Control

The SWM pond has been designed to provide water quality control treatment with a storage volume sized in accordance with MOECC Guidelines for Enhanced Level water quality control. A water quality storage volume of 183 m³/ha is required for the pond to provide Enhanced protection. The total required permanent pool storage volume is 290 m³ based on a contributing area of 2.03 ha. The water quality calculations and pond volume table can be found in **Appendix C**. The pond provides 344 m³ of permanent pool volume and 160 m³ of extended detention volume which meets the requirements for water quality treatment.

In addition to the water quality treatment achieved in the wet pond the LID practices will also provide water quality treatment. The infiltration trench will meet the water quality volume requirement for an infiltration facility of 30 m³/ha, which is 61 m³. The infiltration trench has been designed to infiltrate 63 m³ of runoff volume. Stormwater is collected in small grassed swales prior to entering the infiltration trench. The grassed swales will act as pre-treatment for the facility, and will start to settle out sediment prior to entering the infiltration trench.

Water quality calculations and storage volume calculations for the infiltration trenches can be found in **Appendix C.**

Water Quantity Control

An OTTHYMO hydrologic model was created to determine peak flow rates from the subject property under existing and proposed conditions for the Chicago design storms and the 24-hour SCS storm distributions. The model was then used to determine the required water quantity storage volume to attenuate the proposed condition peak flows during the 2-year through 100-year storm to existing condition levels. The primary outlet for the site is the Theme Park Drive roadside ditch.

The proposed development has been modelled as three catchments as shown on the attached DP-2. Catchment 201 and 202 consists of rear yard drainage collected in an infiltration trench which drains to Wally Drive and Theme Park Drive, respectively. Catchment 203 represents the majority of the site (2.03 ha) and is the area draining into the proposed stormwater management pond.

Flow is routed from throughout the development into the LID practices within the roadside swale. Minor flows are conveyed to the wet pond through the swale and the infiltration trench. Minor storm events (greater than the 5 year storm) will be conveyed to the pond within the road right-of-way. Table 2 found below summarizes the peak flows from the site. Additional model results for the existing and proposed condition scenarios, along with hydrologic input parameters, have been included in **Appendix C**. A summary of the proposed condition Stage-Storage-Discharge for the pond is provided in Table 3.

Table 2: Proposed Condition Peak Flow Summary

Storm Event	Peak Flow (m ³ /s) Catchments 201+202+203+301+302		
	SCS	CHI	
2-year	0.093 (0.100)	0.037 (0.038)	
5-year	0.160 (0.177)	0.069 (0.073)	
10-year	0.216 (0.236)	0.096 (0.102)	
25-year	0.292 (0.319)	0.132 (0.143)	
50-year	0.357 (0.386)	0.163 (0.176)	
100-year	0.442 (0.460)	0.197 (0.213)	
Regional	-	0.503 (0.456)	

Table 3: Summary of Peak Flow Rates and SWM Pond Operation

Storm Event		Peak Discharge from Pond Storage Pond (m³/s) Volume (m³)		Pond Water Level (m)		
Lvent	SCS	CHI				
2-year	0.011	0.006	425	314	186.23	186.10
5-year	0.020	0.010	567	415	186.38	186.22
10-year	0.028	0.013	658	485	186.47	186.29
25-year	0.039	0.019	777	562	186.58	186.37
50-year	0.061	0.024	854	614	186.65	186.42
100-year	0.090	0.029	903	668	186.69	186.48
Regional		0.141	2.0	980	3	186.75

Note: Values in brackets represent existing condition flow

The results shown in Table 2 confirm that the proposed condition peak flow rates at the site outlets are maintained to below existing condition levels for all design storms. The water quantity storage volume provided to control the 100-year storm is 900 m³. Additional storage has been provided above this level to safely convey the Timmins storm through the SWM pond with an allowance for approximately 0.3 m of freeboard allowance above the Regional storm high water level.

The design of the SWM pond and outlet configuration consists of:

- 375 mm dia. HDPE pipe outlet from the stormwater pond to the ditch inlet catchbasin. The 375 mm dia. pipe has an orifice plate with a 60 mm and 100 mm diameter orifices set at an elevation of 185.65 m and 185.90 m respectively;
- a ditch inlet catchbasin is a set at an elevation of 186.33 m;
- a 525 mm dia. HDPE pipes outlet from the ditch inlet catchbasin to the roadside ditch is set at an inlet elevation of 185.50 m for quantity control; and
- a trapezoidal emergency overflow weir with a bottom width of 3.0 m is set at an elevation of 186.70 m to provide an outlet for storms exceeding the 100-year event.

The stage-storage-discharge table for the SWM pond is included in **Appendix C**. Further pond design details are provided in Dwg. PND-1.

The internal storm sewers within the development upstream of the proposed pond were sized using the Rational Method for a 5 year storm event. The external storm sewers along Wally Drive were also sized using the Rational Method however the Otthymo model output results for the external catchment

areas (201, 202 and 301) and pond discharge (209) were incorporated. This approach will more accurately reflect the actual proposed flows from the development. All the storm sewers ultimately connect to the existing storm sewer system on the north side of Theme Park Drive. Further discussions will need to occur with the Town in this regard as the existing storm sewer downstream of the development undersized due to the additional flow from the proposed Wally Drive catchment areas.

Stormwater Inspection and Maintenance

Ongoing maintenance of the SWM pond is necessary to ensure continued effectiveness. The SWM pond should be inspected regularly, and particularly after large rainfall events to make sure the pond and all of its component parts are functioning properly and in good repair. The inlet and outlets in particular should be inspected to confirm they are functioning properly and not blocked by debris. Accumulated sediment should be cleaned out of the SWM pond forebay when it reaches a depth of 0.30 m.

The perforated pipe systems will also require regular inspection. It is recommended that catchbasins are cleaned out to remove leaves and other debris that has accumulated and is restricting flow. The catchbasins should be inspected to ensure there is no ponding water 72 hours after a rainfall event. If water is ponding 72 hours after a storm event then the perforated pipe system should be flushed.

A stand alone SWM Operation and Maintenance Manual for the pond will be provided as part of the second submission.

Natural Features and Tree Preservation

A stand along Scoped Environmental Impact Study (EIS) was complete by Beacon Environmental and provides a comprehensive summary of the potential environmental and ecological issues associated with the development of the property as they pertain to Species at Risk (SAR), Wetlands, Greenlands, and Tree Preservation. The EIS concludes that there are no existing sensitive features on the property and recommend conventional erosion control measures and tree protection be implemented prior to the start of the works.

Parkbridge is currently in the process of retaining the landscaping design services of Envision Tatham Inc. to complete the proposed landscape design and planting plan. This design will be provided as part of the second engineering submission.

Utilities

As previously noted above, existing utilities are present on Theme Park Drive on the west side of the development. We have contacted all the respective utility companies and confirm that adequate plant is readily available to service the proposed lots.

As noted in the Planning Justification Report, Parkbridge intends to install dark sky friendly lighting consisting of yard lights with more conventional street lights at intersections which is also consistent with previous successful Parkbridge developments in Wasaga Beach. It is our understanding Parkbridge is in the process of retaining a lighting consultant to complete the street lighting design.

Closing Remarks

The above sections and enclosed documents show that the proposed development in theory satisfy the necessary conditions in terms of engineering including site servicing, access, grading, stormwater management, erosion control and utilities. Further coordination with the Town will be required to resolve the down stream storm sewer due to the construction of Wally Drive east of Theme Park Drive. In the meantime, I trust this submission is sufficient for the Town to complete their first engineering review. However, should you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours truly,

C.C. Tatham & Associates Ltd.

Kevin Sansom, B.A.Sc., P.Eng.

Senior Engineer, Project Manager

KRS:rlh

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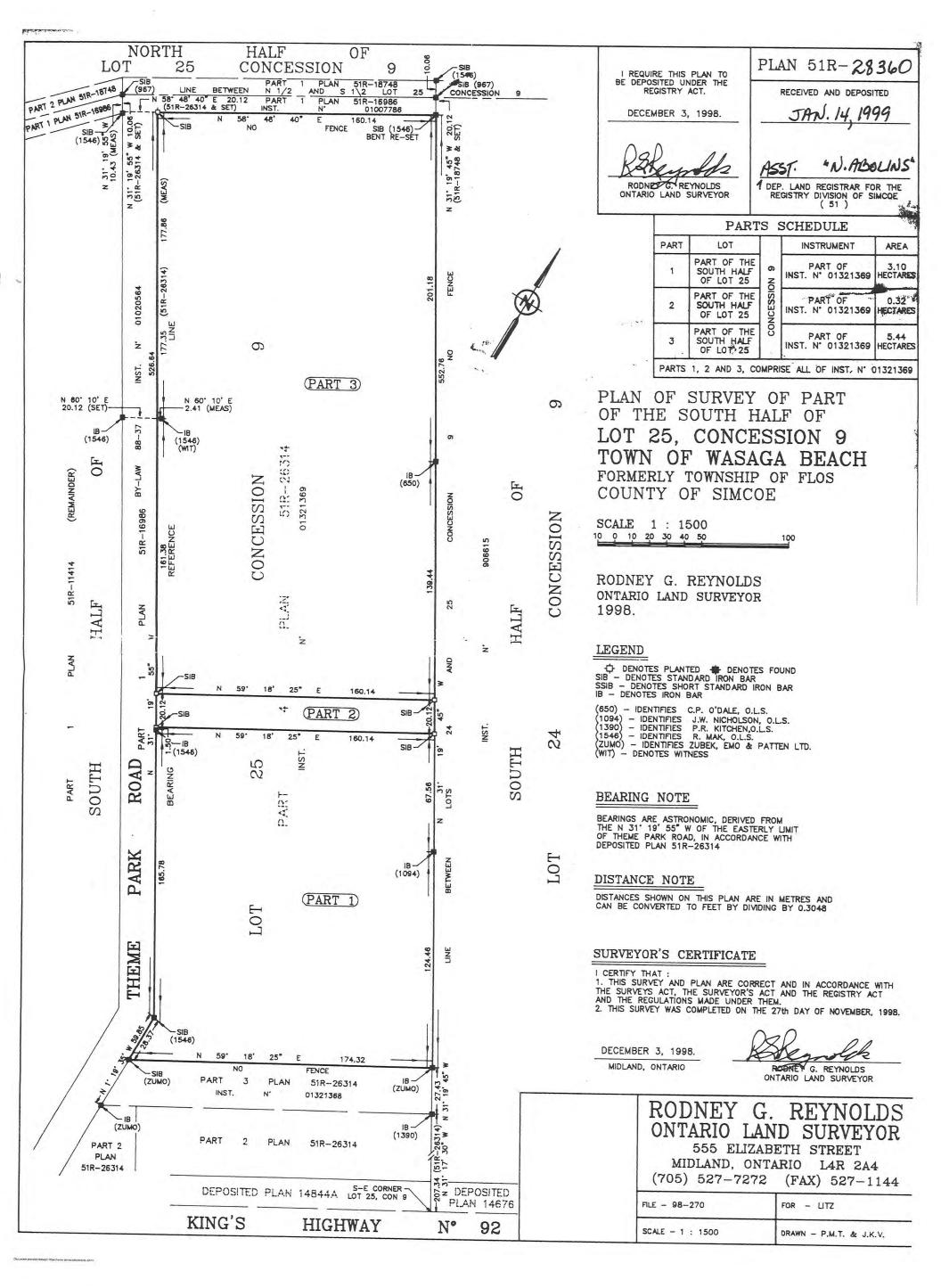
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Appendix A:

Background Information

Legal Survey

Prepared by Rodney G. Reynold, signed January 14, 1999



Scoped Environmental Impact Statement prepared by Beacon Environmental, dated October 2017



GUIDING SOLUTIONS IN THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

Scoped Environmental Impact Statement 91 Theme Park Drive Town of Wasaga Beach

Prepared For:

Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc.

Prepared By:

Beacon Environmental Limited

Date: Project:

October 2017 217126



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Appendices

- A. MNRF Correspondence
- B. List of Plant Species



1. Introduction

Beacon Environmental Limited (Beacon) has been retained by Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc. (the Proponent) to undertake a Scoped Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) regarding the proposed townhouse development of land located at 91 Theme Park Drive in the Town of Wasaga Beach, County of Simcoe (**Figure 1**).

The northern section of the property is regulated pursuant to Ontario Regulation 172/06, and falls within 120 meters of Wasaga Beach Swamp, a Provincially Significant Wetland (PSW).

Background information for the subject property was gathered and reviewed at the outset of the project. This involved existing documentation, including:

- Natural Heritage Information Centre (NHIC) database (2017);
- Digital Ortho-rectified Aerial Photography (County of Simcoe 1989 to 2016); and
- Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF) Ontario Base Mapping (OBM).

Additionally, Beacon contacted the MNRF regarding the potential for Species at Risk (SAR) and their protected habitats on the subject property (**Appendix A**).

2. Methods

An existing natural heritage features assessment of the subject property was undertaken on June 27th, 2017 by Geri Poisson (Terrestrial Ecologist, I.S.A.-Certified Arborist). This involved the assessment of the terrestrial features, as well as Ecological Land Classification and a botanical inventory. Information collected for the characterization of the terrestrial features included the following:

- The location of significant features, both geological and man-made:
- Site drainage to locate any permanent, seasonal or intermittent streams;
- Terrestrial resources including vegetation and wildlife habitat;
- Species at Risk and their habitats, and
- Characterization of the treed areas within the subject property.

3. Policy Review

3.1 Provincial Policy Statement (PPS)

The Province recently released an updated Provincial Policy Statement (2014) under section 3 of the Planning Act, which came into effect on April 30, 2014. The Provincial Policy Statement (2014) is intended to provide policy direction on matters of provincial interest related to land use planning.



Policy 2.1 of the Provincial Policy Statement (2014) provides direction to the regional and local municipalities regarding planning policies for the protection and management of natural heritage features and resources. The 2014 PPS defines eight natural heritage features and provides planning policies for each. The Natural Heritage Reference Manual for Natural Heritage Policies of the Provincial Policy Statement (MNR 2010) is a technical guidance document used to help assess the natural heritage features listed.

Section 2.1 of the 2014 PPS relates to Natural Heritage. The following subsections are provided.

- 2.1.3 Natural heritage systems shall be identified in Ecoregions 6E & 7E, recognizing that natural heritage systems will vary in size and form in settlement areas, rural areas, and prime agricultural areas.
- 2.1.4 Development and site alteration shall not be permitted in;
 - a) significant wetlands in Ecoregions 5E, 6E and 7E; and
 - b) significant coastal wetlands.
- 2.1.5 Development and site alteration shall not be permitted in:
 - a) Significant wetlands north of the Canadian Shield north of Ecoregions 5E, 6E and 7E:
 - b) Significant woodlands in Ecoregions 6E and 7E;
 - c) Significant valleylands in Ecoregions 6E and 7E;
 - d) Significant wildlife habitat
 - e) Significant Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI's); and
 - f) Coastal wetlands in Ecoregions 5E, 6E and 7E that are not subject to policy 2.1.4(b)

unless it has been demonstrated that there will be no negative impacts on the natural features or their ecological functions.

- 2.1.6 Development and site alteration shall not be permitted in fish habitat except in accordance with provincial and federal requirements.
- 2.1.7 Development and site alternation shall not be permitted in habitat of endangered species and threatened species, except in accordance with provincial and federal requirements.
- 2.1.8 Development and site alternation shall not be permitted on adjacent lands to the natural heritage features and areas identified in policies 2.1.4, 2.1.5 and 2.1.6 unless the ecological function of the adjacent lands has been evaluated and it has been demonstrated that there are no negative impacts on the natural features or on their ecological functions.

Each of these features is afforded varying levels of protection subject to guidelines, and in cases, regulations.

Some of these features (i.e., PSW's and ANSI's) are identified by the MNRF, while others are to be identified by the local area municipalities or planning authorities (i.e., significant woodlands, significant valleylands and significant wildlife habitat). Threatened and Endangered species are designated at the





Site Location 91 Theme Park Drive, Wasaga Beach Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc. First Base Solutions Web Mapping Service 2016 UTM Zone 17 N, NAD 83 0 25 50 100 Meters 1:3,400



provincial level, but their habitat is typically identified or verified at the site-specific level. It is expected that even where features have been identified at the provincial, regional or local levels that verification and some level of refinement is required at the site-specific basis.

3.2 Official Plan of the County of Simcoe (2016)

The County of Simcoe's current Official Plan (OP) was approved in December 2016 with fifteen outstanding site specific appeals.

The OP has identified a Greenlands System. The purpose of Greenlands designation is to protect the natural features and functions of the natural heritage system. The Greenlands System is comprised of the following:

- a) Habitat of endangered species and threatened species;
- b) Significant wetlands, significant coastal wetlands, other coastal wetlands, and all wetlands 2.0 ha or larger in area which have been determined to be locally significant, including but not limited to evaluated wetlands:
- c) Significant woodlands;
- d) Significant valleylands;
- e) Significant wildlife habitat;
- f) Significant Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI's);
- g) Regional Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI's);
- h) Fish Habitat;
- i) Linkage areas in accordance with Section 3.3.16; and,
- j) Public lands as defined in the Public Lands Act.

Consistent with the PPS, the County of Simcoe Official Plan policies prohibit development and/or site alteration within Provincially Significant Wetlands and the habitats of threatened or endangered species. The plan generally directs development away from lands designated as Greenlands.

The County's Greenlands System is illustrated on Schedule 5.1 (Land Use Designations). The Greenlands System mapping is rather coarse, but generally corresponds with woodlands, wetlands, and valleylands. In some areas it appears to overlap with farm fields and existing residential development. Section 3.8.11 of the County's Official Plan indicates that the mapping is approximate with minor changes permitted as part of more detailed environmental work.

When development and site alteration is proposed within or adjacent to the local natural heritage system, it can only be supported if it has been determined through an EIS, to the satisfaction of the County, the local municipality, and appropriate agencies, that it will not adversely impact upon the local natural heritage system and associated ecological functions.

The subject property is within the County's designated Settlement Area of Wasaga Beach, as shown in Schedule 5.1. The subject lands are not designated Greenlands. Although there are areas within Wasaga Beach that are designated by Schedule 5.2.3 as Provincial or Regional ANSI's, the subject lands are unaffected by these designations.



3.3 Town of Wasaga Beach Official Plan (Office Consolidation, 2016)

The Town of Wasaga Beach Official Plan was adopted by Council on September 9, 2003. All development approvals within the Town must conform to the policies contained in the Official Plan. These policies are implemented through the Town's *Comprehensive Zoning By-law 2003-60*.

According to Section 13.4.10 of the Official Plan, lands within 120m of a Provincially Significant Wetland (Category 1 Natural Heritage area) shall require an EIS for development applications that demonstrates

"that there are no negative impacts on the natural features or on the ecological functions of the lands under review. The EIS should also determine the extent of the potential impacts (if any), recommend an appropriate buffer area, and propose any necessary mitigation measures to avoid negative impacts.

Section 19.25 of the Town's Official Plan requires that, "Prior to removal of vegetation and/or trees for the purpose of development, a tree identification/preservation plan shall be submitted to the satisfaction of the Town, which should locate and identify the trees in terms of size, species, and health." Where trees are proposed for removal, the Town may require the replacement and replanting of trees to compensate for tree loss.

3.4 Species at Risk

The Ontario *Endangered Species Act (ESA)* came into force in June 2008 and the *Act* is having a significant role in land use activities and planning due to protection of both the species as well as their habitat on all lands (i.e., private and public). Under the new *ESA* there are over 200 species in Ontario that are identified as Extirpated, Endangered, Threatened, or of Special Concern.

The *Act* prohibits the killing or harming of Threatened and Endangered species, as well as the destruction of particular species habitat. There are, however, several transitional provisions that provide extended timelines before the protection of the habitats for certain species comes into force. For Special Concern species the *Act* does not afford protection to the individual or their habitat.

Under the ESA, Habitat is defined as follows

- "Habitat" means:
 - (a) With respect to a species of animal, plant or other organism for which a regulation made under clause 55 (1) (a) is in force, the area prescribed by that regulation as the habitat of the species, or
 - (b) With respect to any other species of animal, plant or other organism, an area on which the species depends, directly or indirectly, to carry on its life processes, including life processes such as reproduction, rearing, hibernation, migration or feeding,

and includes places in the area described in clause (a) or (b), whichever is applicable, that are used by members of the species as dens, nets, hibernacula or other residence; (habitat).



Definition of "habitat", cl. (B)

(2) For greater certainty, clause (b) of the definition of "habitat" in subsection (1) does not include an area where the species formerly occurred or has the potential to be reintroduced unless existing members of the species depend on that area to carry on their life processes. 2007, c. 6, s. 2 (2)

There are two key protection provisions in the ESA:

- Section 9 describes prohibited activities (e.g., kill, harm, harass, possess, collect, buy and sell) for species listed as Extirpated, Endangered or Threatened on the Species at Risk in Ontario (SARO) List.
- Section 10 prohibits the damage or destruction of protected habitat of species listed as Extirpated, Endangered or Threatened on the SARO List.

It is important to note that the owner of the land, as well as the individual or organization carrying out any activities on those lands, are both subject to the enforcement and penalty provisions of the ESA should Sections 9 or 10 of the ESA be contravened.

The MNRF provides a document entitled Categorizing and Protecting Habitat under the *Endangered Species Act* (2012) that outlines the overall approach and considerations that the MNRF uses in determining whether a proposed activity is likely to damage or destroy habitat protected under subsection 10(1) of the *ESA*. For clarity, the following is provided directly from that document:

Not every activity that occurs within or near habitat will damage or destroy that habitat. Determining whether a proposed activity is likely to damage or destroy the habitat of an endangered or threatened species requires the consideration of the activity details, which parts of habitat are likely to be altered by the activity, and how the alteration may affect the species' ability to carry out its life processes.

3.1.1 Damaging Habitat

An activity that damages the habitat of a species is one that alters the habitat in ways that impair the function (usefulness) of the habitat for supporting one or more of the species' life processes.

3.1.2 Destroying Habitat

An activity that destroys the habitat of a species is one that alters the habitat in ways that eliminate the function (usefulness) of the habitat for supporting one or more of the species' life processes.

In some cases, the anticipated alteration that a proposed activity will have on habitat may be so minor that the function of the habitat for supporting the species' life processes will not become impaired or eliminated. In such cases the activity would not contravene subsection 10(1) of the ESA and would not require authorization under the Act with respect to this provision. In other cases, the alteration may be more significant such that the function of the habitat for supporting one or more of the species' life processes may become impaired or eliminated. Such activities would contravene subsection 10(1) of the ESA and would require authorization under the Act prior to proceeding.



It is also important to recognize the lands surrounding a subject property as the Provincial Policy Statement states in Policy 2.1.8:

Development and site alteration shall not be permitted on adjacent lands to the natural heritage features and areas identified in policies 2.1.4, 2.1.5, and 2.1.6 unless the ecological function of the adjacent lands has been evaluated and it has been demonstrated that there will be no negative impacts on the natural features or on their ecological functions.

Determining what constitutes *Adjacent Lands* requires consideration of a number of factors including the type of feature (e.g., Provincially Significant Wetland), the sensitivity of a feature to disturbance (e.g., based on habitat function or ecological community), the ecological attributes that are species-specific, and the scale and type of development being considered.

Under the *ESA*, native species that are in danger of becoming extinct or extirpated from the province are identified as being Extirpated, Endangered, Threatened or Special Concern. These designations are defined as follows:

- Extirpated a species that no longer exists in the wild in Ontario but still occurs elsewhere;
- Endangered a species facing imminent extinction or extirpation in Ontario which is a candidate for regulation under Ontario's *Endangered Species Act*;
- Threatened a species that is at risk of becoming endangered in Ontario if limiting factors are not reversed; and
- Special Concern (formerly Vulnerable) a species with characteristics that make it sensitive to human activities or natural events.

Under the *Act*, protection is provided to Endangered or Threatened species and their habitat, as well as providing stewardship and recovery strategies for species.

Species of Special Concern require management plans from the MNRF but are not directly protected under the *ESA* nor is their Habitat protected under the *ESA*.

3.5 Nottawasaga Valley Conservation Authority

The Nottawasaga Valley Conservation Authority (NVCA) provided the following pre-consultation comments reproduced from their email of February 15th, 2017:

Upon review of the development concept for the subject property, NVCA staff offer the following preliminary comments:

ECOLOGY

1. A scoped Environmental Impact Study [EIS] is required in support of potential development on the property due to the proximity (less than 120 metres) from a Provincially Significant Wetland. (For reference purposes, we have attached a copy of NVCA Mapping showing the PSW's on the adjacent property. Please note that our maps are to be considered conceptual only) Preliminary considerations with regards to scoping include the following:



- i. Assessment of any potential impacts of the proposed development on adjacent Provincially Significant wetland features;
- ii. Recommendations regarding appropriate buffers, mitigation, offsetting and enhancement opportunities that may be required to address potential impacts of the proposed development;
- iii. Screening for the presence or absence of butternut in the remnant forest strips along Theme Park Drive and the southern property boundary should be completed, vegetation communities on or abutting the proposed concept area should be identified. No in-season work will be required unless butternut or other species at risk [SAR] are found;
- iv. Impacts of stormwater management on adjacent wetlands should be considered;
- v. Standard mitigation practices including directional lighting and fencing should be developed and implemented through the planning and construction process.

4. Existing Conditions

The subject property is located at 91 Theme Park Drive in the Town of Wasaga Beach, County of Simcoe The general site context is primarily anthropogenic disturbed areas (ANT) with some vegetation within the western and southwestern edges (**Figure 2**).

4.1 Bedrock and Physical Geology

The subject property lies on a complex of limestone, dolostone, shale, arkose and sandstone (Ontario Geological Survey, 2003). The physiography of the area as described in Chapman & Putman (1984) is the Simcoe Lowlands which consist of a series of steep sided, flat-floored valleys bordered by beaches and bouldery terraces and is floored by sand, silt and clay (Chapman and Putnam, 1984).

The subject property is located in the provincial Ecological Site District 6E-6. This ecodistrict is characterized by a series of sand and till islands bordered by shore cliffs, beaches, dunes, and terraces. The present soils are a result of the advance and retreat of the last continental glaciation of North America (10,000 years ago). The Quaternary deposit encountered on the property and adjacent lands consists primarily of glaciolacustrine deposits described as raised beaches of Post-Nipissing Age (Ontario Geological Survey 2003).

4.2 Vegetation Communities

Vegetation communities were classified using the Ecological Land Classification for Southern Ontario (Lee *et al.* 1998). The communities are illustrated in **Figure 2**, and described below. A botanical inventory is provided in **Appendix B**.



Anthropogenic (ANT)

The majority of the subject property is represented by land with varying levels of human disturbance (**Photograph 1**). Some more active areas consist of exposed sandy soil, while lesser used areas are dominated by non-native herbaceous plant species such as, Kentucky Bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*), Queen Anne's Lace (*Daucus carota*), Red Clover (*Trifolium pretense*), Black Medic (*Medicago lupulina*), Bird's-foot Trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*), and Tufted Vetch (*Vicia cracca*). Along the northern property boundary there is a maintained, low, grassed berm with eight (8) planted Colorado Blue Spruce (*Picea pungens*). There is also a low, earthen berm along the eastern property boundary with some weedy and native species such as Poison Ivy (*Toxicodendron rydbergii*) and an area of invasive Japanese Knotweed (*Polygonum cuspidatum*).

Fresh - Moist Poplar Mixed Forest (FOM8-1)

This community was found along the western portion of the subject property, as well to the east and southeast, beyond the property boundary. It is relatively characteristic of the area, and is generally dominated by a mature canopy of Large-toothed Aspen (*Populus grandidentata*), Northern Red Oak (*Quercus rubra*), Red Maple (*Acer rubrum*) and Eastern White Pine (*Pinus strobus*), with some Green Ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*), White Ash (*F. americana*), Balsam Fir (*Abies balsamea*), Trembling Aspen (*Populus tremuloides*), White Birch (*Betula papyrifera*) and others. The shrub component is moderately dense and consists of Red-osier Dogwood (*Cornus sericea*), Canada Honeysuckle (*Lonicera canadensis*), Wild Grape (*Vitis riparia*), Northern Bush-honeysuckle (*Diervilla lonicera*) and Wild Red Raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*). Ground cover is dense and is mostly Bracken Fern (*Pteridium aqualinum*), Wild Sarsaparilla (*Aralia nudicaulis*) and Poison-ivy, with some Drooping Wood Sedge (*Carex arctata*), Spreading Dogbane (*Apocynum androsaemifolium*), Canada Mayflower (*Maianthemum canadense*) and Field Horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*).

White Cedar - Hardwood Mineral Mixed Swamp (SWM1-1)

This forested wetland community type is found in the troughs between low sandy ridges beyond the property boundary to the east of the subject property. It is characterized by seasonal shallow flooding and supports a tree canopy of Red Maple, Black Ash (*Fraxinus nigra*), Eastern White Cedar (*Thuja occidentalis*) and Balsam Fir (**Photograph 3**). Trees comprising this community include White Pine (*Pinus strobus*), Largetooth Aspen (*Populus grandidentata*), Red Oak, White Oak (*Quercus alba*), Quaking Aspen (*Populus tremloides*) and White Ash (*Fraxinus americana*).

Existing Conditions

Figure 2

91 Theme Park Drive, Wasaga Beach Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc.

Legend

Subject Property

ELC Communities

ELC Code	Description
ANT	Anthropogenic
FOM8-1	Fresh-Moist Poplar Mixed Forest
Н	Hedgerow
C\A/N/1 1	White Coder Hardwood Mineral Mixed Swamp

NOTE: The subject property delineation was digitized from file information. This drawing is for illustration purposes only and must not be used in place of surveyed information.

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Project 217126 October 2017





Photograph 1. Anthropogenic Area Occupying Majority of Property (June 27, 2017)



Photograph 2. Fresh – Moist Poplar Mixed Forest in Western Portion of Property (June 27, 2017)





Photograph 3. View of White Cedar – Hardwood Mineral Mixed Swamp Located Beyond the Eastern Property Boundary (June 27, 2017)

4.3 Flora

A total of sixty-four plant species were observed on the subject property with a little more than a quarter (28%) being non-native plant species (**Appendix B**). This percentage of non-native plant species is common in disturbed areas that are also surrounded by development. There were no floral Species-at-Risk on the subject property. All of the native plant species were ranked provincially as S5 (Secure) with the exception of Clammy Ground Cherry (*Physalis heterophylla*) that is listed as S4 or "Apparently Secure; Uncommon but not rare". None of the plant species found within or adjacent to the subject property are listed as rare or uncommon in Simcoe County by Riley (1989). None of the plant species are globally (G5) or provincially rare (S1, S2 or S3) as per the NHIC database or subject to the *Endangered Species Act*.

4.4 Significant Wildlife Habitat

None of the vegetation communities or potential habitats found within or adjacent to the subject property is considered significant wildlife habitat.

The MNRF Guelph District has developed a bat survey protocol for determining the absence or presence of endangered species of bats that most other MNRF Districts are employing. This survey protocol requires that works be conducted by undertaking three Steps as follows:

- 1. Conduct ELC mapping to locate Upland and Swamp forest communities;
- 2. Conduct bat maternity snag surveys for each forest community on the property:



3. Based on the results of the snag survey, conduct bat sonar acoustic monitoring for forest areas that support bat maternity snags.

The FOM8-1 vegetation community is a candidate maternity roost ELC area that was assessed for the presence of snag trees. The ELC community was surveyed for snag trees and consisted of one Red Maple with a DBH of 21 cm and a single shallow cavity, and several immature trees (<20 cm DBH) that are dead or in poor condition, but with no cavities.

5. Analysis and Recommendations

Beacon understands that the intent is to develop the entire subject property with retirement residential similar to neighbouring properties. The proposed development plan for the subject property is detailed in **Figure 3**.

As noted above, the PPS contains policies related to the protection of natural heritage features and functions, as well as natural hazards. The subject property does not contain any significant wetlands, significant coastal wetlands, significant woodlands, or significant valley lands. Significant features are however immediately adjacent to the subject property, and are addressed below. The PPS policies regarding Threatened and Endangered species are also addressed below in Section 5.3.

The existing forest community and sandy soils on the subject property are typical of the region. The subject property itself does not contain any of the features included in Category 1 lands of the Town's Natural Heritage System as listed in Section 13.2.2 and shown in *Schedule D* in the Town of Wasaga Beach Official Plan. Also, no watercourses, ephemeral, intermittent or permanent were found on the property during field investigations. A portion of the subject property is categorized as Category 2 as described in Section 13.2.3 of the Town's OP in so far as it is within 120m of a PSW natural heritage feature.

5.1 Wasaga Beach Provincially Significant Wetland (WB1)

The subject property is located southeast and southwest of and within 120 m of a portion of the Wasaga Beach PSW (WB1). This wetland is a mixed swamp separated from the subject property by upland forest and, in the case of the portion of the PSW to the northwest, a paved road intersection. None of the subject property is within the PSW boundary. No watercourses were found on the property during field investigations which would connect potential runoff from the subject property to the Wasaga Beach PSW. Additionally, the distance (~65m) from the subject property to the PSW to the northwest with the intervening paved intersection of Theme Park Drive and Wally Drive, further reduces the likelihood of any negative impacts to the PSW.

The relatively flat, level topographical position of the subject property and deep sandy soils means there is low likelihood of runoff during construction activities. Prior to, and during the period of land clearing and construction, **Beacon recommends** that:

 Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) works, in the form of silt fencing and straw bales, be implemented along the entire property;



- Straw bales and silt fence should be stock piled on site to be prepared for potential breaches in the silt and erosion control works; and
- These works are to be maintained in good working order until the exposed soils have been greened up.

It is assumed that the roadside ditch that runs the length of Theme Park Drive that is adjacent to the PSW to the northwest will intercept any unlikely potential breaches that would flow across the roadway and reduce the likelihood of impact on the natural system.

5.2 Other Wetlands and Natural Areas

The subject property is adjacent to, on the east boundary, a natural forest with intervening wetland depressions. Currently, there is an earthen berm along the eastern property boundary that currently is preventing any overland stormwater flows from entering the adjacent wetlands. **Beacon recommends** that:

- should the existing earthen berm be removed, erosion and sedimentation control measures recommended in Section 5.1 be applied to prevent overland runoff into the wetlands during construction;
- residential design features that include outdoor lighting be kept away from the forest edge and/or directional lighting fixtures be used avoid impacts to the forested area and wetlands off property;
- solid fencing be used along the eastern property boundary to avoid impacts to the adjacent natural area such as light, noise, dust, pets and dumping of residential garden waste.

5.3 Species at Risk Habitat

While no specific records for Species at Risk occurring on the property, records exist in the general vicinity for following species:

- Eastern Hog-nosed Snake (Heterodon platirhinos) Threatened,
- Snapping Turtle (Chelydra serpentina) Special Concern,
- Eastern Map Turtle (Graptemys geographica) Special Concern,
- Bobolink (*Dolichonyx oryzivorus*) Threatened,
- Eastern Meadowlark (*Sturnella magna*) Threatened,
- Barn Swallow (Hirundo rustica) Threatened
- Little Brown Myotis (Myotis lucifungus) Endangered,
- Northern Myotis (Myotis septentrionalis) Endangered,
- Tri-coloured Bat (Perimyotis subflavus) Endangered, and
- Butternut (Juglans cinerea) Endangered.

Given the nature of this assessment, as well as the type and scale of development being considered, a screening of potentially suitable habitat was completed for each SAR species. This includes a review of the habitats and current status of each species and whether general habitat or regulated habitat protection applies under Section 10 of the provincial *ESA*.

The following is an analysis of the potential for these species to occur on the subject property.

Proposed Development

Figure 3

91 Theme Park Drive, Wasaga Beach Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc.

Legend

Subject Property

Proposed Development

NOTE: The subject property delineation was digitized from file information. This drawing is for illustration purposes only and must not be used in place of surveyed information.

UTM Zone 17 N, NAD 83

First Base Solutions Web Mapping Service 2016

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Project 217126 October 2017

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Bats

As a result of a fungal infection known as White Nose Syndrome (WNS), many of Ontario's bat species have been emergency listed as Species at Risk. In order to prevent damage to these protected species, measures can be taken to avoid damaging individuals during the active season. The following species may be present on the subject property: Little Brown Myotis (*Myotis lucifungus*), Northern Myotis (*Myotis septentrionalis*) and Tri-coloured Bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*).

The general habitat used for both roosting and hibernation includes forests, cavity trees, dead and dying trees, buildings, caves and abandoned mines. In Ontario, these species are classified as *Endangered*.

Habitat quality was assessed following the MNRF defined criteria for best candidate roost trees and it was determined by the absence of significant habitat that species at risk bat habitat is not present on the subject property. Beacon is of the opinion that the proposed development will not have a negative impact on the Little Brown Myotis, the Northern Myotis, nor the Tri-coloured Bat species.

Reptiles

Eastern Hog-nosed Snake (Heterodon platirhinos)

This species prefer sandy, well-drained habitats such as beaches and dry forests where they can lay their eggs and hibernate. The subject property contains open sandy areas, however, a search of the site did not reveal any evidence of burrows or hibernacula. In addition, the site appears to experience regular disturbances via storage of equipment, recreational vehicles and topsoil storage and transfers. Considering the ongoing anthropogenic disturbances, it is highly unlikely that the subject property is being utilized by this species. **Beacon is of the opinion that the proposed development will not have a negative impact on the Eastern Hog-nosed Snake.**

Snapping Turtle (*Clemmys guttata*)

The Snapping Turtle prefers open water lakes, ponds, swamps and marshes with slow moving water and plenty of cover. This species is classified as Special Concern in Ontario.

No suitable habitat was found within or adjacent to the subject property. **Beacon is of the opinion that the proposed development will not have a negative impact on the Snapping Turtle**.

Northern Map Turtle (*Graptemys geographica*)

Northern Map Turtles prefers lakeshores and rivers with slow moving water and plenty of basking logs and rocks. This species is classified as Special Concern in Ontario.

No suitable habitat was found within or adjacent to the subject property. **Beacon is of the opinion that** the proposed development will not have a negative impact on the Northern Map Turtle.

While Section 10 of the *ESA* does not provide habitat protection for Special Concern species, efforts should be made to avoiding impacts to individuals of this species, if they in fact make use of the subject property. It should be noted that no individuals were identified during the field investigation. The above mentioned ESC fencing should aid in preventing any turtles that may be disbursing or traveling between suitable habitats from accessing the site during construction activities.



Birds

Bobolink Dolichonyx oryzivorus) and Eastern Meadowlark (Sturnella magna)

These two species live in tallgrass prairies, grasslands and hayfields and build their nests in dense grasses. The subject property supports a small area of sparse, short grass with areas of exposed mineral soil. Considering the small size and lack of dense grass or herbaceous cover, it is highly unlikely that either of these two species is present on the subject property. **Beacon is of the opinion that the proposed development will not have a negative impact on Bobolink or Eastern Meadowlark**.

Barn Swallow (Hirundo rustica)

This species is often nests in human-made structures such as open barns, under bridges and in culverts where they build their cup-shaped mud nests on covered ledges. The subject property contains a number of camper trailers, a portable office and one small brick building. These structures were inspected and no nests were found, nor was any suitable nesting structures found. Beacon is of the opinion that the proposed development and removal of existing structures will not have a negative impact on Barn Swallow.

Butternut (Juglans cinerea)

Butternut is a tree that is shade intolerant, and prefers moist, well drained soils in deciduous or mixed forests. In Ontario, this species is designated as Endangered and protected under the *ESA*.

During field investigations, a search was conducted for Butternut trees. No individuals of this species were found within the subject property nor within 50 m of the subject property.

5.4 Species of Conservation Concern

A search of the MNRF's Natural Heritage Information Centre indicated that, in addition to the species mentioned above, five (5) records of species of conservation concern were recorded and are shown in **Table 1** below.

Scientific Name Common Name Date of Record Status Eleocharis 1978-07-15 Beaked Spikerush S3 rostellata Schweinitz's Sedge Carex schweinitzii S3 n/d Houghton's Cyperus houghtonii S3 1973-08-20 Flatsedge Woodland Pterospora S2 1948-07-28 **Pinedrops** andromedea Prairie Warbler Setophaga discolor S3B, NAR 1948-08-01 Rainbow Smelt Osmerus mordax 2001-07-20 S5

Table 1. MNRF Records of Species of Conservation Concern

Beaked Spikerush and Schweinitz's Sedge are found in wetlands and often form extensive stands. Neither of these species were found within or adjacent to the subject property.



Houghton's Flatsedge is found along stream banks, lakeshores and sandy openings in woods. This species was not found within or adjacent to the subject property.

Woodland Pinedrops is a plant that grows symbiotically with soil fungi and tree roots and is usually associated with coniferous trees. This species was not observed within or adjacent to the subject property.

Prairie Warbler is found in shrubby habitats, open fields and young forests. This species was not observed on or near the subject property, nor was it recorded in the most recent Breeding Bird Atlas.

Rainbow Smelt is a species of fish. This species will not be impacted by the proposed development, as there is no watercourse or water body on, or adjacent to the subject property.

5.5 Tree Preservation Plan

The majority of the subject property is disturbed with treed areas found only in a narrow strip along the western edge and southwestern corner (**Figure 2**). These areas are remnant forest that are classified as Fresh – Moist Poplar Mixed Forest (FOM8-1) and described above. The trees in these areas average approximately 20 cm dbh (diameter at breast height). The tree sizes range from seedlings up to an Eastern White Pine measuring approximately 60 cm dbh, but most trees only range up approximately 30 cm dbh. A moderate number trees, mostly Trembling Aspen, are in poor condition, exhibiting branch die-back and pose a risk of branch or whole tree failure. Some of the hazardous trees have recently been removed, as evidenced by machine tracks and cut stumps in the central portion of the strip of forest.

The proposed development plan would require the removal of all the treed areas within the property boundaries. This would result in the removal of approximately 0.506 ha of treed area.

The treed areas outside of the property boundaries along south and east boundaries shall be preserved and protected from damage. Tree protection fencing shall be installed along the perimeter of the property and at least 3 meters from the base of any tree to provide a root preservation zone. The main cause of construction damage to trees is from compaction of the soil around the roots. Equipment movement, or placement of excessive amounts of fill over the roots compresses the air pockets in the soil which reduces the tree's ability to absorb nutrients and water and harms the tree's health. Equipment use within the root preservation zones should be restricted to ensure that the tree's roots are not disturbed. Where the location of the ESC fencing and the Tree Protection Fencing coincide, the ESC fencing may be used as Tree Protection fencing. In addition to the root preservation zone, **Beacon recommends the following measures to protect trees during construction:**

1. Upon receiving the necessary approvals and prior to the commencement of tree removals, all areas designated for tree preservation must be flagged in the field. Birds, their nests and young are protected by various *Acts* and are generally protected at any time that they are found. For example, the federal *Migratory Birds Convention Act* protects the nests, eggs and young of most bird species from harassment, harm or destruction. The breeding bird season in southern Ontario is generally from mid-April to late-July; hence the clearing of vegetation should be outside of these dates. For any proposed clearing of vegetation within these dates, or where birds are suspected of nesting outside of typical dates, an ecologist should



undertake detailed nest searches immediately prior (within two days) to site alteration to ensure that no active nests are present. However, it is important to note that as many bird nests are difficult or impossible to locate (e.g., cavity nesters, conifer and grassland nesters) this is often not feasible and the presence of territorial birds during the breeding season would then be taken to indicate that nests are actually present.

- 2. Upon completion of the tree removals, all felled trees are to be removed from the site, and all brush chipped and either used on site, or removed. An exception to this is ash trees. The site is within the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) regulated areas for Emerald Ash Borer (EAB). Before removal from the site, disposal of any material from Ash in this situation can be confirmed with the CFIA.
- 3. Where the location of the ESC fencing and the Tree Protection Fencing coincide, the ESC fencing may be used as Tree Protection fencing.
- 4. Areas within Tree Protection Fencing of the trees designated for preservation are not to be used for any type of storage.
- 5. Trees shall not have any rigging cables or hardware of any sort attached or wrapped around them, nor shall any contaminants be dumped within the protective areas or flushed where they may come into contact with the feeder roots of the trees.
- 6. In the event that it is necessary to remove additional limbs or portions of trees, after construction has commenced, to accommodate construction, the Consulting Arborist or project administrator is to be informed and the removal is to be executed carefully and in full accordance with arboricultural techniques, by a certified Arborist.
- 7. During excavation operations in which roots are affected, the Contractor is to prune all exposed roots cleanly with a sharp blade. Pruned root ends shall point obliquely downwards. The exposed roots should not be allowed to dry out and should be cover immediately with clean, native soil or mulch. The Contractor shall discuss watering of the roots with the Owner and Contract Administrator prior to pruning to ensure that optimum soil moisture is maintained during construction and backfilling operations. Backfilling must be completed with clean, uncontaminated native topsoil. Directional drilling is recommended for installing infrastructure servicing within Tree Protection Zones.

Disclaimer

The assessment of the trees presented within this report has been prepared using accepted arboricultural techniques. These include a visual examination of the above-ground parts of each tree. The trees examined were not dissected, cored, probed, or climbed, and detailed root crown examinations involving excavation were not undertaken.

As trees are living organisms and their health is constantly changing, no guarantees are offered or implied, that these trees or any part of them will remain standing. A standing tree will always pose some risk, and a tree's behaviour cannot be predicted in all situations. All trees have the potential for failure, which can be eliminated only if the tree is removed.



The assessment presented in this report is valid at the time of inspection and it is recommended that the trees are re-assessed on a regular basis.

6. Conclusion

Beacon was retained to undertake a Scoped Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) regarding the proposed townhouse development of a lot located at 91 Theme Park Drive in the Town of Wasaga Beach, County of Simcoe (**Figure 3**).

As a result of the existing condition analysis, we have determined that no sensitive features exist on the subject property that would require site specific recommendations, and appropriate conditions exist to permit this proposed development.

The Nottawasaga Conservation Authority was involved in the pre-consultation and provided comments and recommendations for components of an assessment for the property. This Scoped EIS fulfills those requirements listed in Section 3.5 above.

Since construction is adjacent to wetlands to the east, measures should be used to ensure that sediment-laden runoff to these features is prevented. During the period of land clearing and construction for the proposed development, **Beacon recommends** that:

- Prior to the native soil being disturbed and exposed, sedimentation and erosion control
 works, in the form of silt fencing and straw bales, should be implemented along the perimeter
 of the development area.
- To avoid construction impacts to tree roots, tree protection fencing should be installed at least 3 m from the base of trees on adjacent properties. Silt fencing may be used as tree protection fencing.
- Any silt fence should be constructed of heavy material and solid posts to ensure its integrity, and should be properly trenched in to maintain its integrity during weather events.
- Straw bales should be stock piled on site to be prepared for potential breaches in the silt and erosion control works; and
- These works must be maintained in good working order until any exposed soils have been greened up.

To ensure compliance under the ESA, Beacon recommends:

 Avoid tree removal during the breeding bird season to avoid damage to individuals or nests of Species at Risk birds.

This information is a key component to the feasibility of future construction and for compliance under the *Endangered Species Act*.



Report prepared by: **Beacon Environmental**

Report reviewed by: **Beacon Environmental**

Geri Poisson, B.A. (Hon), CAN-CISEC Terrestrial Ecologist, ISA Certified Arborist ON-1288A Jamie Nairn, M.Sc., P.Ag. Senior Ecologist



7. References

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Appendix A

MNRF Correspondence

Geri Poisson

From: Eplett, Megan (MNRF) <Megan.Eplett@ontario.ca>

Sent: Wednesday, August 23, 2017 3:38 PM

To: Geri Poisson

Subject: RE: Information Request

Follow Up Flag: Follow Up

Due By: Wednesday, August 23, 2017 8:05 PM

Flag Status: Flagged

Hello Geri.

Please find below natural heritage information for 91 Theme Park Drive, Wasaga Beach.

- Barn Swallow should be considered if any suitable nesting structures exist on site and are proposed to be removed
- It is difficult to interpret from the air photo but should appropriate habitat exist on site for Bobolink and Eastern Meadowlark then these species should be included in your site assessment.
- As the development plan proposing tree removal, site assessment should be carried out to confirm
 whether any Butternut or species at risk bats (Little Brown Bat, Northern Bat, and Tri-coloured Bat) are
 present on site
- The restricted record is Eastern hog-nosed snake. There is the potential for this species to be present
 on site and therefore should be considering during your field investigations. Please ensure any reports
 that will be circulated widely do no list the species name and/or location as this is considered a
 sensitive species.

Please note the above list of species is not exhaustive. As a result, although there may be no record (or confirmation) of a species at risk on site it does not mean that they are not present if appropriate habitat exists. Due diligence is therefore still required and would include an appropriate consideration of what species could be present based on available habitat at this location as noted above.

This request information falls to me however in the future information requests can be send to midhurstinfo@ontario.ca and it will be designated to the appropriate staff member.

Thanks,

Megan

Megan Eplett

A/ Management Biologist | Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry | Midhurst District 2284 Nursery Road, Midhurst, Ontario, L9X 1N8 | ☎ (705) 725-7513 | ₺ megan.eplett@ontario.ca

From: Geri Poisson [mailto:gpoisson@beaconenviro.com]

Sent: August-16-17 2:07 PM To: Eplett, Megan (MNRF) Subject: Information Request

Hello Megan,

I would like to make an information request to screen a property for any SAR or other Natural Heritage features or species of concern. The attached figure shows the location (91 Theme Park Drive, Wasaga Beach).

The development plan contemplates removal of all the remaining vegetated areas within the property boundaries. We are aware of the PSW located to the northwest, and the other evaluated wetlands east of the property. Additionally, I conducted a query on the MNRF Make-a-map website which indicated a number of historical element occurrences and one that is listed only as RESTRICTED SPECIES (EO #13155). More info on this would be appreciated.

Please let me know if you require any additional information or if I should be contacting someone else in your office.

Thank you,

Geri Poisson, B.A. (Hon) / ISA Certified Arborist, CAN-CISEC Terrestrial Ecologist

BEACON ENVIRONMENTAL

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Appendix B

List of Plant Species Noted During Field Investigations



Appendix B

List of Plant Species Noted During Field Investigations

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Coeficient Conservatism	Wetness Index	Origin	COSEWIC	COSSARO	S-RANK	Simcoe County (Riley 1989)
· ·					N	COSEWIC	COSSARO	+	(Kiley 1969)
Aceraceae	Acer negundo	Manitoba Maple	0	-2	-			S5	
Aceraceae	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	4		N			S5	
Aceraceae	Acer saccharinum	Silver Maple	5	-3	N			S5	
Anacardiaceae	Rhus hirta	Staghorn Sumac	1	5	N			S5	
Anacardiaceae	Toxicodendron rydbergii	Western Poison Ivy	0	0	N			S5	
Apiaceae	Daucus carota	Queen Anne's Lace	0	5	1			SNA	
Apocynaceae	Apocynum androsaemifolium ssp. androsaemifolium	Spreading Dogbane	3	5	N			S5	
Araliaceae	Aralia nudicaulis	Wild Sarsaparilla	4	3	N			S5	
Asteraceae	Achillea millefolium var. millefolium	Common Yarrow	0	3				SNA	
Asteraceae	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	Annual Ragweed	0	3	N			S5	
Asteraceae	Lactuca sp.	Lettuce Species	0	0					
Asteraceae	Leucanthemum vulgare	Oxeye Daisy	0	5	I			SNA	
Asteraceae	Symphyotrichum novae-angliae	New England Aster	2	-3	N			S5	
Asteraceae	Taraxacum officinale	Common Dandelion	0	3	1			SNA	
Betulaceae	Betula alleghaniensis	Yellow Birch	6	0	N			S5	
Betulaceae	Betula papyrifera	Paper Birch	2	2	N			S5	
Boraginaceae	Echium vulgare	Common Viper's-bugloss	0	5	1			SNA	
Caprifoliaceae	Diervilla Ionicera	Northern Bush-honeysuckle	5	5	N			S5	
Caprifoliaceae	Lonicera canadensis	American Fly-honeysuckle	6	3	N			S5	
Caprifoliaceae	Sambucus racemosa var. racemosa	Red-berried Elder	5	2	N			S5	
Cornaceae	Cornus sericea ssp. sericea	Red-osier Dogwood	2	-3	N			S5	
Cupressaceae	Thuja occidentalis	Northern White Cedar	4	-3	N			S5	
Cyperaceae	Carex arctata	Black Sedge	5	5	N			S5	
Cyperaceae	Carex pensylvanica	Pennsylvania Sedge	5	5	N			S5	
Dennstaedtiaceae	Pteridium aquilinum var. latiusculum	Bracken Fern	2	3	N			S5	
Dryopteridaceae	Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive Fern	4	-3	N			S5	
Equisetaceae	Equisetum arvense	Field Horsetail	0	0	N			S5	
Fabaceae	Lotus corniculatus	Bird's-foot Trefoil	0	1	11			SNA	
Fabaceae	Medicago lupulina	Black Medic	0	1	li			SNA	
Fabaceae	Melilotus alba	White Sweet Clover	0	3	1i			SNA	
Fabaceae	Robinia pseudo-acacia	Black Locust	0	4	†i			SNA	
Fabaceae	Trifolium pratense	Red Clover	0	2	†i			SNA	
Fabaceae	Trifolium repens	White Clover	0	2	li i			SNA	
Fabaceae	Vicia cracca	Tufted Vetch	0	5	i i			SNA	
Fagaceae	Fagus grandifolia	American Beech	6	3	N			S5	
Fagaceae	Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	6	3	N			S5	
Geraniaceae	Geranium robertianum	Herb-robert	0	5	IN I			SNA	
	Maianthemum canadense			0	N				
Liliaceae		Wild-lily-of-the-valley	5		_			S5	
Liliaceae	Maianthemum racemosum ssp. racemosum	False Solomon's Seal	4	3	N			S5	
Oleaceae	Fraxinus americana	White Ash	4	3	N			S5	



			Coeficient	Wetness					Simcoe County
Family Name	Scientific Name Comm	mon Name	Conservatism	Index	Origin	COSEWIC	COSSARO	S-RANK	(Riley 1989)
Oleaceae	Fraxinus nigra Black	Ash	7	-4	N			S5	
Oleaceae	Fraxinus pennsylvanica Green	n Ash	3	-3	N			S5	
Orchidaceae	Epipactis helleborine Easter	ern Helleborine	0	5	1			SNA	
Pinaceae	Abies balsamea Balsar	am Fir	5	-3	N			S5	
Pinaceae	Picea glauca White	Spruce	6	3	N			S5	
Pinaceae	Picea pungens Colora	ado Spruce	0		1			SNA	
Pinaceae	Pinus strobus Easter	ern White Pine	4	3	N			S5	
Pinaceae	Tsuga canadensis Easter	ern Hemlock	7	3	N			S5	
Plantaginaceae	Plantago lanceolata Englis	sh Plantain	0	0	1			SNA	
Plantaginaceae	Plantago major Nipple	e-seed Plantain	0	-1	1			SNA	
Poaceae	Oryzopsis asperifolia White-	e-grained Mountain Ricegrass	6	5	N			S5	
Poaceae	Poa compressa Canac	da Bluegrass	0	2	N			S5	
Poaceae	Poa pratensis ssp. pratensis Kentud	ucky Bluegrass	0	1	N			S5	
Polygonaceae	Polygonum cuspidatum Japan	nese Knotweed	0	3	1			SNA	
Ranunculaceae	Anemone canadensis Canad	da Anemone	3	-3	N			S5	
Rosaceae	Fragaria virginiana Wild S	Stawberry	2	1	N			S5	
Rosaceae	Rubus allegheniensis Allegh	heny Blackberry	2	2	N			S5	
Rosaceae	Rubus idaeus ssp. strigosus Wild R	Red Raspberry	0	-2	N			S5	
Salicaceae	Populus balsamifera ssp. balsamifera Balsar	am Poplar	4	-3	N			S5	
Salicaceae	Populus grandidentata Large-	e-tooth Aspen	5	3	N			S5	
Salicaceae	Populus tremuloides Quakin	ing Aspen	2	0	N			S5	
Solanaceae	Physalis heterophylla Clamn	my Ground-cherry	3	5	N			S4	
Ulmaceae	Ulmus americana Americ	rican Elm	3	-2	N			S5	
Vitaceae	Vitis riparia Riverb	bank Grape	0	-2	N			S5	



Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment prepared by Bluestone Research Inc., dated June 2017

Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment of the Parkbridge Wasaga Country Life, in part of Lot 29, Concession 9, Formerly Flos Township, now Springwater Township, Simcoe County, Ontario

Submitted to

Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc. 85 Theme Park Drive

Wasaga Beach, ON, L9Z 1X7

and

The Ontario Ministry of Tourism, Culture, and Sport

Prepared by

Bluestone Research Inc.

Report Type: Original
Archaeological License Number P344, Derek Lincoln, MA, RPA
PIF P344-0148-2017

June 2017

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Executive Summary

Bluestone Research Inc. (Bluestone) was retained by Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities (Parkbridge) to complete a Stage 1-2 archaeological assessment to meet the requirements of the *Planning Act* (Government of Ontario 2014). The assessment was undertaken in advance of a Draft Plan approval for their Wasaga Country Life project located in part of Lot 19, Concession 9, in Springwater Township, Simcoe County, Ontario.

This assessment was triggered by the Provincial Policy Statement that is informed by the *Planning Act* (Government of Ontario 1990a), which states that decisions affecting planning matters must be consistent with the policies outlined in the larger *Ontario Heritage Act* (1990b). According to Section 2.6.2 of the PPS, "development and site alteration shall not be permitted on lands containing archaeological resources or areas of archaeological potential unless significant archaeological resources have been conserved."

In accordance with Section 1.3.1 of the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport's (MTCS) 2011 *Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists* (Government of Ontario 2011), the Stage 1 archaeological assessment of the Parkbridge Wasaga Country Life Project has determined that the study area exhibits high potential for the identification and recovery of archaeological resources and a Stage 2 archaeological assessment is recommended.

The Stage 2 assessment was conducted on May 30th, 2017 under archaeological consulting license P344 issued to Derek Lincoln, MA, of Bluestone by the MTCS. No archaeological resources were identified during the Stage 2 archaeological assessment of the study area, and as such **no further archaeological assessment of the property is recommended.**

The MTCS is asked to review the results presented and accept this report into the Ontario Public Register of Archaeological Reports.



Project Personnel

Licensed Archaeologist: Derek Lincoln, MA (P344)

Project Manager: Derek Lincoln, MA (P344)

Licensed Field Director: Derek Lincoln, MA (P344)

Field Technicians: Eric Kovacs, Andy Chillman

GIS Specialist: Emma Kerr, University of Toronto

Report Writer: Derek Lincoln, MA (P344)

Acknowledgements

Proponent Contact: Julie Pavao, Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities



Project Context June, 2017

1.0 PROJECT CONTEXT

1.1 DEVELOPMENT CONTEXT

Bluestone Research Inc. (Bluestone) was retained by Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities (Parkbridge) to complete a Stage 1-2 archaeological assessment to meet the requirements of the *Planning Act* (Government of Ontario 2014). The assessment was undertaken in advance of a Draft Plan approval for their Wasaga Country Life project located in part of Lot 19, Concession 9, in Springwater Township, Simcoe County, Ontario.

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Permission to enter the study area and document archaeological resources was provided by Julie Pavao of Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities.

1.1.1 Objectives

In compliance with the provincial standards and guidelines set out in the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport's (MTCS) 2011 *Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists* (Government of Ontario 2011), the objectives of the Stage 1 Archaeological Overview/Background Study are as follows:

- To provide information about the study area's geography, history, previous archaeological fieldwork, and current land conditions;
- To evaluate in detail the study area's archaeological potential which will support recommendations for Stage 2 survey for all or parts of the property; and
- To recommend appropriate strategies for Stage 2 survey.

To meet these objectives Bluestone archaeologists employed the following research strategies:

- A review of relevant archaeological, historic and environmental literature pertaining to the study area;
- A review of the land use history, including pertinent historic maps;
- An examination of the Ontario Archaeological Sites Database (ASDB) to determine the presence of known archaeological sites in and around the project area.



Project Context June, 2017

The objective of the Stage 2 assessment was to provide an overview of archaeological resources on the property and to determine whether any of the resources might be archaeological sites with cultural heritage value or interest and to provide specific direction for the protection, management and/or recovery of these resources. In compliance with the provincial standards and guidelines set out in the MTCS' 2011 Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists (Government of Ontario 2011), the objectives of the Stage 2 Property Assessment are as follows:

- To document all archaeological resources within the study area:
- To determine whether the study area contains archaeological resources requiring further assessment; and
- To recommend appropriate Stage 3 assessment strategies for archaeological sites identified.

1.2 HISTORICAL CONTEXT

The study area consists of approximately 2.8 hectares of woodlot, construction yard, and meadow off Theme Park Drive in part of Lot 19, Concession 9, in Springwater Township, Simcoe County, Ontario.

1.2.1 Pre and early Post-contact Aboriginal Resources

Our knowledge of past First Peoples settlement and land use in the Georgian Bay area is incomplete. Nonetheless, using province-wide (MCCR 1997) and region-specific archaeological data, a generalized cultural chronology for native settlement in the area can be proposed. The following paragraphs provide a basic textual summary of the known general cultural trends and a tabular summary appears in Table 1.

The Paleoindian Period

The first human populations to inhabit Ontario came to the region between 12,000 and 10,000 years ago, coincident with the end of the last period of glaciation. Climate and environmental conditions were significantly different then they are today; local environs would not have been welcoming to anything but short-term settlement. Termed Paleoindians by archaeologists, Ontario first peoples would have crossed the landscape in small groups (i.e., bands or family units) searching for food, particularly migratory game species. In the area, caribou may have provided the staple of the Paleoindian diet, supplemented by wild plants, small game, birds and fish. Given the low density of populations on the landscape at this time and their mobile nature, Paleoindian sites are small and ephemeral. They are usually identified by the presence of fluted projectile points and other finely made stone tools.

Table 1: Cultural Chronology for Native Settlement within the Georgian Bay area

	Period Time Range (circa)		Diagnostic Features	Complexes	
Paleoindian	Early		9000 – 8400 B.C.	fluted projectile points	Gainey, Barnes, Crowfield
	Late		8400 – 8000	non-fluted and lanceolate points	Holcombe, Hi-Lo, Lanceolate



STAGE 1-2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE PARKBRIDGE WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE PROJECT

Project Context June, 2017

			B.C.		
Archaic	Early		8000 – 6000 B.C.	serrated, notched, bifurcate base points	Nettling, Bifurcate Base Horizon
	Middle		6000 – 2500 B.C.	stemmed, side & corner notched points	Brewerton, Otter Creek, Stanly/Neville
	Late		2000 – 1800 B.C.	narrow points	Lamoka
			1800 – 1500 B.C.	broad points	Genesee, Adder Orchard, Perkiomen
			1500 – 1100 B.C.	small points	Crawford Knoll
	Terminal		1100 – 850 B.C.	first true cemeteries	Hind
Woodland	Early		800 – 400 B.C.	expanding stemmed points, Vinette pottery	Meadowood
	Middle		400 B.C. – A.D. 600	thick coiled pottery, notched rims; cord marked	Couture
	Late	Western Basin	A.D. 600 – 900	Wayne ware, vertical cord marked ceramics	Riviere au Vase-Algonquin
			A.D. 900 – 1200	first corn; ceramics with multiple band impressions	Young- Algonquin
			A.D. 1200 – 1400	longhouses; bag shaped pots, ribbed paddle	Springwells-Algonquin
			A.D 1400- 1600	villages with earthworks; Parker Festoon pots	Wolf- Algonquin
Contact		Aboriginal	A.D. 1600 – 1700	early historic native settlements	Neutral Huron, Odawa, Wenro
		Euro- Canadian	A.D. 1700- 1760	fur trade, missionization, early military establishments	French
			A.D. 1760- 1900	Military establishments, pioneer settlement	British colonials, UELs

Archaic

The archaeological record of early native life in Southern Ontario indicates a change in lifeways beginning circa 10,000 years ago at the start of what archaeologists call the Archaic Period. The Archaic populations are better known than their Paleoindian predecessors, with numerous sites found throughout the area. The characteristic projectile points of early Archaic populations appear similar in some respects to early varieties and are likely a continuation of early trends. Archaic populations continued to rely heavily on game, particularly caribou, but diversified their diet and exploitation patterns with changing environmental conditions. A seasonal pattern of warm season riverine or lakeshore settlements and interior cold weather occupations has been documented in the archaeological record. Since the large cold weather mammal species that formed the basis of the Paleoindian subsistence pattern became extinct or moved northward with the onset of warmer climate, Archaic populations had a more varied diet, exploiting a range of plant, bird, mammal and fish species. Reliance on specific food resources like fish, deer and nuts becomes more pronounced through time and the presence of more hospitable environs and resource abundance led to the expansion of band and family sizes. In the archaeological record, this is evident in the presence of larger sites and aggregation camps, where several families or bands would come together in times of resource abundance. The change to more preferable environmental circumstances led to a rise in population density. As a result, Archaic sites are more abundant than those from the earlier period. Artifacts typical of these occupations include a variety of stemmed and notched projectile points, chipped stone scrapers, ground stone tools (e.g. celts, adzes) and ornaments (e.g. bannerstones, gorgets), bifaces or tool blanks, animal bone and waste flakes, a by-product of the tool making process.



Project Context June, 2017

Woodland Period

Significant changes in cultural and environmental patterns are witnessed in the Woodland Period (circa 950 B.C to historic times). The coniferous forests of earlier times were replaced by stands of mixed and deciduous species. Occupations became increasingly more permanent in this period, culminating in major semi-permanent villages by 1,000 years ago. Archaeologically, the most significant changes by Woodland times are the appearance of artifacts manufactured from modeled clay and the construction of house structures. The Woodland Period is often defined by the occurrence of pottery, storage facilities and residential areas similar to those that define the incipient agricultural or Neolithic period in Europe. The earliest pottery was rather crudely made by the coiling method and house structures were simple enclosures.

1.2.2 Historic Euro-Canadian Resources

The 1879 *Illustrated Historical Atlas of Simcoe County's*, map of Flos Township depicts a sparsely developed rural landscape, with few landowners listed and no buildings listed within several lots and concession of Lot 19, Concession 9. One Samuel Ansley is listed as the owner of the Western portion of this lot, and a creek is shown running east-west through the lot passing just south of the Study Area. Though. It is important to note that not all settlement was represented accurately in the historic maps.

1.3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONTEXT

The study area consists of approximately 2.8 hectares of woodlot, construction yard, and meadow off Theme Park Drive in part of Lot 19, Concession 9, in Springwater Township, Simcoe County, Ontario.

1.3.1 The Natural Environment

The study area is situated within the Niagara Escarpment physiographic region as defined by Chapman and Putnam (1984 114-122). The Niagara Escarpment is described by Chapman and Putnam (1984) as being an escarpment that effectively divides Southern Ontario into its eastern and western halves along a roughly north-south aligned axis. The Niagara Escarpment in the area near Wasaga is characterized as being one of the steepest sections of relief, with cliffs and "mountainous terrain" facing northeast towards Georgian Bay (Chapman and Putnam (1984:117).

Potable water is the single most valuable resource for any extended human occupation or settlement and since water sources in southwestern Ontario have remained relatively stable over time, proximity to drinkable water is regarded as a useful index for the evaluation of archaeological site potential. In fact, distance to water is one of the most commonly used variables for predictive modeling of archaeological site location in Ontario. A small creek is listed on the historic mapping, running east-west just south of the study area and Georgian Bay lies five hundred meters to the north.



Project Context June, 2017

1.3.2 Previously Known Archaeological Sites and Surveys

To compile an inventory of archaeological resources, the registered archaeological site records kept by the MTCS were consulted. In Ontario, information concerning archaeological sites stored in the ASDB is maintained by the MTCS. This database contains archaeological sites registered per the Borden system. Under the Borden system, Canada is divided into grid blocks based on latitude and longitude. A Borden Block is approximately 13 kilometers east to west and approximately 18.5 kilometers north to south. Each Borden Block is referenced by a four-letter designator and sites within a block are numbered sequentially as they are found. The study area under review is within Borden Block BdHa.

Information concerning specific site locations is protected by provincial policy, and is not fully subject to the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*. The release of such information in the past has led to looting or various forms of illegally conducted site destruction. Confidentiality extends to all media capable of conveying location, including maps, drawings, or textual descriptions of a site location. The MTCS will provide information concerning site location to the party or an agent of the party holding title to a property, or to a licensed archaeologist with relevant cultural resource management interests.

An examination of the ASDB has shown that there are 1 archaeological sites registered within a one-kilometer radius of the study area (Site Data Search, June 16th; Government Ontario n.d.), but well outside the study area limits. The site was discovered by Andre Hunter in 1904, but completely destroyed by development in 1972. Table 2 summarizes the registered archaeological sites within one-kilometer of the study area.

Table 2: Registered Archaeological Sites within One Kilometer of the Study Area

Borden #	Site Name	Site Type	Cultural Affiliation
BdHa-1	Van Vlack	unknown	Precontact

1.3.3 Summary of Past Archaeological Investigations within 50m

Though a Site Data Search was conducted, no assessments adjacent to, or within 50meters of the subject property were found. To the east is existing Lonesome Pines Resort, while to the north, south, and west the land is unassessed agricultural land and woodlot.

1.3.4 Archaeological Potential

Archaeological potential is established by determining the likelihood that archaeological resources may be present on a subject property. Bluestone applied archaeological potential criteria commonly used by MTCS (Government of Ontario 2011) to determine areas of archaeological potential within the region under study. These variables include proximity to previously identified archaeological sites, distance to various types of water sources, soil texture and drainage, glacial geomorphology, elevated topography and the general topographic variability of the area.

Distance to modern or ancient water sources is generally accepted as the most important determinant of past human settlement patterns and, considered alone, may result in a determination of archaeological



STAGE 1-2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE PARKBRIDGE WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE PROJECT

Project Context June, 2017

potential. However, any combination of two or more other criteria, such as well-drained soils or topographic variability, may also indicate archaeological potential. Finally, extensive land disturbance can eradicate archaeological potential (Wilson and Horne 1995).

As discussed above, distance to water is an essential factor in archaeological potential modeling. When evaluating distance to water it is important to distinguish between water and shoreline, as well as natural and artificial water sources, as these features affect sites locations and types to varying degrees. The MTCS categorizes water sources in the following manner:

- Primary water sources: lakes, rivers, streams, creeks;
- Secondary water sources: intermittent streams and creeks, springs, marshes and swamps;
- Past water sources: glacial lake shorelines, relic river or stream channels, cobble beaches, shorelines of drained lakes or marshes; and
- Accessible or inaccessible shorelines: high bluffs, swamp or marshy lake edges, sandbars stretching into marsh.

The closest extant source of potable water to the study area is Georgian Bay, which is approximately 500 meters north of the study area.

An examination of the ASDB has shown that there is one archaeological sites registered within a one-kilometer radius of the study area; however it is not located within the study area.

For Euro-Canadian sites, archaeological potential can be extended to areas of early Euro-Canadian settlement, including places of military or pioneer settlements; early transportation routes; and properties listed on the municipal register or designated under the *Ontario Heritage Act* or property that local histories or informants have identified with possible historical events. The *Illustrated Historical Atlas of Simcoe County, Ont.* demonstrates that the study area and its environs were sparsely occupied by Euro-Canadian settlers by the later 19th century. Few land owners are listed, and fewer buildings are noted, all some distance away from the study area.

When the above listed criteria are applied to the study area, the archaeological potential for pre-contact Aboriginal, post-contact Aboriginal, and Euro-Canadian sites is deemed to be moderate to high. Thus, in accordance with Section 1.3.1 of the MTCS' 2011 Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists (Government of Ontario 2011), the Stage 1 archaeological assessment of the Parkbridge Wasaga Country Life Project has determined that the study area exhibits moderate to high potential for the identification and recovery of archaeological resources and a Stage 2 archaeological assessment is recommended.



Field Methods June, 2017

2.0 FIELD METHODS

The Stage 2 assessment of the Parkbridge Wasaga Country Life Project was conducted on May 30th, 2017 under PIF #P344-0148-2017 issued to Derek Lincoln, MA, of Bluestone by the MTCS. The study area consists of approximately 2.8 hectares of woodlot, construction yard, and meadow off Theme Park Drive in part of Lot 19, Concession 9, in Springwater Township, Simcoe County, Ontario.

During the Stage 2 survey, assessment conditions were excellent and at no time were the field, weather, or lighting conditions detrimental to the recovery of archaeological material (Table 3). Photos 1 to 10 confirm that field conditions met the requirements for a Stage 2 archaeological assessment, as per the MTCS' 2011 *Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists* (Section 7.8.6 Standard 1a; Government of Ontario 2011). Figure 4 provides an illustration of the Stage 2 assessment methods, as well as photograph locations and directions.

Table 3: Field and Weather Conditions

Date	Activity	Weather	Field Conditions
May 30 th 2017	Test Pit Survey	Sunny, warm	Dry, Friable Soils

Approximately 55% of the study area was subject to test pit survey. Only 20% of the study area was found to be undisturbed and this consisted of the woodlot along the western edge of the study area between the road and main construction yard area. These portions of the study area were surveyed at the standard 5-meter test pit interval. The remainder of the test pit survey (35% of the total study area) was carried out in the manicured meadow, which was found to be mostly overgrown gravel lot, where a baseball diamond once existed and test pits revealed that significant landscaping had been undertaken throughout the property, removing archaeological potential. The entire area was found to be disturbed, with only a thin layer of graded fill soil on top of beach sand, and in other places no soil at all, just gravel and sand. It appears as if the whole area was stripped at one point. These areas were assessed by test pit survey at 10 meter intervals to confirm disturbance. Test pits were excavated in accordance with Section 2.1.1 of the MTCS' 2011 Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists (Government of Ontario 2011). No built structures existed on the property. Each test pit was approximately 30 centimeters in diameter and excavated five centimeters into sterile subsoil. The soils and test pits were then examined for stratigraphy, cultural features, or evidence of fill. All soil was screened through six millimeter (mm) mesh hardware cloth to facilitate the recovery of small artifacts and then used to backfill the pit. No further archaeological methods were employed since no artifacts were recovered during the test pit survey.

Approximately 45% of the study area was visually disturbed. These areas consisted of the stirpped and graded dirt roads through the property and areas where no topsoil existed just open stripped serving as parking for heavy machinery. This portion of the property was photo-documented to confirm ground conditions.



Record of Finds June, 2017

3.0 RECORD OF FINDS

The Stage 2 archaeological assessment was conducted employing the methods described in Section 2.0. An inventory of the documentary record generated by fieldwork is provided in Table 4 below. No archaeological resources were identified during the Stage 2 archaeological assessment of the study area.

Table 4: Inventory of Documentary Record

Document Type	Current Location of Document Type	Additional Comments
3 Pages of field notes	Bluestone office, London	In original field book and photocopied in project file
1 Hand drawn maps	Bluestone office, London	In original field book and photocopied in project file
1 map provided by Client	Bluestone office, London	Hard and digital copies in project file
21 Digital photographs	Bluestone office, London	Stored digitally in project file



Analysis and Conclusions June, 2017

4.0 ANALYSIS AND CONCLUSIONS

The Stage 2 archaeological assessment was carried out in accordance with the Ministry of Tourism, Culture, and Sport's *Standard's and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologist's* Government of Ontario 2011). The subject property was assessed using test pit survey at 5 meter and 10 meter intervals. Significant portions of the study area were found to be impacted and disturbed. The Stage 2 assessment did not result in the identification of any archaeological resources.



Recommendations June, 2017

5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

All work met provincial standards and no archaeological sites were identified during the Stage 2 assessment. If construction plans change to incorporate new areas that were not subject to a Stage 2 field survey, these must be assessed prior to the initiation of construction. In keeping with legislative stipulations, all construction and demolition-related impacts (including, for example, machine travel, material storage and stockpiling, earth moving) must be restricted to the areas that were archaeologically assessed and reported to the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport.

As no archaeological resources were found on the subject property, no further archaeological assessment of the property is required.



Advice on Compliance with Legislation June, 2017

6.0 ADVICE ON COMPLIANCE WITH LEGISLATION

This report is submitted to the Minister of Tourism, Culture and Sport as a condition of licensing in accordance with Part VI of the *Ontario Heritage Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c 0.18. The report is reviewed to ensure that it complies with the standards and guidelines that are issued by the Minister, and that the archaeological fieldwork and report recommendations ensure the conservation, protection and preservation of the cultural heritage of Ontario. When all matters relating to archaeological sites within the project area of a development proposal have been addressed to the satisfaction of the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport, a letter will be issued by the ministry stating that there are no further concerns with regard to alterations to archaeological sites by the proposed development.

It is an offence under Sections 48 and 69 of the *Ontario Heritage Act* for any party other than a licensed archaeologist to make any alteration to a known archaeological site or to remove any artifact or other physical evidence of past human use or activity from the site, until such time as a licensed archaeologist has completed fieldwork on the site, submitted a report to the Minister stating that the site has no further cultural heritage value or interest, and the report has been filed in the Ontario Public Register of Archaeological Reports referred to in Section 65.1 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*.

Should previously undocumented archaeological resources be discovered, they may be a new archaeological site and therefore subject to Section 48(1) of the *Ontario Heritage Act*. The proponent or person discovering the archaeological resources must cease alteration of the site immediately and engage a licensed consultant archaeologist to carry out archaeological fieldwork, in compliance with Section 48(1) of the *Ontario Heritage Act*.

The Cemeteries Act, R.S.O. 1990 c. C.4 and the Funeral, Burial and Cremation Services Act, 2002, S.O. 2002, c.33 (when proclaimed in force) require that any person discovering human remains must notify the police or coroner and the Registrar of Cemeteries at the Ministry of Consumer Services.

Archaeological sites recommended for further archaeological fieldwork or protection remain subject to Section 48(1) of the *Ontario Heritage Act* and may not be altered, or have artifacts removed from them, except by a person holding an archaeological license.



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Images June, 2017

8.0 IMAGES

8.1 PHOTOGRAPHS





Photo 1: Visually Disturbed, Not Assessed Facing East



Photo 2: Visually Disturbed, Not Assessed Facing South





Photo 3: Area Assessed by Test Pit Survey at 10m Intervals Facing Northeast



Photo 4: Test Pitting in Progress, Facing South





Photo 5: Typical Test Pit from Graded Meadow, Facing West



Photo 6: Surface Conditions in Graded Meadow, Facing North





Photo 7: Typical Test Pit from Graded Meadow Facing South



Photo 8: Visually Disturbed, Not Assessed Facing South





Photo 9: Wooded Area Assessed by Test Pit Survey at 5meter Intervals Facing South



Photo 10: Typical Test Pit in Woodlot, Facing North



Maps June, 2017

9.0 MAPS

All maps will follow on succeeding pages.



STAGE 1-2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE PARKVIEW WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE PROJECT

Maps June, 2017

Figure 1: Topographic Map of Study Area



STAGE 1-2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE PARKVIEW WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE PROJECT

Maps June, 2017

Figure 2: Study Area



Maps June, 2017

Figure 3: Portion of the Illustrated Historical Atlas of Simcoe County, Flos Township



STAGE 1-2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE PARKVIEW WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE PROJECT

Maps June, 2017

Figure 4: Assessment Strategies and Results



Geotechnical Investigation

prepared by Peto MacCallum Ltd., dated September 2017



GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION
PROPOSED WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT
THEME PARK DRIVE AND WALLY DRIVE
WASAGA BEACH, ONTARIO
FOR
PARKBRIDGE LIFESTYLE COMMUNITIES INC.

PETO MacCALLUM LTD. 25 SANDFORD FLEMING DRIVE UNIT 2 COLLINGWOOD, ONTARIO L9Y 5A6

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1 cc: PML Barrie

PML Ref.: 17CF002 Revised Report: 1 September 2017



September 26, 2017

PML Ref.: 17CF002 Revised Report: 1

Ms. Julie Pavao
Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc.
85 Theme Park Drive
Wasaga Beach, Ontario
L9Z 1X7

Dear Ms. Pavao

Geotechnical Investigation
Proposed Wasaga Country Life Residential Development
Theme Park Drive and Wally Drive
Wasaga Beach, Ontario

Peto MacCallum Ltd. (PML) is pleased to present the results of the geotechnical investigation recently completed at the above noted project site. Authorization for this work was provided by Ms. J. Pavao in Purchase Order No. 2017-WCL-003, dated March 29, 2017.

The parcel of land at the southeast quadrant of Theme Park Drive and Wally Drive in Wasaga Beach is slated for development as a residential land lease community. The new development will be an extension of an existing residential area on the north side of Wally Drive. Site configuration has yet to be finalized, however in general, single floor slab-on-grade townhouses are proposed. Site servicing and paved access and parking are also planned, however, no grading details are available at this time.

A geotechnical investigation was requested to assess the subsurface conditions at the site, and based on this information, provide comments and geotechnical engineering recommendations for the building foundations, site servicing and pavement design.

This report presents the results of the geotechnical investigation. A Phase One Environmental Site Assessment and Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment are being carried out concurrently with results to be reported under separate cover (PML Ref.: 17CX003).

The comments and recommendations provided in this report are based on the site conditions as revealed in a limited number of boreholes at the time of the investigation. Design is in the conceptual stages and service inverts and final grades were not available at the time of this study. Accordingly, the comments and recommendations provided in this report are general in nature, and suitable only for preliminary design and planning purposes. When design details are available, they should be submitted for review by PML to verify the applicability of the recommendations presented in this report.

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INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

The field work for this investigation was carried out June 29, 2017 and consisted of

Boreholes 1 to 5 advanced to 5.0 m depth as shown on the Borehole Location Plan, Drawing 1,

appended.

The location of the boreholes were established by PML with consideration for site coverage and

environmental works. Co-ordination of clearances of underground utilities was provided by PML.

The boreholes were advanced using continuous flight solid stem augers, powered by a track

mounted CME-75 drill rig, equipped with an automatic hammer, supplied and operated by a

specialist drilling contractor working under the full-time supervision of a member of

PML's engineering staff.

Representative samples of the overburden were recovered at frequent depth intervals for

identification purposes using a conventional split spoon sampler. Standard penetration tests were

carried out simultaneously with the sampling operations to assess the strength characteristics of

the substrata. The ground water conditions in the boreholes were assessed during drilling by

visual examination of the soil samples, the sampler, and drill rods as the samples were retrieved,

and measurement of the water level in the open boreholes, if any.

Wells comprising 50 mm diameter pipe with stick-up protective casing were installed in three of

the boreholes. As per O.Reg. 903, the wells become the property of the Owner and will have to

be decommissioned when no longer required. PML would be pleased to assist in this regard.

Boreholes without monitoring wells were backfilled in accordance with O.Reg. 903.

Ground surface elevations of the boreholes were established relative to a Temporary Bench Mark

(TBM), as shown on Drawing 1 and described as follows:

TBM:

Top of Nail with Yellow Marking Tape in Hydro Pole on East Side of

Theme Park Road, South of Entrance to Site

Elevation 100.00 (metric, assigned)

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All recovered soil samples were returned to our laboratory for moisture content determinations

and detailed examination to confirm field classification.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND SUMMARIZED SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Reference is made to the appended Log of Borehole sheets for details of the subsurface

conditions, including soil classifications, inferred stratigraphy, Standard Penetration test N values,

well installation details, ground water observations and the results of laboratory moisture content

determinations.

Due to the soil sampling procedures and limited sample size, the depth demarcations on the

borehole logs must be viewed as "transitional" zones between layers, and cannot be construed as

exact geologic boundaries between layers. PML should be retained to assist in determining

geologic boundaries in the field during construction, if required.

The stratigraphy encountered in the boreholes consisted of a fill layer over a major sand deposit.

Fill was encountered at the surface of all five boreholes, continuing to 0.15 to 1.4 m depth

(elevation 97.4 to 99.65). The fill comprised fine to medium sand with trace to some silt, trace

gravel, and trace organics. Wood pieces and a coarse fibrous peat pockets were encountered in

Borehole 4. The fill was moist to wet with depth, with moisture contents of 19 to 26%, locally 44%

in Borehole 4.

A major sand deposit was encountered below the fill in all boreholes, extending to the 5.0 m depth

of exploration. The sand was fine to medium grained, locally coarse, with trace silt and gravel.

The material was typically loose or compact, becoming compact to dense with depth. The sand

was typically wet, locally moist near the surface, with moisture contents typically 20 to 30 %.

The first water strike, the ground water levels measured in the boreholes upon completion of

augering, and water levels measured in the wells are summarized in the table below, on a

borehole by borehole basis:

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BOREHOLE	GROUND ELEVATION	FIRST WATER STRIKE (DEPTH m / ELEVATION)	WATER LEVEL IN BOREHOLES UPON COMPLETION OF AUGERING JUNE 29, 2017 (DEPTH (m) / ELEVATION)	WATER LEVEL IN WELLS JULY 12, 2017 (DEPTH (m) / ELEVATION)
1	99.20	0.7 / 98.5	0.9 / 98.3	0.8 / 98.4
2	99.70	0.7 / 99.0	0.9 / 98.8	1.0 / 98.7
3	99.80	0.4 / 99.4	0.9 / 98.9	0.7 / 99.1
4	98.60	0.3 / 98.3	0.6 / 98.0	1
5	98.75	0.7 / 98.05	0.9 / 97.9	

Based on the above the stabilized ground water level is within 0.5 to 1.0 m of the ground surface.

Ground water levels will fluctuate seasonally, and in response to variations in precipitation.

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING CONSIDERATIONS

General

The parcel of land at the southeast quadrant of Theme Park Drive and Wally Drive in Wasaga Beach is slated for development as a residential land lease community. The new development will be an extension of an existing residential area on the north side of Wally Drive. Site configuration has yet to be finalized, however in general, single floor slab-on-grade townhouses are proposed. Site servicing and paved access and parking are also planned, however, no grading details are available at this time.

The boreholes revealed a fill layer over a major native sand deposit. The soils are typically loose to compact in the upper 2 m, becoming compact to dense with depth. The stabilized ground water table is within 0.5 to 1.0 m of existing grade.

It is recommended that the floor slabs be established minimum 0.5 m above the ground water table, corresponding to the finished floor at grade to no more than 0.5 m below existing grade. This will also reduce the depth of construction and thus ground water control during construction and long term drainage requirements.

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Site Grading and Engineered Fill

Grading has not been determined at the time of this report. Cognizant of the recommendation to maintain the floor slabs at least 0.5 m above the ground water table, corresponding to the lowest finished floor at existing grade to no more than 0.5 m below existing grade. It is envisioned that the site grades need to be raised.

Where grades are to be raised under structures (houses, roads and site servicing) the fill needs to be constructed as engineered fill. Reference is made to Appendix A for guidelines for engineered fill construction. The following general highlights are provided:

- Strip existing topsoil, existing fill, and other deleterious materials down to native inorganic soil. The excavated soil should be segregated and stockpiled for reuse or disposal:
- Proofroll exposed subgrade using a heavy roller to targeted 100% Standard Proctor maximum dry density, under geotechnical review. It is advised that wet subgrade conditions can be generally expected which will be sensitive and easily disturbed. Also, weather will impact the moisture condition of the subgrade. In this regard, it is anticipated that site preparations may require the first lift or two of engineered fill comprise OPSS Granular B, Type II (crushed rock), subject to geotechnical review. The contractor will have to adopt equipment and methodology to take these issues into account;
- Following geotechnical review and approval of the subgrade, spread approved material in maximum 200 mm thick lifts and uniformly compacted to 100% Standard Proctor maximum dry density in building areas. Under pavements and servicing areas the engineered fill may be compacted to 95% Standard Proctor maximum dry density;
- Engineered fill material above the initial lift or two of Granular B Type II (if required) should comprise inorganic soil, free of deleterious material, at moisture content suitable for compaction. Excavated inorganic soils are expected to be suitable for reuse as engineered fill on a select basis, with most portions expected to be too wet for reuse unless allowed to "dry out". It is anticipated that imported fill will be required. Also, weather will impact the moisture conditions of the soil and suitability for reuse. Reuse of excavated soils is subject to moisture control and geotechnical review and

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approval during construction. Imported material should comprise OPSS Select Subgrade Material (SSM) or OPSS Granular B Type I. Sources of imported material should be reviewed by our office to ensure suitability;

 The engineered fill pad must extend at least 1 m beyond the structure to be supported, then outwards and downwards at no steeper than 45° to meet the underlying approved native subgrade. In this regard, strict survey control and detailed documentation of the lateral and vertical extent of the engineered fill limits should be carried out to ensure that the engineered fill pad fully incorporates the structure to be supported;

 Engineered fill construction must be carried out under full time field review by PML, to approve sub-excavation and subgrade preparation, backfill materials, placement and compaction procedures, and to verify that the specified compaction standards are achieved throughout.

Foundations

The buildings can be supported on spread and strip footings founded on engineered fill, constructed as noted above, or the native sand encountered at 0.1 to 1.4 m depth/elevation 97.4 to 99.6. A net geotechnical bearing resistance at Serviceability Limit State (SLS) of 75 kPa, and a factored bearing resistance at Ultimate Limit State (ULS) of 110 kPa are recommended for design. Higher bearing capacities are available at increased depths, however, footings should be maintained as high as possible to avoid/minimize ground water issues.

The geotechnical bearing resistance at SLS is based on 25 mm or settlement in the bearing stratum with differential settlement of 75% of the value.

Footings subject to frost action should be provided with a minimum 1.2 m of earth cover or equivalent. A 25 mm thickness of Polystyrene insulation is equivalent to 600 mm of earth cover.

Prior to placement of structural concrete, all founding surfaces must be examined by PML to check the design bearing capacity is available, and/or to reassess the available soil capacity.

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Seismic Design

Based on the soil profile revealed in the borehole, Site Classification D is applicable for

Seismic Site Response as set out in Table 4.1.8.4.A of the Ontario Building Code (2012). Based

on the type and relative density of the soil cover at the site, there is a moderate potential for

liquefaction.

Floor Slab

Floor slab-on-grade construction is feasible on engineered fill or the native sand. It is

recommended that the floor slabs be established at least 0.5 m above the ground water table,

corresponding to the finished floor at existing grade to no more than 0.5 m below existing grade.

A minimum 200 mm thick base layer of crushed stone (nominal 20 mm size) is recommended

directly beneath the floor slab in conjunction with an underfloor drainage system of weeping tiles

leading to a frost free sump or outlet. Polyethylene sheeting or similar means should be

incorporation as a vapour barrier under the slab.

It is further recommended that a synthetic filter cloth be placed completely over the sand subgrade

before placing the crushed stone bedding. This is intended to prevent movement of the sand into

the clear stone which could lead to settlement. Care should also be exercised to ensure that

piping or any opening in the sump pit is fully protected with filter cloth to prevent loss of soil.

It is advised that at least seasonal pumping from the sump pit can be expected.

In addition a perimeter weeping tile system around the building should be installed, with invert at

about 300 mm below the finished floor. The perimeter weeping tile should drain to a frost free

outlet or sump pit from under floor drain sump pit.

Exterior grades should be established to promote surface drainage away from the building.

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Site Servicing

Design details were not finalized at the time of this report. However for purposes of this report it is

assumed services will be a maximum 3.0 m below existing grade.

Trench Excavation and Ground Water Control

Trench excavation and ground water control are described later in the report under

Excavation and Ground Water Control.

Pipe Bedding

Native sand is expected at invert levels which is considered satisfactory for pipe support.

Where existing fill or other deleterious material is encountered at the design invert level, such

material should be sub-excavated and replaced with an increased thickness of bedding material,

subject to geotechnical field review and approval.

Standard Granular A bedding, in accordance with OPSS, compacted to 95% Standard Proctor

maximum dry density should be satisfactory. For flexible pipes, bedding and cover material

should comprise OPSS Granular A. For rigid pipes, the bedding material should comprise

OPSS Granular A and cover material may comprise select native soil free of oversized material.

Trench Backfill

Backfill in trenches should comprise select inorganics soil and be placed in maximum 200 mm

thick loose lifts compacted to at least 95% Standard Proctor maximum dry density to minimize

post construction settlement in the backfill. Topsoil, organic, excessively wet, frozen oversized

(greater than 200 mm), or otherwise deleterious material should not be incorporated as trench

backfill. The moisture content of the trench backfill should be within 2% of the optimum moisture

content in order to achieve the specified compaction and be close to optimum moisture content in

the upper 1 m to prevent subgrade instability issues. Ideally the backfill should comprise

excavated site soil, in order to minimize differential frost heave.

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The excavated soil will comprise existing sand fill and native sand which for the most part is expected to be too wet for reuse, unless subject to drying out. Also, weather will impact the moisture condition of the excavated soil and suitability for reuse. Reuse of excavated soil is subject to geotechnical review and approval at the time of construction. Prospective imported fill for reuse as backfill should be reviewed and approved by PML.

Earthworks operations should be inspected by PML to verify subgrade preparation, backfill materials, placement and compaction efforts and ensure the specified degree of compaction is achieved throughout.

Excavation and Ground Water Control

Excavation for engineered fill construction is expected to be a much as about 1.5 m below existing grade, typically less than 1 m and excavation for site servicing is expected to extend to about 3.5 m below existing grade. Excavation will encounter fill and the underlying native sand unit, with the ground water table anticipated within about 0.5 to 1.0 m of the ground surface.

Subject to effective ground water control, the site soils should be considered as Type 3 soil requiring excavation side walls to be constructed at no steeper than one horizontal to one vertical (1H:1V) from the base of the excavation in accordance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

Excavation for site servicing and foundations below the ground water table will require dewatering through the use of well points. It is recommended that the water level be lowered 0.5 m below the deepest excavation depth in order to carry out excavation in the dry. A dewatering system should be designed and installed by specialists in this field.

Water taking in Ontario is governed by the Ontario Water Resources Act (OWRA) and the Water Takings and Transfer Regulation O. Reg. 387/04. Section 34 of the OWRA requires anyone taking more than 50,000 L/d to obtain a Permit-To-Take-Water (PTTW) from the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC). This requirement applies to all withdrawals, whether for consumption, temporary construction dewatering, or permanent drainage

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improvements. Recently the MOECC made some changes to the PTTW requirements. Where it is assessed than more than 50,000 L/d but less than 400,000 L/d of ground water taking is required, the Owner can register online via the Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR) system. Where it is assesses that more than 400,000 L/d of ground water taking is required then a Category 3 PTTW is required. Based on the conditions in the boreholes, a PTTW or registry on the EASR system will be required. This should be reviewed when the founding elevations and inverts are established, and may require further hydrogeological studies and analysis in support of a PTTW or registry on the EASR.

It is recommended that a test dig be undertaken to allow prospective contractors an opportunity to observe and evaluate the subsurface conditions likely to be encountered and assess preferred means of excavation and ground water control measures based on their own experience.

Pavement Design and Construction

The location of the roadways have yet to be finalized and grading is still to be determined. Based on the boreholes, it is anticipated that the pavement subgrade will comprise moderately frost susceptible sand fill or native sand. The following preliminary pavement structure thicknesses are recommended and should be reviewed when grading has been finalized:

	LIGHT DUTY	HEAVY DUTY
Asphalt (mm)	90	110
Granular A Base Course (mm)	150	150
Granular B Subbase Course (mm)	300	400
Total Thickness (mm)	540	660

It is recommended that following rough grading to the design subgrade level, subgrade preparation should include proofrolling and compacting the exposed subgrade with a heavy compactor to minimum 95% Standard Proctor maximum dry density under geotechnical review. Any unstable zones identified during this process should be sub-excavated and replaced with compacted select material.

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The pavement design considers that construction will be carried out during the drier time of the year and that the subgrade is stable, as determined by proofrolling operations. Considering the anticipated wet subgrade conditions and the ease with which the site soils can be disturbed, additional subbase material, the use of Granular B Type II and/or additional excavation may be required, subject to geotechnical review during construction.

Imported material for the granular base and subbase should conform to OPSS gradation specifications for Granular A and Granular B, and should be compacted to 100% Standard Proctor maximum dry density. Asphalt should be compacted in accordance with OPSS 310.

For the pavement to function properly, it is essential that provisions be made for water to drain out of and not collect in the base material. The incorporation of subdrains is recommended in conjunction with crowning of the final subgrade to promote drainage towards the pavement edge. Subdrains should be installed at least 300 mm below the subgrade level. Refer to OPSD 216 Series for details regarding pipe, filter fabric or filter sock, bedding and cover material. Maintenance hole/catchbasins should be backfilled with free draining material with frost tapers and stub drains extending out from structures. The above measures will help drain the pavement structure as well as alleviate the problems of differential frost movement between the catchbasins and pavement.

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Geotechnical Review and Construction Inspection and Testing

It is recommended that the final drawings be submitted to PML for general geotechnical review for

compatibility with the site conditions and the recommendations provided in this report.

Earthworks operations should be carried out under the supervision of PML to approve subgrade

preparation, backfill materials, placement and compaction procedures, and verify that the

specified compaction standards are achieved throughout fill materials.

Prior to placement of structural concrete, all founding surfaces must be inspected by PML to verify

the design bearing capacity is available, or to reassess the design parameters based on the

actual conditions.

The comments and recommendations provided in this report are based on the site conditions as

revealed in a limited number of boreholes at the time of the investigation. Design is in the

conceptual stages and service inverts and final grades were not available at the time of this study.

Accordingly, the comments and recommendations provided in this report are general in nature,

and suitable only for preliminary design and planning purposes. When design details are

available, they should be submitted for review by PML to verify the applicability of the

recommendations presented in this report.

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CLOSURE

We trust this report is complete within our terms of reference, and the information presented is sufficient for your present purposes. If you have any questions, or when we may be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to call our office.

Sincerely



Geoffrey R. White, P.Eng. Associate Manager, Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Services

GRW/TLB:jlb

Enclosure(s):
List of Abbreviations
Log of Borehole Nos. 1 to 5
Drawing No. 1 - Borehole Location Plan

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS



PENETRATION RESISTANCE

Standard Penetration Resistance N: - The number of blows required to advance a standard split spoon sampler 0.3 m into the subsoil. Driven by means of a 63.5 kg hammer falling freely a distance of 0.76 m.

Dynamic Penetration Resistance: - The number of blows required to advance a 51 mm, 60 degree cone, fitted to the end of drill rods, 0.3 m into the subsoil. The driving energy being 475 J per blow.

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL

The consistency of cohesive soils and the relative density or denseness of cohesionless soils are described in the following terms:

CONSISTE	N (blows/0.3 m)	<u>c (kPa)</u>	DENSENESS	N (blows/0.3 m)
Very Soft	0 - 2	0 - 12	Very Loose	0 - 4
Soft	2 - 4	12 - 25	Loose	4 - 10
Firm	4 - 8	25 - 50	Compact	10 - 30
Stiff	8 - 15	50 - 100	Dense	30 - 50
Very Stiff	15 - 30	100 - 200	Very Dense	> 50
Hard	> 30	> 200		
WTPL	Wetter Than Plastic Limit			
APL	About Plastic Limit			
DTPL	Drier Than Plastic Limit			

TYPE OF SAMPLE

PM

SS	Split Spoon	ST	Slotted Tube Sample	
WS	Washed Sample	TW	Thinwall Open	
SB	Scraper Bucket Sample	TP	Thinwall Piston	
AS	Auger Sample	OS	Oesterberg Sample	
CS	Chunk Sample	FS	Foil Sample	
GS	Grab Sample	RC	Rock Core	
PH Sample Advanced Hydraulically				

Sample Advanced Manually

SOIL TESTS

Qu	Unconfined Compression	LV	Laboratory Vane
Q	Undrained Triaxial	FV	Field Vane
Qcu	Consolidated Undrained Triaxial	С	Consolidation
Qd	Drained Triaxial		

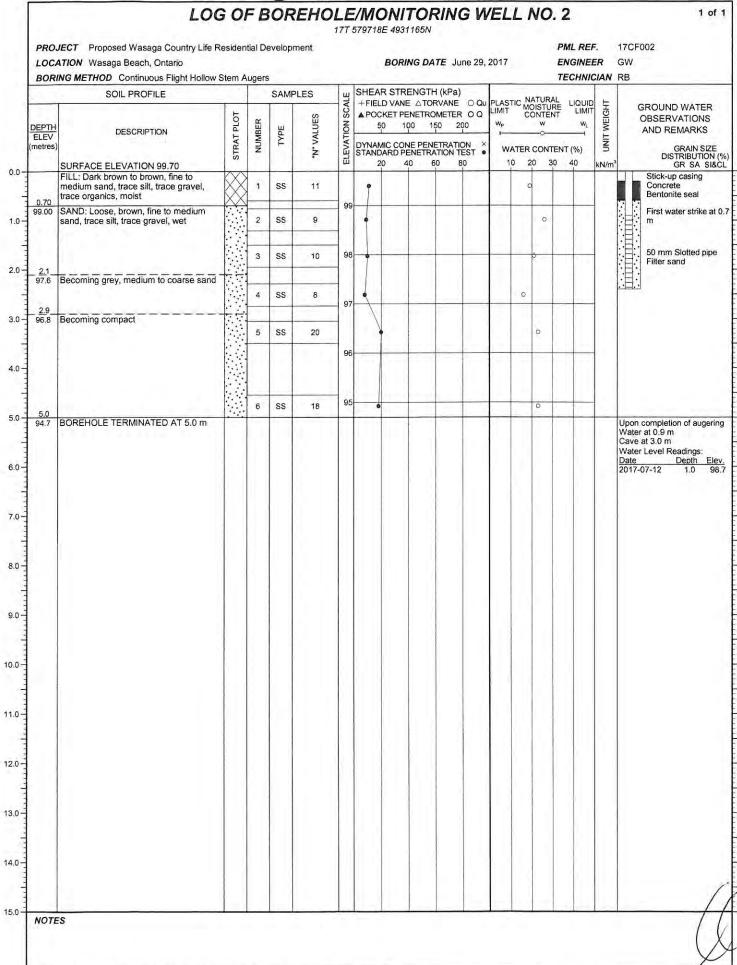
PML-GEO-508A Rev. 2016-05



LOG OF BOREHOLE/MONITORING WELL NO. 1 1 of 1 17T 579694E 4931258N PROJECT Proposed Wasaga Country Life Residential Development PML REF. 17CF002 LOCATION Wasaga Beach, Ontario BORING DATE June 29, 2017 ENGINEER GW BORING METHOD Continuous Flight Hollow Stem Augers TECHNICIAN RB SOIL PROFILE SAMPLES SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa) +FIELD VANE ATORVANE O QU PLASTIC MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT LIQUID LIMIT WEIGHT **GROUND WATER** STRAT PLOT **OBSERVATIONS** VALUES NUMBER ELEVATION (DEPTH 100 150 200 TYPE DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS UNIT DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION STANDARD PENETRATION TEST metres WATER CONTENT (%) GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI&CL ż 20 10 20 SURFACE ELEVATION 99.20 40 60 30 40 0.0 FILL: Dark brown to brown, fine to 99 Stick-up casing medium sand, some silt, trace organics, SS 10 Concrete roots, moist 0.70 Bentonite seal 98.50 SAND: Compact, brown, fine to medium First water strike at 0.7 2 SS 16 1.0 sand, trace silt, stratified, wet 0 98 3 SS 12 2.0 Becoming grey 97 50 mm Slotted pipe Filter sand 4 SS 19 0 3.0 96 5 SS 22 4.0 95 6 SS 18 5.0 BOREHOLE TERMINATED AT 5.0 m Upon completion of augering Water at 0.9 m Water at 5.0 m Cave at 3.0 m Water Level Readings: Depth Elev. 0.8 98.4 6.0 -7.0 8.0 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 NOTES

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LOG OF BOREHOLE/MONITORING WELL NO. 3 1 of 1 17T 599778E 4931220N PML REF. 17CF002 PROJECT Proposed Wasaga Country Life Residential Development BORING DATE June 29, 2017 **ENGINEER** GW LOCATION Wasaga Beach, Ontario TECHNICIAN RB BORING METHOD Continuous Flight Hollow Stem Augers SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa) SOIL PROFILE SAMPLES +FIELD VANE △TORVANE ○ QU PLASTIC MATURAL MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT LIQUID UNIT WEIGHT GROUND WATER **OBSERVATIONS** STRAT PLOT VALUES W 100 150 200 DEPTH ELEV NUMBER AND REMARKS DESCRIPTION TYPE DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION STANDARD PENETRATION TEST GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI&CL metres WATER CONTENT (%) 40 60 10 20 30 40 SURFACE ELEVATION 99.80 0.0 0.15 FILL: Dark brown, fine to medium sand, Stick-up casing 0 6 99.65 1 SS Concrete First water strike at 0.4 trace silt, moist SAND: Loose, brown, fine to medium sand, trace silt, stratified, moist to wet 99 Bentonite seal 2 SS 0 10 1.0 Becoming grey 98.4 SS 3 7 98 2.0 Becoming compact, coarse sand, trace 97.7 50 mm Slotted pipe gravel SS Filter sand 4 30 97 Becoming fine to medium sand 3.0 96.9 SS 5 96 4.0 SS 6 95 5.0 Upon completion of augering BOREHOLE TERMINATED AT 5.0 m Water at 0.9 m Cave at 3.4 m Water Level Readings: Depth Elev. 0.7 99.1 Date 2017-07-12 6.0 7.0 8.0 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 NOTES

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LOG OF BOREHOLE NO. 4 1 of 1 17T 579627E 4931265N PROJECT Proposed Wasaga Country Life Residential Development PML REF. 17CF002 LOCATION Wasaga Beach, Ontario BORING DATE June 29, 2017 ENGINEER GW BORING METHOD Continuous Flight Hollow Stem Augers TECHNICIAN RB SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa) SOIL PROFILE SAMPLES **ELEVATION SCALE** +FIELD VANE △TORVANE ○ Qu PLASTIC MATURAL MOISTURE LIMIT CONTENT LIQUID LIMIT UNIT WEIGHT **GROUND WATER** STRAT PLOT **OBSERVATIONS** VALUES NUMBER 100 150 200 W TYPE AND REMARKS DESCRIPTION DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION X STANDARD PENETRATION TEST GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI&CL WATER CONTENT (%) Z 20 40 60 10 20 30 40 SURFACE ELEVATION 98.60 0.0 FILL: Brown, fine to medium sand, some silt, trace gravel, trace organics, over 1 SS 6 0 First water strike at 0.3 m black, coarse fibrous peat pockets, wood 98 pieces, moist to wet 97.90 SAND: Loose, brown, fine to medium 1.0 2 SS 8 0 sand, trace silt, wet Becoming compact to dense, grey 97 3 SS 13 0 2.0 96.5 Becoming coarse sand SS 32 96 95.7 Becoming fine to medium sand 5 SS 25 0 95 4.0 94 SS 6 21 0 BOREHOLE TERMINATED AT 5.0 m Upon completion of augering Water at 0.6 m Cave at 2.1 m 6.0 7.0 8.0 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 NOTES PML - BH/TP LOG GEO/ENV WITH MWS 17CF002 2017-08-16 BH LOGS.GPJ ON_MOT.GDT 16/08/2017 3:44:03 PM



LOG OF BOREHOLE NO. 5 1 of 1 17T 579703E 4931324N PROJECT Proposed Wasaga Country Life Residential Development PML REF. 17CF002 LOCATION Wasaga Beach, Ontario BORING DATE June 29, 2017 **ENGINEER** GW BORING METHOD Continuous Flight Hollow Stem Augers TECHNICIAN RB SHEAR STRENGTH (kPa) SOIL PROFILE SAMPLES +FIELD VANE ATORVANE O QU PLASTIC MOISTURE A POCKET PENETROMETER O Q LIQUID WEIGHT **GROUND WATER** STRAT PLOT **OBSERVATIONS** "N" VALUES DEPTH ELEV NUMBER ELEVATION 100 150 200 TYPE AND REMARKS DESCRIPTION LIND DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION STANDARD PENETRATION TEST metres GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION (%) GR SA SI&CL WATER CONTENT (%) 10 20 30 40 SURFACE ELEVATION 98.75 20 40 60 80 kN/m 0.0 FILL: Dark brown to brown, fine to medium sand, trace to some silt, trace SS 8 gravel, trace organics, moist to wet 98 First water strike at 0.7 m 2 SS 1.0 9 0 97.4 SAND: Compact to dense, grey, fine to medium sand, trace silt, stratified, wet 3 SS 12 97 2.0 4 SS 33 3.0 5 SS 31 0 95 4.0 94 6 SS 32 5.0 BOREHOLE TERMINATED AT 5.0 m Upon completion of augering Water at 0.9 m Cave at 3.0 m 6.0 7.0 8.0 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 NOTES

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Planning Justification Report prepared by Celeste Phillips Planning Inc., dated November 26, 2017



PLANNING JUSTIFICATION REPORT

in support of an Application for an Official Plan Amendment, Rezoning and Site Plan Approval

for

Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities

at the

Southeast corner of Theme Park Drive and Wally Drive

Town of Wasaga Beach

November 26, 2017



PLANNING JUSTIFICATION REPORT PARKBRIDGE LIFESTYLE COMMUNITIES SOUTHEAST CORNER OF THEME PARK AND WALLY DRIVES TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

1. Background

Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities ("Parkbridge") owns land generally located in the northeast part of the Town of Wasaga Beach. More particularly, the property consists of approximately 3.1 hectares and is located at the southeast corner of Theme Park Drive and Wally Drive. The lands are currently vacant. Figure 1 shows the location of the property.

Parkbridge wishes to develop the lands with the final phase of its Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 development. The proposed form of housing is land lease townhomes, constructed on a private roadway.

Parkbridge has developed lands to the north with seasonal cottages. Lands to the west, also developed by Parkbridge, are developed with permanent land lease townhomes. Lands to the east are undeveloped and lands to the south are occupied by the Wasaga Beach Chamber of Commerce.

The proposed development of the subject lands represents an expansion to the existing Parkbridge development, located on the west side of Theme Park Drive.

The Parkbridge lands are designated Tourism Commercial in the Town of Wasaga Beach Official Plan, with the requested designation being Residential. The lands are zoned CCH-4 on Schedule O to the Town of Wasaga Beach Zoning By-law. The requested zoning is the R3 zone. No special zoning standards appear to be necessary. Sixty six (66) land lease townhouses are proposed, of which, 20 units would be in 4-plex buildings, 30 units would be in 6-plex buildings and 16 units would be in 8-plex units. The development concept is illustrated in Figure 2.



Figure 1: Location Map

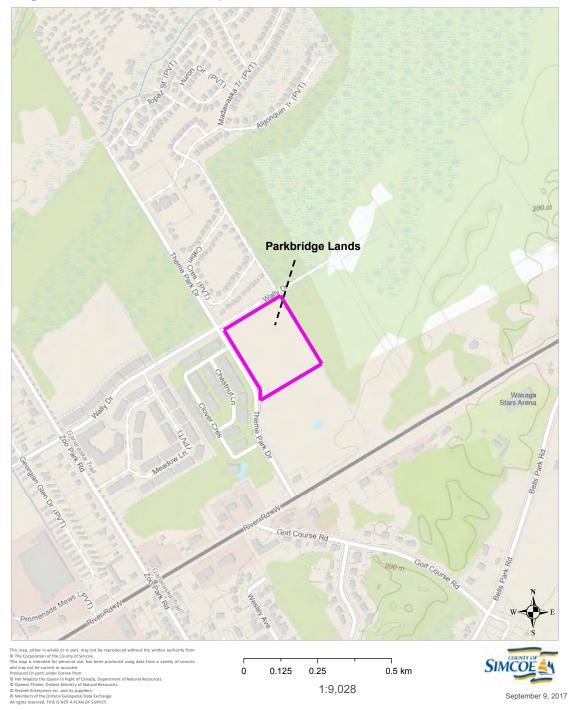
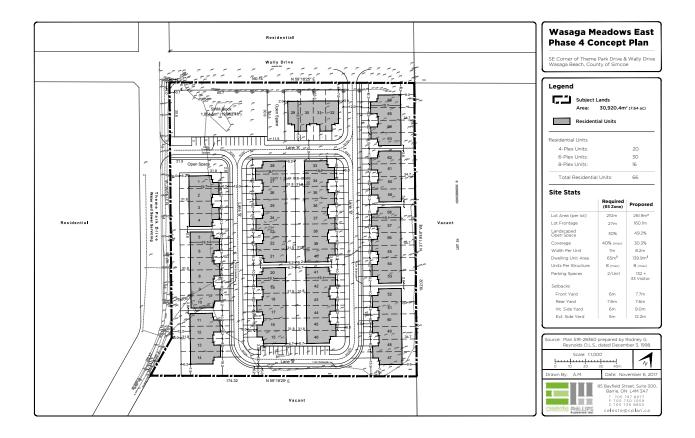




Figure 2: Development Concept

(larger size copies included as part of the application package)



2. Planning Policy Support for the Development

It is important to consider the planning policy support for the proposed development and to ensure that the use of the lands is a reasonable one that does not cause any adverse impacts on neighbouring uses.

To that end, I have reviewed the applicable planning policies of the Provincial Policy Statement, Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe, the County of Simcoe Official Plan, and the Town of Wasaga Beach Official Plan.

It is not the intent of this planning report to examine the proposed land lease townhouse use in light of every component of the applicable planning policies but rather to demonstrate that the redesignation and rezoning of the lands



conforms and is consistent with the key provisions of the planning policy framework.

2.1 Provincial Policy Statement

The Provincial Policy Statement, 2014 (PPS) provides planning policy direction on matters of Provincial interest related to land use planning and development. The PPS sets the policy foundation for regulating the development and use of land in Ontario. All planning decisions made in the Province of Ontario are required to be consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement.

The redesignation and rezoning of the Parkbridge lands conforms to policies in the Provincial Policy Statement, particularly in Section 1, as follows:

- The development represents efficient development and land use patterns (1.1.1 a).
- The lands are located within an existing settlement area (1.1.3.1).
- The Provincial Policy statement encourages Intensification (1.1.3.2), which is defined as:

The development of a property, site or area at a higher density than currently exists through:

- a) redevelopment, including the reuse of brownfield sites;
- b) the development of vacant and/or undertutilized lots within previously developed areas;
- c) infill development; and
- d) the expansion or conversion of existing buildings.

The development of vacant lands owned by Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities meets the definition of intensification.

- The lands are located in an area where development is encouraged (1.1.3.3)
- There is no perceived impact to public health and safety (1.1.3.4).
- The lands are municipally serviced and the use of the property will allow for the efficient use and optimization of those services (1.6.1.1 a).



Based on the foregoing, it is my opinion that the proposed development is consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement.

2.2 Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe

In May 2017, the Province released "Places to Grow: Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe" (Growth Plan), an update to the 2006 document. This document came into effect on July 1, 2017 and sets out a strategy for how growth is to be managed throughout the Greater Golden Horseshoe. This document guides decisions on a wide range of issues, including where growth will occur, housing, infrastructure to support growth, protecting agricultural lands, water resource and natural heritage systems, mineral aggregate and cultural heritage resources, and provides a policy framework regarding climate change,

All Regional and Municipal documents in the Greater Golden Horseshoe are required to conform to the policies of this Plan. One of the guiding principles of the Growth Plan is prioritizing intensification to make efficient use of lands and infrastructure (1.2.1). The Growth Plan provides the same definition of intensification (as found in the Provincial Policy Statement) but the new Growth Plan emphasizes an "intensification first approach" (2.1).

Section 6 of the Growth Plan incorporates policies respecting the Simcoe Sub-Area, including the Town of Wasaga Beach. The Town of Wasaga Beach is identified as one of the settlement areas in the County of Simcoe.

Section 6.1 provides the context for development in the Simcoe Sub-area such as: making the best use of existing infrastructure, optimizing the use of existing infrastructure and encouraging compact, complete urban communities.

Relevant and supportable policies from the Growth Plan include the following:

- Prioritizing intensification to make efficient use of land and supporting a range of mix of housing options to serve all sizes, incomes and ages of households (1.2.1).
- Providing a full range of housing to accommodate a range of incomes and household sizes (2.1).
- Building compact and complete communities (2.1).
- Directing growth to settlement areas (2.2.1 sub.2 a) and d)).



- Supporting a more diverse range and mix of housing options including affordable housing to accommodate people at all stages of life, and to accommodate the needs of all household sizes and incomes (2.1, 2.2.1 sub. 4)
- Ensuring the development of high quality compact built form (2.2.1 sub. 4 e))
- Encouraging intensification and the achievement of intensification targets (2.2.2 sub.4).
- Establishing annual minimum intensification targets (2.2.2 sub. 4).
- Identifying a diverse range and mix of housing options and densities and establishing targets for affordable ownership housing and rental housing (2.2.6 sub. 1 a)).
- Supporting a mix of unit sizes to accommodate a diverse range of household sizes and income (2.2.6 sub 3).

It is my opinion that use of the Parkbridge lands for a 66 unit land lease townhouse development conforms to the Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe.

2.3 County of Simcoe Official Plan

In reviewing the consolidated edition of the County of Simcoe Official Plan (2016), I note the following:

Part 3, Growth Management Strategy encourages a significant portion of growth and development to settlement areas where it can be effectively serviced with a particular emphasis on settlement areas such as Wasaga Beach (3.1, 3.1.1). Compact communities that are transit supportive are encouraged and as such, there are density and intensification targets established.

Section 3.2, Population and Employment Projections/Allocations projects a population for Wasaga Beach of 27,500 by 2031. Within settlement areas, local municipalities are to provide for a mix of land uses, provide for densities and land use patterns supportive of transit (where planned to be available in



the future), as well as a variety of housing types including affordable housing (3.2.12).

Section 3.5 Settlements, contains a number of objectives and policies that promote development within settlement areas, compact urban form, and minimizing land consumption and servicing costs (3.5.1, 3.5.2, 3.5.4). As in the Province's Growth Plan, the County of Simcoe Official Plan contains policies that focus growth to settlement areas (3.5.7). Development is encouraged where it contributes to the achievement of density and intensification targets (3.5.9). The density target for Wasaga Beach is set at 32 residents and jobs per hectare and the intensification target is 20 percent for Wasaga Beach (3.5.23, 3.5.24).

Section 4.3 Affordable Housing, suggests that local municipalities should facilitate development and ensure zoning provisions do not hamper the appropriate provision of affordable housing (4.3.1, 4.3.3)

It is my planning opinion that the approval of an Official Plan Amendment and Rezoning for the Parkbridge lands conforms to the Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe.

2.4 Town of Wasaga Beach Official Plan

The Official Plan for the Town of Wasaga Beach was adopted in September of 2003, approved by the County of Simcoe in June of 2004 and consolidated by the Town in February 2016.

Section 5 Residential, encourages a wide range of housing types and styles on a range of lot sizes (5.1.6). The Town prefers that the majority of approved residential development occurs within the serviced areas (5.1.8).

Townhouses such as those proposed by Parkbridge, are considered to be a medium density residential use (5.2.5 a)). Per the Official Plan, residential density shall generally not exceed 37 units per net residential hectare (5.2.5.b)). The density of the proposed Parkbridge development is approximately 21.3 units per hectare, well within the Official Plan's policy direction.

Section 5.2.5.1 of the Official Plan provides direction for Council when approving medium density residential use. It is my opinion that permitting medium density development on the Parkbridge lands conforms to these



criteria, particularly when medium density uses exist immediate opposite the subject property. Full municipal services (sanitary sewer and municipal water) are available to the site, in accordance with policy 5.2.5.6.

The redesignation of the Parkbridge lands from Tourist Commercial to Residential is in my opinion, in conformity with the policies of the Town of Wasaga Beach Official Plan.

3. Urban Design Guidelines for the Town of Wasaga Beach

The Urban Design Guidelines for the Town of Wasaga Beach were finalized in July 2017. The final phase of Wasaga Meadows East has been reviewed vis a vis the Town's Guidelines.

The Guidelines state on page 2 that: "...overarching goal of these guidelines is to ensure that new development is compatible and sensitive to established neighbourhoods through design compatibility and the relationship with surrounding properties." The final phase of the Wasaga Meadows development will adopt the same style as the Parkbridge development on the west side of Theme Park Drive, thereby assuring design compatibility. Put simply, Parkbridge will use the same prototype that has been used successfully elsewhere in the Town, (Park Place Phase 6, Country Meadows, Wasaga Meadows and Wasaga Meadows East).

In reviewing the Urban Design Principles found in Section 1.2, I note that Parkbridge has consistently met the suggested design principles and anticipates that this final phase will be no different. Figure 3 is an illustration of previously completed Parkbridge projects.

- Parkbridge has a proven track record in creating land lease communities with character and identity.
- The proposed development will result in a high quality neighbourhood, with an appropriate scale and pattern of development.
- The proposed development will be compatible with surrounding uses.
- As in previous Parkbridge developments in Wasaga Beach, this final phase will be pedestrian friendly, and will provide ample visitor and resident parking.
- Lighting will be the same as provided for the development to the west, that is, dark sky friendly lighting consisting of yard lights with streetlights on corners. Parkbridge's experience is that low level ground related lighting provides safety for its' senior residents.



- Environmental sustainability is promoted by way of reduced widths for asphalted roadways, and wider lot sizes, thereby increasing permeability for stormwater run off.
- The preparation of an Environmental Impact Study has addressed any concerns related to the preservation and enhancement of the natural environment.

Section 2.1 sets out guidelines for building orientation and the proposed development conforms to these guidelines with:

- Buildings oriented to the public realm, that being private roadways.
- Providing front yard paths to access each unit.
- Ensuring that front entrances are accessible (barrier free, at grade with no steps) and incorporating a front yard covered porch for each unit.
- The majority of the units have front-to-front or back-to-back relationships. Only 15 percent of the total units would have rear yards backing onto a public street and as in the past, Parkbridge would ensure privacy for rear yard amenity spaces for these units.

Section 2.2 contains guidelines for height and massing. As in the past, Parkbridge proposes low-rise land lease townhouses that are compatible with the area. There are no blocks of townhouses that exceed the maximum number (eight units) and only two of the twelve buildings contain 8 units. In other words, 50 of the 66 proposed units are contained within 4-plexes and 6-plexes, to provide variety and interest to the streetscape.

Guidelines for setbacks and separation distances are set out in Section 2.3. The proposed development deviates from the preferred standards in that Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 is geared for seniors. It is important therefore to maximize floor space on one level, hence the need to project garages ahead of the main front wall. However, the garages meet the setback of 6 metres and the front yard setback to the habitable portion of the dwellings remains consistent throughout the development. Interior side yard setbacks are proposed at 1.8 metres, greater than the recommended 1.5 metres. Therefore, the total distance between townhouse block end walls is 3.6 metres, exceeding the recommended 3 metres. The Guidelines suggest a minimum separation distance of 15 metres between facing and rear-to-rear buildings. Parkbridge's development proposes a 24 metre separation for front-to-front buildings and a slightly lower rear-to-rear separation of 13.4 metres. However, the development will provide a private screened rear yard amenity area for each unit and there is a sufficient setback to permit light and privacy. Insofar as units backing onto a municipal roadway (Theme Park Drive), a 12 metre setback is proposed.



Section 2.4 of the Guidelines refers to Transition and Compatibility and is not applicable to this development as there is no need to transition to existing buildings of different densities, heights or setbacks.

The architectural design (Section 2.5) for Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 will follow the format that has been so successful for Parkbridge in their senior-oriented housing projects. There will be consistency in architectural design and building materials to create a strong sense of community.

Similarly, the proposed development will mimic the landscape treatment (Section 2.6) used for the lands immediately to the west. The total landscaped open space is calculated at 49.2 percent, well above the required 30 percent. Additionally, dwelling unit widths are proposed at 8.2 metres, whereas only 7 metres is required. This wider unit allow for additional landscaped open space. Additionally, the proposed lot areas exceed the minimum required. A shared amenity space is proposed to be located immediately to the east of the stormwater management pond (Section 2.7). As noted previously, each unit will be provided with a private, screened rear yard amenity area. No fencing is proposed.

The Grading guidelines are found in Section 2.8. There is no significant grade difference across the site, and Parkbridge intends to develop the townhouse units with barrier free access. Impermeable surfaces will be minimized and no adverse impacts from stormwater run-off is expected.

Section 3 of the Guidelines relates to Pedestrian and Vehicle Access. Parkbridge proposes a 1.2 metre sidewalk which will provide safe pedestrian movement. Roadways will be private. In addition to the driveway and garage (2 parking spaces per unit), 33 visitor parking spaces are proposed resulting in a total of 162 parking spaces.

In summary, as indicated in the document itself, the guidelines are just that, 'guidelines', and do not supersede the Zoning By-law standards. Having reviewed the Urban Design Guidelines, it is my opinion that the proposed development of Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 conforms to the Town's expectations.



Park Place Phase 6 "Founders Village"





4. Technical Reports

In support of the requested Official Plan Amendment, Rezoning and Site Plan Approval, and in addition to this Planning Justification Report, the following reports are provided:

- Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment, Bluestone Research Inc., June 2017.
- Geotechnical Investigation, Peto MacCallum Ltd., August 2017.
- Scoped Environmental Impact Statement, Beacon Environmental, September 2017.
- 1st Engineering Submission, C.C. Tatham & Associates, November 2017.

5. Summary

Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities is requesting an Official Plan Amendment, Rezoning and Site Plan Approval for lands located on the southeast corner of Wally Drive and Theme Park Drive in the Town of Wasaga Beach. In summary, having reviewed Provincial, County and Municipal Planning policies as well as the Town's Urban Design Guidelines, it is my considered opinion that the requested planning approvals represent good planning. I would therefore request staff's recommendation for the scheduling of a public meeting and Council's favourable consideration of the applications.

Respectfully submitted,

Celeste Phillips, MCIP RPP

Traffic Impact Study

prepared by CCTA, dated December 11, 2017



WASAGA MEADOWS EAST, PHASE 4

Town of Wasaga Beach

Traffic Impact Study

prepared by:

C.C. Tatham & Associates Ltd. 115 Sandford Fleming Drive, Suite 200 Collingwood, ON L9Y 5A6 Tel: (705) 444-2565 Fax: (705) 444-2327 info@cctatham.com prepared for:

Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc.

December 11, 2017

CCTA File 117098

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1 Introduction

C.C. Tatham & Associates Ltd. (CCTA) was retained by Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc. to prepare a Traffic Impact Study in support of Phase 4 of the Wasaga Meadows East development, located on Theme Park Road in the Town of Wasaga Beach. The site location is illustrated in Figure 1.

The purpose of this study is to address the requirements of the Town of Wasaga Beach with respect to the potential transportation impacts of the proposed Wasaga Meadow East Phase 4 development on the local road network. In particular, the following will be discussed:

- the operations of the road system through the study area prior to the proposed development;
- an estimation of the growth in the traffic volumes not otherwise attributed to the development (i.e. from overall growth in the area and/or other developments);
- an estimation of the number of new trips the proposed development is likely to generate;
- the operations of the study area road system upon completion of the development; and
- the resulting impacts and need for mitigating measures (if required) to ensure acceptable overall road operations.

Chapter 2 of this report addresses the existing conditions, detailing the road system and corresponding traffic operations. Chapter 3 addresses future conditions, prior to the completion of the proposed development, and will address the expected growth in the traffic levels and the resulting operating conditions. Chapters 4 and 5 address the proposed development, the ensuing vehicle trips that it will generate, and the associated impacts on the road system. Lastly, Chapter 6 summarizes the report and the key findings.

2 Existing Conditions

This chapter will describe the road network, traffic volumes and operating characteristics as defined for the existing conditions.

2.1 Existing Road Network

The road network to be addressed by this study consists of River Road West, Theme Park Drive, Zoo Park Road and the intersections of River Road West with Theme Park Drive and Zoo Park Road.

Photographs of the study area road network are provided in Figure 2.

2.1.1 Road Sections

River Road West is an arterial road under the jurisdiction of the Town of Wasaga Beach. The road is oriented east-west and provides one lane of travel per direction through the immediate study area (at Theme Park Road). It is noted that River Road West has a four-lane profile (i.e. two lanes of travel per direction) west of Zoo Park Road, carrying four lanes through the intersection at Zoo Park Road before narrowing to a two-lane profile approximately 160 metres east of Zoo Park Road. The posted speed limit is 50 km/h with an assumed design speed of 60 km/h (posted speed limit + 10 km/h). A road reflective of River Road West has an assumed planning capacity of 700 to 900 vehicles per hour per lane (vphpl). To maintain consistency with the *River Road West Class Environmental Assessment*¹, a lane capacity of 800 vphpl has been assumed. The road maintains a relatively straight and flat alignment through the study area.

Theme Park Drive is a two-lane local road under the jurisdiction of the Town of Wasaga Beach. The road originates at River Road West and terminates at the Wasaga CountryLife Resort main access. The speed limit is unposted on Theme Park Drive, thus a speed limit of 50 km/h has been assumed (typical for low-density, residential roads) and a design speed of 60 km/h applied (speed limit + 10 km/h). As a local road, Theme Park Drive has an assumed planning capacity of 400 vehicles per hour per lane (vphpl).

Zoo Park Road is a north-south collector, providing one lane of travel per direction. The road has a posted speed limit of 50 km/h. As a collector road, a planning capacity of 600 vphpl has been assumed.

2.1.2 Key Intersections

The intersection of River Road West with Theme Park Drive is a T-intersection with stop control on the north approach (Theme Park Drive). The west approach provides a single shared through/left lane

¹ River Road West Class Environmental Assessment. Ainley Group, September 2010.

whereas the east approach provides a single through/right lane. The north approach offers a single shared left/right turn lane. Although a 3-leg intersection, there is an access driveway to a gas station on what would otherwise be considered the south approach. For the purpose of this study, the driveway access has been included in the analysis of the intersection. Thus the north and south approaches have been modelled to consider single shared left/through/right turn lanes operating under stop control.

The intersection of River Road West with Zoo Park Road is a 4-leg intersection under signal control. The east and west approaches each provide a shared through/right and a shared through/left lane whereas the north and south approaches each offer an exclusive left turn lane and a shared through/right lane.

2.2 Existing Traffic Volumes

To determine the existing traffic volumes on the area road network, turning movement counts were conducted at the intersections of River Road West with Zoo Park Road and Theme Park Drive on Wednesday August 30, 2017 from 7:00 to 9:00 and 16:00 to 18:00 (additional details are provided in Appendix A). In consideration of the recreational and tourist nature of the area, summer traffic volumes have been considered for the traffic operations assessment. Given the time of year, the observed volumes are considered reflective of peak summer traffic conditions and thus no seasonal adjustment has been applied.

The resulting 2017 peak hour traffic volumes are illustrated in Figure 3.

2.3 Existing Traffic Operations

2.3.1 Intersection Operations

The assessment of existing conditions provides the baseline from which the future traffic volumes and operations (both with and without the subject development) can be assessed. The capacity, and hence operations, of a road system is effectively dictated by its intersections. As such, the analysis focused on the operations of the noted key intersections. The analysis is based on the 2017 traffic volumes, the existing configuration and intersection control (including optimization of traffic signal timings and schemes) and procedures outlined in the 2000 Highway Capacity Manual² (using Synchro v.9 software). A summary of the analyses is provided in Table 1. For the signalized intersection, the review considers the average delay (measured in seconds), level of service (LOS) and volume to capacity (v/c) for each approach and the overall intersection. For the unsignalized intersection, the results are provided for the critical movement, namely the stop controlled movement. Level of service A corresponds to the best operating condition with minimal delays whereas level of service F corresponds to poor operations resulting from high intersection delays. A v/c ratio of less than 1.0

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² Highway Capacity Manual. Transportation Research Board, Washington DC, 2000.

indicates the intersection movement/approach is operating at less than capacity while v/c of 1.0 indicates capacity has been reached. Detailed operations worksheets for the existing traffic conditions are included in Appendix B.

Table 1: Intersection Operations – 2017 Existing Conditions

Intersection and Movement		Control	AM	Neekday Peak H	our	Weekday PM Peak Hour		
			delay	LOS	v/c	delay	LOS	v/c
Diver Deed West	NB	stop	14	В	0.04	21	С	0.12
	SB	stop	13	В	0.08	17	С	0.15
	EB		6	Α	0.22	7	Α	0.44
	WB	signal	5	Α	0.16	6	Α	0.32
Zoo Park Road & River Road West	NB		16	В	0.48	16	В	0.51
Tiver road west	SB		14	В	0.10	14	В	0.13
	overall	signal	8	А	0.29	9	А	0.46

Based on the 2017 volumes and existing intersection configurations and controls, the study area intersections provide good overall levels of service (LOS C) or better with average delays during both peak hours. As such, no improvements are required to support the existing conditions.

2.3.2 Road Section Operations

As previously noted, the following lane capacities have been assumed for the adjacent road network:

- River Road West 800 vphpl (arterial);
- Theme Park Drive 400 vphpl (local); and
- Zoo Park Road 600 vphpl (local).

The existing road section operations are summarized in Table 2, reflective of the peak directional volumes during each of the noted peak hours.

As indicated, the study area road network is operating at 60% of capacity or less (i.e. $v/c \le 0.60$), thus indicating that the network has reserve capacity to accommodate additional growth. No improvements are recommended to address capacity under existing conditions.

Table 2: Road Section Operations – 2017 Existing Conditions

Road and Lanes per Direction		Сара	Capacity ¹		Traffic Volumes		me to acity
		NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB
River Rd. W. (west of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	689	610	0.43	0.38
River Rd. W. (east of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	530	499	0.33	0.31
River Rd. W. (west of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	481	444	0.60	0.56
River Rd. W. (east of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	414	428	0.52	0.54
Theme Park Dr. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	400	400	52	50	0.13	0.13
Zoo Park Rd. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	128	106	0.21	0.18
Zoo Park Rd. (south of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	192	218	0.32	0.36

¹ Capacity measured as vehicles per hour per direction.

3 Future Background Conditions

This chapter will describe the road network and background traffic volumes expected for the years 2019, 2024 and 2029. The 2019 horizon will consider full build-out and occupancy of Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4, whereas the 2024 and 2029 horizons will address the longer-term impacts (5 and 10 years beyond build-out) to the road network.

3.1 Road Network

As per the *Town of Wasaga Beach River Road West from Brillinger Drive to Eastern Town Limits Class Environmental Assessment*, a number of road improvements along the River Road West corridor are warranted over the next 10 to 15 years. Specific to this traffic impact study and in context of the study area road system, the Class EA recommended a widening of River Road West to 4 lanes (2 lanes per direction) from Zoo Park Road to the eastern Town limits by 2026, along with signalization of the intersection of River Road West with Theme Park Drive. The recommended intersection improvements also include provision of separate southbound left and right turn lanes on Theme Park Drive. As an interim measure prior to the widening to 4 lanes, the study recommended the provision of a continuous centre turn lane (e.g. 3 lane cross-section) as early as 2016.

The widening of River Road West was also addressed in the *Town of Wasaga Beach 2012 Transportation Study Update*³, with the need for 3 or 4 lanes identified in the 2020-2021 horizon. It is understood that the Town is currently undertaking a further update of this study; however, results have yet to be published.

3.2 Background Traffic Volumes

Background traffic volumes expected for the 2019, 2024 and 2029 horizon years have been determined based on the existing traffic volumes, projected growth for the study area as per the *River Road West from Brillinger Drive to Eastern Town Limits Class EA* and traffic increases associated with other planned development within the area.

3.2.1 River Road West Class EA

The *Town of Wasaga Beach River Road West from Brillinger Drive to Eastern Town Limits Class Environmental Assessment* prepared traffic projections for the 2026 horizon year in consideration of the following:

- historic growth from 1999 to 2006 and from 2006 to 2009;
- population and employment projections through to the year 2026;

³ Town of Wasaga Beach 2012 Transportation Study Update. Ainley Group, January 2013.

- growth from 17 specific area developments; and
- a general 2% background growth rate.

In considering the above, the Class EA study established a 5% annual growth rate on River Road West through the study area over the period 2011 to 2016, and 3% from 2016 to 2026.

3.2.2 Background Development — Georgian Sands

As previously noted, the *River Road West Class EA* considered several area developments, including the Georgian Sands development, formerly known as New England Village. The New England Village development plan consisted of 1,426 residential units, whereas the proposed Georgian Sands development will consist of 1,621 residential units, 178,500 ft² of commercial space and an elementary school with an assumed enrolment of 480 students. The *Georgian Sands Subdivision Traffic Impact Study (DRAFT)*⁴ provides updated trip volumes reflective of the new draft plan of subdivision for the development. As per the Georgian Sands draft traffic impact study, the development will occur in four phases with full build-out by 2026. The assumed phasing schedule is as follows:

- Phase 1 2020 build-out;
- Phase 2 2022 build-out:
- Phase 3 2024 build-out: and
- Phase 4 2026 build-out.

Overall, the Georgian Sand development is expected to generate 1,368 trips during the AM peak hour and 1,982 trips during the PM peak hour. The trip volumes associated with the Georgian Sands development that will travel to/from the west through the study area are provided in Figure 4 through Figure 8.

3.2.3 Background Traffic Volumes

2019 and 2024 Background Volumes

The 2019 and 2024 background traffic volumes have been established based on the 2017 existing volumes and the 2026 traffic projections provided in the *River Road West Class EA*, adjusted to remove the New England Village volumes (the Georgian Sands traffic has been re-introduced based on the new traffic volumes for the site and the proposed phasing). The 2019 volumes have been determined strictly through interpolation of the 2017 and 2026 traffic volumes (i.e. the Georgian Sands volumes have not been considered recognizing that Phase 1 will not be completed until after 2019). The 2024 background traffic volumes are based on interpolation of the 2017 and 2026 traffic volumes and further consider build-out of Phase 1 through Phase 3 of the Georgian Sands development. The

Wasaga Meadows East, Phase 4
Traffic Impact Study

⁴ Georgian Sands Subdivision Traffic Impact Study (DRAFT). C.C. Tatham & Associates Ltd. September 2017.

2019 and 2024 background volumes are illustrated in Figure 9 and Figure 10. It is noted that a 1% growth rate has been applied to the side streets (i.e. Theme Park Drive and Zoo Park Road), recognizing that growth on these roads, while not negligible, will be less than that experienced on River Road West.

2029 Background Volumes

The 2029 background traffic volumes have been established based on the 2026 traffic projections provided in the *River Road West Class EA* (adjusted to reflect full build-out of the Georgian Sands development) with further consideration of a sustained 3% annual growth rate for the period 2026 through 2029 (applied to the through volumes on River Road West). The 2029 background volumes are illustrated in Figure 11.

In comparison to the 2017 traffic volumes, the 2029 volumes reflect a realized annual growth in the order of 9.0%.

3.3 Background Traffic Operations

3.3.1 Intersection Operations

The study area intersections were again analyzed for each horizon year given the projected background volumes. While a number of road system improvements have been previously identified, they have not been considered in the initial intersection review; however, should traffic operations warrant, the previously improvements will be considered. The results of the operational assessment are summarized below (detailed worksheets are provided in Appendix C). For the intersection of Zoo Park Road with River Road West, the signal timings have been optimized to ensure efficient operations.

2019 Background Operations

The results for the 2019 horizon year are presented in Table 3. As indicated, the intersections will continue to provide good operating conditions (LOS C or better) with average delays during the weekday peak hour period. No intersection improvements are required to accommodate the 2019 background conditions.

2024 Background Operations

The results for the 2024 horizon year are provided in Table 4. As noted, the intersection of Zoo Park Road with River Road West will continue to provide good operations in 2024; however, the intersection of Theme Park Drive with River Road West will experience poor operating conditions (LOS F) with long delays given the projected 2024 background volumes. This is due to the significant increase of eastwest traffic on River Road West.

Table 3: Intersection Operations – 2019 Background Conditions

Intersection and Movement		Control		Weekday Peak H LOS		Weekday PM Peak Hour delay LOS v/c		
Theme Park Drive & NB River Road West SB	stop	15	С	0.05	25	С	0.14	
	SB	stop	14	В	0.09	20	С	0.18
	EB		6	Α	0.27	8	А	0.49
	WB	cianal	6	Α	0.19	7	Α	0.38
Zoo Park Road & River Road West	NB	signal	16	В	0.48	16	В	0.52
Taris Tread Tress	SB		14	В	0.11	14	В	0.14
	overall	signal	8	А	0.32	9	А	0.49

Table 4: Intersection Operations – 2024 Background Conditions

Intersection and Movement		Control		Neekday Peak H LOS		Weekday PM Peak Hour delay LOS v/c		
Theme Park Drive & NB River Road West SB	NB	stop	72	F	0.25	>100	F	>20
	SB	stop	61	F	0.42	>100	F	19.97
	EB		8	А	0.50	12	В	0.78
	WB	signal	7	Α	0.48	8	Α	0.63
Zoo Park Road & River Road West	NB		16	В	0.50	25	С	0.63
NIVOT NODE WEST	SB		14	В	0.11	20	С	0.16
	overall	signal	8	Α	0.50	12	В	0.75

In order to address the poor operating conditions, the intersection improvements recommended in the *River Road West Class EA* (namely signalization) have been considered. While the *River Road West Class EA* also identified exclusive turn lanes on Theme Park Road, the volumes on Theme Park Road are not such that would otherwise warrant separate turn lanes. In addition to the noted improvements, exclusive left turn lanes have also been considered on River Road West (consistent with the interim recommendations of the *Class EA* and the recommended improvements in the *Town of Wasaga Beach 2012 Transportation Study Update*). The intersection operations were re-assessed in consideration of the recommended improvements. The results of the assessment are provided in Table 5. The signal timings have been optimized to ensure efficient operations.

Table 5: Intersection Operations – 2024 Background (w/improvements)

Intersection and Movement		Control		Weekday I Peak H LOS		Weekday PM Peak Hour delay LOS v/c		
EB	EB		5	Α	0.53	8	А	0.77
	WB	signal	5	Α	0.54	8	Α	0.76
Theme Park Drive & River Road West	NB		27	С	0.16	37	D	0.27
-	SB		29	С	0.30	37	D	0.30
	overall	signal	6	А	0.52	9	А	0.73

In considering the noted intersection improvements and the projected 2024 background traffic volumes, the intersection of Theme Park Drive with River Road West will provide excellent overall operations with minimal delays.

2029 Background Operations

The operational assessment results for the 2029 horizon year are provided in Table 6. The assessment considers the intersection improvements recommended under 2024 background conditions.

As indicated, the study area intersections will provide good overall operations (LOS B or better) through the 2029 horizon, given the projected background volumes.

Table 6: Intersection Operations – 2029 Background Conditions

Intersection and Movement		Control		Neekday Peak H		Weekday PM Peak Hour		
			delay	LOS	v/c	delay	LOS	v/c
	EB		6	Α	0.64	15	В	0.90
	WB	olanal	6	Α	0.64	15	В	0.90
Theme Park Drive & River Road West	NB	signal	27	С	0.16	41	D	0.24
THIVOI TROUGHT WOOT	SB		29	С	0.32	41	D	0.28
	overall	signal	7	А	0.63	16	В	0.85
	EB		12	В	0.71	16	В	0.87
	WB	cianal	11	В	0.69	9	Α	0.68
Zoo Park Road & River Road West	NB	signal	13	В	0.43	42	D	0.73
	SB		12	В	0.11	32	С	0.19
	overall	signal	11	В	0.61	15	В	0.84

3.3.2 Road Section Operations

The road section capacity operations have been reviewed in context of the future background traffic volumes, the results of which are provided in Table 7 through Table 9. Recall, a widening of River Road West is justified when the volume projections exceed the noted capacity, reflective of a v/c ratio greater than 1.0. The volumes reflect the peak hour peak directional volumes on the road network.

As noted, the existing 2-lane cross section along River Road West is expected to operate above capacity in 2024, with conditions worsening by 2029. This is consistent with the recommendations of the *River Road West Class EA*, which recommends the 4-laning of River Road West by 2026. The *Town of Wasaga Beach 2012 Transportation Study Update* recommends a 3 or 4-lane cross-section by 2020/2021. The projected volumes indicate that widening may be required by 2024; provided that growth occurs as assumed. It is noted that the study area intersections (i.e. the pinch points in the road network) will provide good operations through 2029 despite the apparent capacity constraints along River Road West.

Table 7: Road Section Operations – 2019 Background Conditions

Road and Lanes per Direction		Сара	Capacity ¹		Traffic Volumes		me to acity
		NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB
River Rd. W. (west of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	740	695	0.46	0.43
River Rd. W. (east of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	578	582	0.36	0.36
River Rd. W. (west of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	523	525	0.65	0.66
River Rd. W. (east of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	455	509	0.57	0.64
Theme Park Dr. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	400	400	53	51	0.13	0.13
Zoo Park Rd. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	131	108	0.22	0.18
Zoo Park Rd. (south of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	196	222	0.33	0.37

Table 8: Road Section Operations – 2024 Background Conditions

Road and Lanes per Direction		Capacity ¹		Traffic Volumes		Volume to Capacity	
		NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB
River Rd. W. (west of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	1,344	1,270	0.84	0.79
River Rd. W. (east of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	1,173	1,151	0.73	0.72
River Rd. W. (west of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	1,104	1,090	1.38	1.36
River Rd. W. (east of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	1,032	1,073	1.29	1.34
Theme Park Dr. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	400	400	56	54	0.14	0.13
Zoo Park Rd. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	137	114	0.23	0.19
Zoo Park Rd. (south of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	206	234	0.34	0.39

Table 9: Road Section Operations – 2029 Background Conditions

Road and Lanes per Direction		Capacity ¹		Traffic Volumes		Volume to Capacity	
		NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB
River Rd. W. (west of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	1,565	1,497	0.98	0.94
River Rd. W. (east of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	1,386	1,372	0.87	0.86
River Rd. W. (west of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	1,301	1,303	1.63	1.63
River Rd. W. (east of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	1,225	1,285	1.53	1.61
Theme Park Dr. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	400	400	59	56	0.15	0.14
Zoo Park Rd. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	144	119	0.24	0.20
Zoo Park Rd. (south of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	216	246	0.36	0.41

3.4 Turn Lane Requirements

Despite the otherwise acceptable operations provided at the intersection of Theme Park Drive with River Road West, the need for exclusive left and right turn lanes on River Road West to serve turning traffic has been reviewed based on MTO warrants. The review is based on the following:

- MTO guidelines⁵ for auxiliary turn lanes at unsignalized intersections;
- a design speed of 60 km/h (reflective of the 50 km/h posted speed limit on River Road West);
- the projected 2019, 2024 and 2029 total traffic volumes for the right turns; and
- the projected 2019 total traffic volumes for the left turns (prior to the recommended signalization in 2024, at which point it is expected that left turn lanes would be implemented to complement the traffic signals).

3.4.1 Right Turn Lane

MTO guidelines suggest that an exclusive right turn lane be considered where right turn volumes exceed 60 vehicles per hour and impede the operations of through traffic. Based on the estimated volume of eastbound (entering the gas station) and westbound (entering Theme Park Drive) right turning traffic (40 to 70 vehicles per our), an exclusive right turn lane is not warranted. While the PM peak hour right turns will exceed 60 vehicles per hour, the volumes are not such that would otherwise impede through traffic.

⁵ *Geometric Design Standards for Ontario Highways*, Ontario Ministry of Transportation, undated.

3.4.2 Left Turn Lane

For two-lane undivided highways, MTO warrants for left turn lanes at unsignalized intersections are based on design speed, advancing volume (i.e. traffic travelling in the same direction as left turning traffic), opposing volume (i.e. traffic travelling in the opposite direction that would impede left turning vehicles), and the percentage of left turns in the approaching volume. Based on the MTO warrant criteria using 5% left turns in the advancing volume and a design speed of 60 km/h, an eastbound left turn lane with 15 metres of storage is warranted under the 2019 background conditions.

Despite the warrant, a left turn lane is not considered necessary in 2019 given the otherwise good intersection operations and further considering the intersection improvements identified under the 2024 horizon. Given the impending improvements along River Road West, it is recommended that any turn lane requirements be coordinated with the overall improvement plans of the corridor, whether it be intersection improvements, additional through capacity or both.

4 Proposed Development

This chapter will provide additional details with respect to the proposed development, including its location, intended use, site access, the projected site generated traffic volumes and the assignment of such to the adjacent road network.

4.1 Site Location

As illustrated in Figure 1, the proposed development site is located on the east side of Theme Park Drive, in the Town of Wasaga Beach.

4.2 Proposed Land-Use

The existing Wasaga Meadows East development (Phases 1 to 3, located on the west side of Theme Park Road, opposite the Phase 4 site) is a retirement community comprised of 92 townhouses units. Phase 4 will consist of an additional 66 senior residential townhouse units. A site plan is provided in Figure 12.

For the purpose of this study, full build-out of Phase 4 is assumed by 2019 (i.e. a single two year phase).

4.3 Site Access

With the development of Phase 4, Wally Drive will be extended east of Theme Park Drive to serve the site. A second access to Phase 4 will be provided with direct access to Theme Park Drive, opposite the north leg of Clover Crescent (which serves Phases 1 to 3). Both access points to Phase 4 will provide two way operations (one inbound lane and one outbound lane).

4.4 Site Traffic

4.4.1 Trip Generation

The number of vehicle trips to be generated by the proposed development has been determined based on type of use, development size, and trip generation rates as per the *ITE Trip Generation Manual* 9th *Edition*. Considering the nature of the proposed development, the *senior adult housing* – *detached* (ITE code 251) land-use has been applied. While the ITE manual also provides trip rates for a *senior adult housing* – *attached* land-use, apartment/condominium style developments are included in the trip rates. Thus the *senior adult housing* – *detached* land-use was considered more appropriate for the subject development. It is further noted that the trip rates for the *senior adult housing* – *detached* land-use

⁶ ITE Trip Generation Manual, 9th Edition. Institute of Transportation Engineers, 2012.

use are slightly more conservative than those for the attached housing land-use. The associated trip rates and trip estimates are provided in Table 10. The trip rates reflect the weekday AM and PM peak hour of the adjacent street.

Table 10: Trip Generation

Land Use	variable		Weekday AM Peak Hour			Weekday PM Peak Hour		
		in	out	total	in	out	total	
senior adult housing - detached (ITE Code 251)	units	0.08	0.14	0.22	0.16	0.11	0.27	
	66	5	10	15	11	7	18	

Overall, the proposed development is expected to generate 15 trips during the weekday AM peak hour and 18 trips during the weekday PM peak hour.

4.4.2 Trip Distribution and Assignment

The distribution of the site-generated traffic to the area road system reflects the location of the site in context of the Town of Wasaga Beach and travel patterns observed at the intersection of Theme Park Drive with River Road West. Based on the existing travel patterns, the following distribution was applied:

- to/from the east 40%; and
- to/from the west 60%.

While it is expected that a small portion of the site trips will travel along Wally Drive to Zoo Park Road, it has been assumed that all site traffic will travel to/from the site via Theme Park Drive and its intersection with River Road West, thus ensuring a conservative approach with respect to the intersection operations at Theme Park Drive and River Road West.

The resulting site generated traffic volumes, assigned to the road network, are illustrated in Figure 13.

5 Transportation Impacts

This chapter will address the resulting impacts of the proposed Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 development on the adjacent road system. The following areas are to be addressed:

- operations at the intersections River Road West with Zoo Park Road and Theme Park Drive;
- road section operations;
- available sight lines along Theme Park Drive at the proposed access points; and
- potential improvements to the study area road network, if necessary.

5.1 Future Total Traffic Volumes

To assess the impacts of the increased traffic volumes resulting from the proposed development, the site generated traffic was combined with the 2019, 2024, and 2029 background traffic volumes. The resulting total traffic volumes are presented in Figure 14 through Figure 16.

5.2 Future Total Traffic Operations

5.2.1 Intersection Operations

The operations of the study area intersections were again investigated considering the total traffic volumes for each horizon year. The results of the operational review are provided below (detailed worksheets are provided in Appendix D).

2019 Total Operations

The 2019 operations are summarized in Table 11. As indicated, the operations are comparative to the 2019 background operating conditions. The intersection of Theme Park Drive with River Road West will continue to provide good acceptable operations given the existing configuration with stop control on the minor movements. No improvements are required to accommodate the 2019 total conditions.

2024 Total Operations

The 2024 operations are summarized in Table 12. The operations assessment considers the improvements recommended to accommodate the 2024 background conditions (namely the provision of traffic signals and left turn lanes on River Road West at Theme Park Drive). As noted, the study area intersections will provide excellent overall operations with minimal delays in 2024. No additional intersection improvements are required to accommodate the 2024 total traffic volumes.

Table 11: Intersection Operations – 2019 Total Conditions

Intersection and Mo	vement	Control		Weekday I Peak H LOS			Weekday Peak Ho LOS	
Theme Park Drive &	NB	stop	16	С	0.05	26	D	0.15
River Road West	SB	stop	14	В	0.10	21	С	0.22
	EB	signal	6	А	0.27	8	Α	0.49
	WB		6	Α	0.19	7	Α	0.38
Zoo Park Road & River Road West	NB		16	В	0.48	16	В	0.52
Niver Road West	SB		14	В	0.11	14	В	0.14
	overall	signal	8	А	0.33	9	А	0.50

Table 12: Intersection Operations – 2024 Total Conditions

Intersection and Mo	vement	Control		Neekday Peak H			Weekday Peak Ho	
			delay	LOS	v/c	delay	LOS	v/c
	EB		5	Α	0.53	9	Α	0.78
	WB	olanol	5	Α	0.54	9	Α	0.77
Theme Park Drive & River Road West	NB	signal	27	С	0.15	35	D	0.21
	SB		29	С	0.32	36	D	0.27
	overall	signal	6	Α	0.53	10	В	0.74
	EB		10	Α	0.59	14	В	0.84
	WB	cianal	9	Α	0.56	10	Α	0.68
Zoo Park Road & River Road West	NB	signal	13	В	0.41	21	С	0.54
	SB		12	В	0.09	18	В	0.14
	overall	signal	10	Α	0.53	13	В	0.76

2029 Total Conditions

The 2029 operations are summarized in Table 13. The subject intersections will continue to provide good overall operations through 2029. No further intersection improvements are required to accommodate the 2029 total traffic volumes.

Table 13: Intersection Operations – 2029 Total Conditions

Intersection and Movement		Control	Weekday AM Peak Hour			Weekday PM Peak Hour		
			delay	LOS	v/c	delay	LOS	v/c
	EB		7	Α	0.66	16	В	0.90
	WB	cianal	7	Α	0.68	16	В	0.90
Theme Park Drive & River Road West	NB	signal	26	С	0.14	41	D	0.21
	SB		27	С	0.28	41	D	0.31
	overall	signal	8	А	0.64	17	В	0.85
	EB		12	В	0.72	16	В	0.87
	WB	cianal	11	В	0.69	9	Α	0.69
Zoo Park Road & River Road West	NB	signal	13	В	0.43	42	D	0.73
	SB		12	В	0.11	32	С	0.19
	overall	signal	12	В	0.62	15	В	0.85

2029 Total Conditions without River Road West Left Turn Lanes

A further review was conducted to consider the implications of only installing traffic signals at the intersection of Theme Park Road and River Road West (i.e. no left turn lanes on River Road West), recognizing that the provision of traffic signals may provide suitable operations at the intersection, thus providing an interim solution prior to improvements being implemented to River Road West (i.e. future widening). The review considered the 2029 total volumes which reflect the critical conditions. The results of the review are provided in Table 14.

Table 14: Theme Park Road & River Road West - Signals Only (2029 Conditions)

Intersection and Mo	vement	Control		Neekday Peak H LOS			Neekday Peak Ho LOS	
			uciay	LUJ	V/C	uciay	LUJ	V/C
	EB		8	Α	0.70	24	С	0.96
	WB	signal	7	Α	0.67	14	В	0.88
Theme Park Drive & River Road West	NB		29	С	0.16	51	D	0.25
	SB		30	С	0.29	52	D	0.36
	overall	signal	8	Α	0.67	20	С	0.92

As noted, the intersection will provide good overall operations through 2029 when considering signalization without exclusive left turn lanes on River Road West. This indicates that the implementation of traffic signals could serve as an interim solution until such time that additional through capacity is required on River Road West.

5.2.2 Site Access Operations

As previously noted, Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 will be served by two access points. The operations of the proposed site access points have not been explicitly analyzed given the limited volumes observed along Theme Park Drive, the excess reserve capacity of the road and the minimal volumes to be generated by Phase 4. In considering single lane approaches with stop control on the minor movement (i.e. on exit from the site), the site access points are expected to continue to provide excellent operations throughout the study horizon.

5.2.3 Road Section Operations

The road section operations under total conditions for the 2029 horizon are provided in Table 15. As noted, the 2029 road section operations under total conditions are consistent with the background conditions for the same horizon year. Additional lane capacity (i.e. 4-lane cross-section) is required through the study area under both scenarios. However, the study area intersections, which dictate the capacity of the road network, will continue to provide good operating conditions through the 2029 horizon (provided signalization is implemented at Theme Park Drive). Thus additional lane capacity may not be necessary.

Table 15: Road Section Operations – 2029 Total Conditions

Road and Lanes per Direction		Capacity ¹		Traffic Volumes		Volume to Capacity	
		NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB	NB/EB	SB/WB
River Rd. W. (west of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	1571	1501	0.98	0.94
River Rd. W. (east of Zoo Park Rd.)	2	1,600	1,600	1392	1376	0.87	0.86
River Rd. W. (west of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	1307	1307	1.63	1.63
River Rd. W. (east of Theme Park Dr.)	1	800	800	1228	1290	1.53	1.61
Theme Park Dr. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	400	400	69	63	0.17	0.16
Zoo Park Rd. (north of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	144	119	0.24	0.20
Zoo Park Rd. (south of River Rd. W.)	1	600	600	216	246	0.36	0.41

5.3 Sight Line Analysis

Sight lines on Theme Park Road have been reviewed for the Phase 4 access points at Wally Drive and opposite Clover Crescent. Based on MTO geometric design standards, the minimum stopping sight distance for a design speed of 60 km/h is 85 metres. This requirement provides sufficient distance for an approaching vehicle to observe a stationary hazard in the road (i.e. a vehicle stopped at an intersection waiting to complete a turn) and bring the vehicle to a complete stop prior to the hazard.

Wally Drive

The sight lines to/from the north along Theme Park Drive at Wally Drive are in excess of 250 metres, whereas the sight lines to/from the south are approximately 200 metres. In both instances the available sight lines satisfy the minimum stopping sight distances for a 60 km/h design speed.

Clover Crescent

The sight lines along Theme Park Drive from opposite Clover Crescent (i.e. proposed location of the second access to Phase 4) were also reviewed. The sight lines to/from the north are in excess of 250 metres, whereas the sight lines to/from the south are approximately 135 metres. As such, the available sight lines at the proposed access point opposite Clover Crescent satisfy the minimum stopping sight distance requirements for a 60 km/h design speed.

No improvements are required to address the available sight distances.

6 Summary

Wasaga Meadows East — Phase 4

This study has addressed the transportation impacts associated with Phase 4 of the Wasaga Meadows East development on Theme Park Drive within the Town of Wasaga Beach. The proposed development expansion is to consist of 66 senior residential townhouse units. Upon completion, the Phase 4 development is expected to generate 15 trips during the AM peak hour and 18 trips during the PM peak hour.

Intersection Operations

In addressing the study area traffic operations, the intersections of River Road West with Zoo Park Road and Theme Park Drive were analysed under existing conditions (2017) and for the 2019, 2024 and 2029 horizon periods. The results of the operational analyses indicate that the intersection of Zoo Park Road with River Road West will provide good overall conditions through 2029 under both future background and future total conditions. However, the intersection of Theme Park Drive with River Road West will experience poor operating conditions in 2024 under background conditions. Consistent with the recommendations of the *Town of Wasaga Beach River Road West from Brillinger Drive to Eastern Town Limits Class EA*, it is recommended that the noted intersection be signalized in 2024 to ensure acceptable operations under background conditions. Exclusive left turn lanes on River Road West are also considered. However, the provision of left turn lanes on River Road West may not be required in conjunction with the noted signalization. Signalization of the intersection will in itself provide good operations through 2029 without provision of exclusive left turn lanes on River Road West. With consideration for the noted improvements, good operating conditions through 2029 under both background and total conditions will be provided.

Link Operations

While the 2024 background traffic volumes on River Road West will exceed the available capacity at Theme Park Drive to the extent that additional through capacity be considered, it is noted that the otherwise good operating conditions at the study area intersections indicated that future widening may not be immediately required.

Site Access Intersections

Given the limited traffic volumes to be generated by the site, and further considering the excess capacity on Theme Park Drive, the site access points are expected to provide excellent operations through the 2029 horizon period.

Sight Line Review

The available sight lines along Theme Park Drive at the proposed site access points were reviewed and are considered acceptable in consideration of the MTO minimum sight distance requirements for the respective design speed.

Summary

The proposed Wasaga Meadows East Phase 4 development will not require any improvements to the study area road network over and above those already identified in the noted background studies as required to accommodate future background conditions.

Authored by: David Perks, M. Transportation Planner

Reviewed by: Michael Cullip, M.Eng., P.Eng

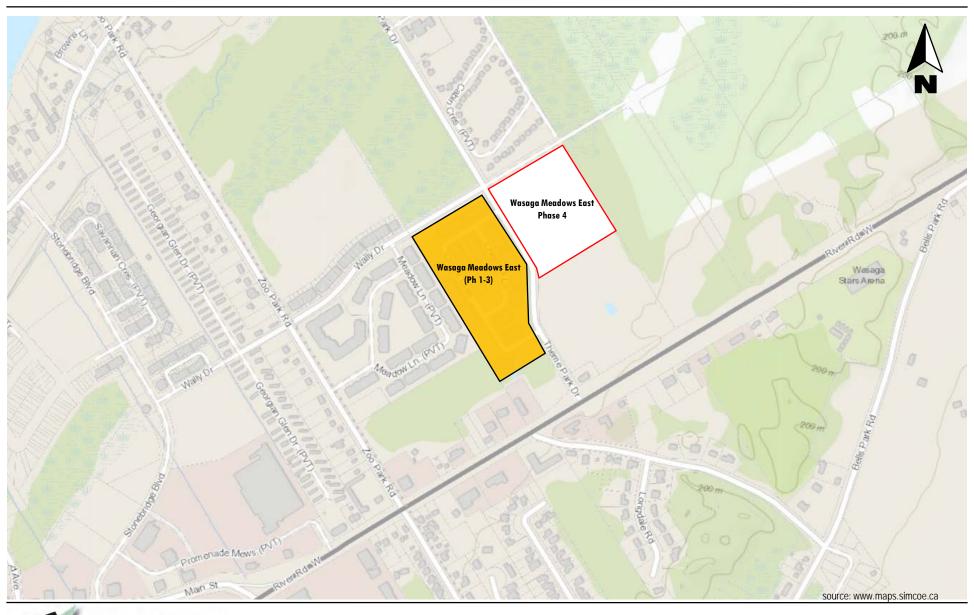
Director, Manager -

Transportation & Municipal Engineering

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Impact Study Figure

Site Location



Looking north along Theme Park Drive from River Road West



Looking east along River Road West from Theme Park Drive



Looking at south approach (opposite Theme Park Dr.) from River Road West



Looking west along River Road West from Theme Park Drive source: Google Streetview



Area Road Network

Figure

2a



Looking north along Zoo Park Road from River Road West



Looking east along River Road West from Zoo Park Road



Looking south along Zoo Park Road from River Road West



Looking west along River Road West from Zoo Park Road source: Google Streetview



Area Road Network

Figure

2b



Looking north along Theme Park Drive from Wally Drive



Looking north along Theme Park Drive from Clover Crescent

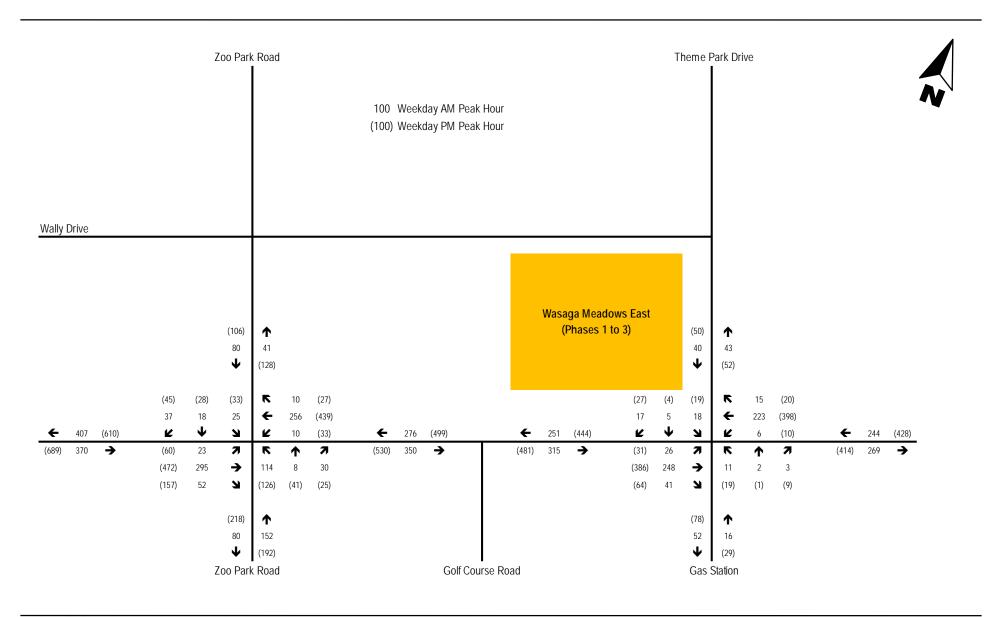


Looking south along Theme Park Drive from Wally Drive



Looking south along Theme Park Drive from Clover Crescent source: Google Streetview

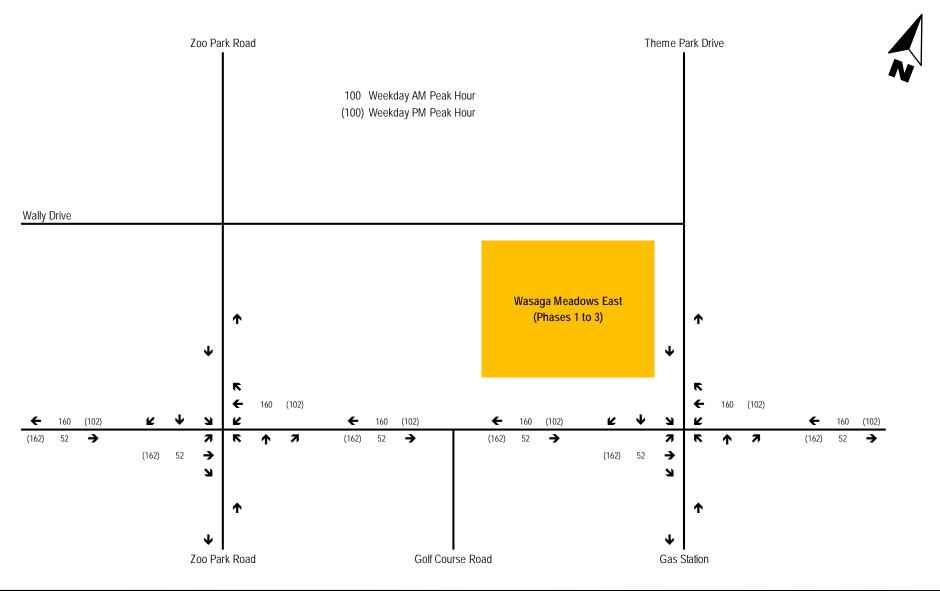






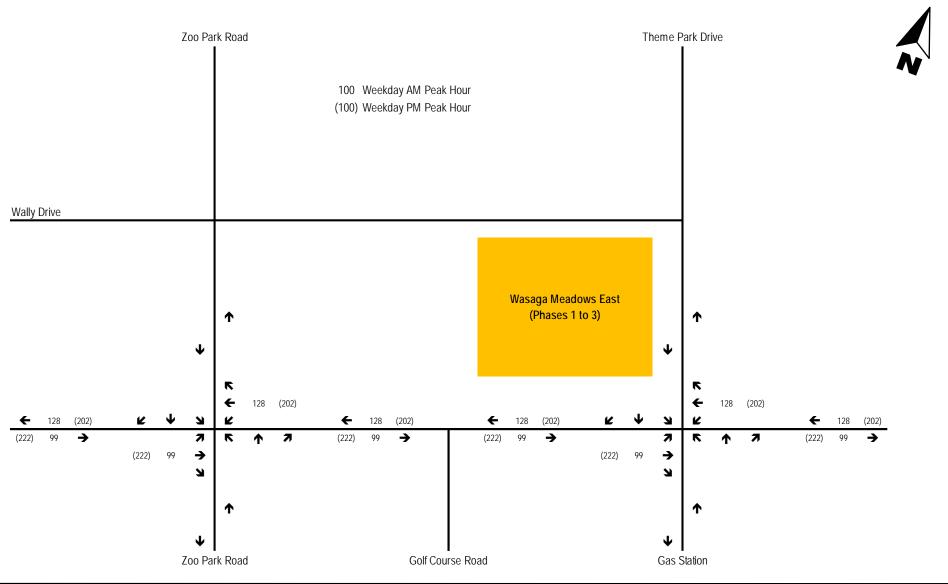
Figure

2017 Traffic Volumes



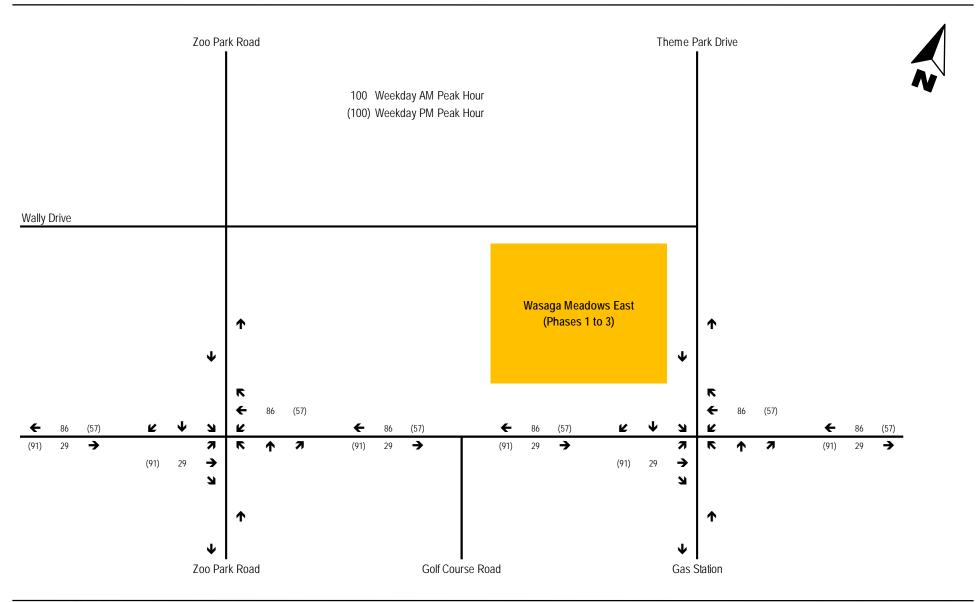


Figure



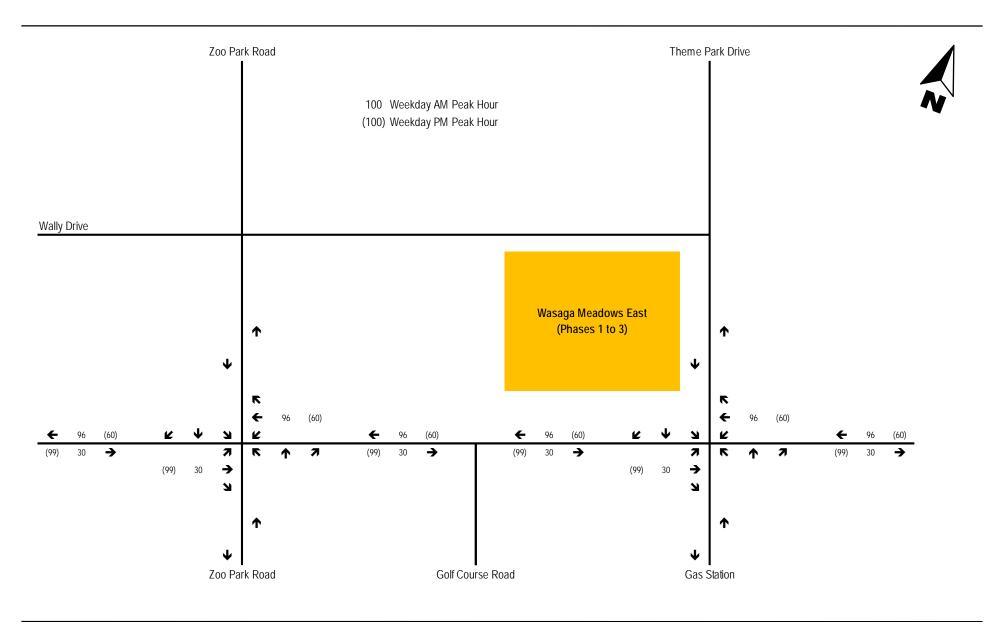


Figure



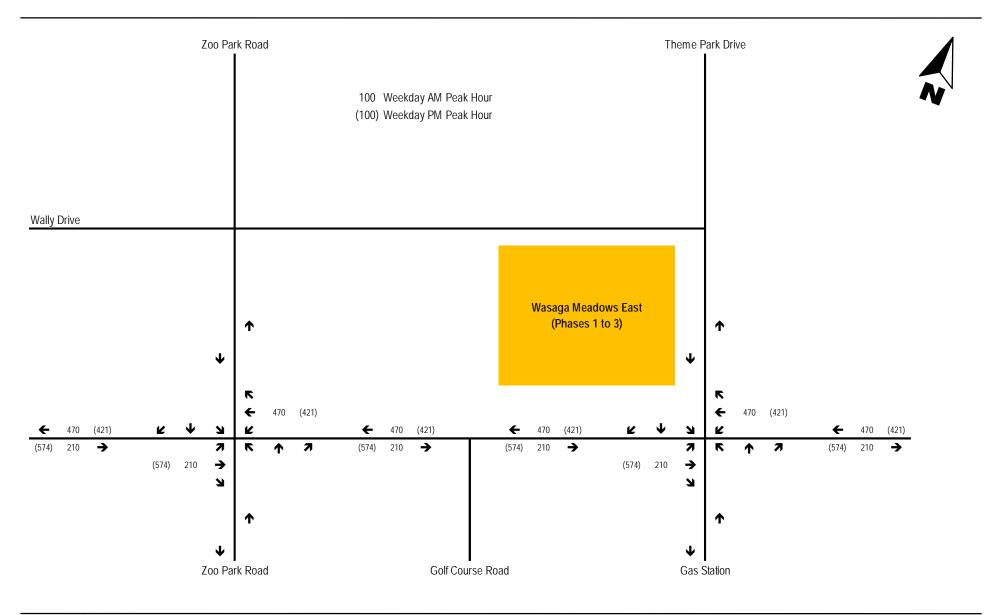


Figure



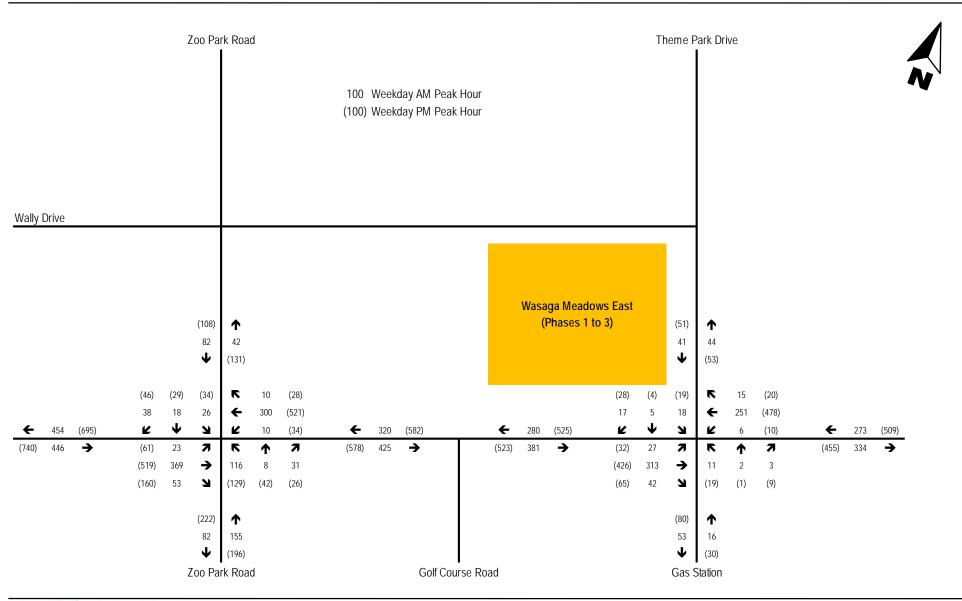


Figure





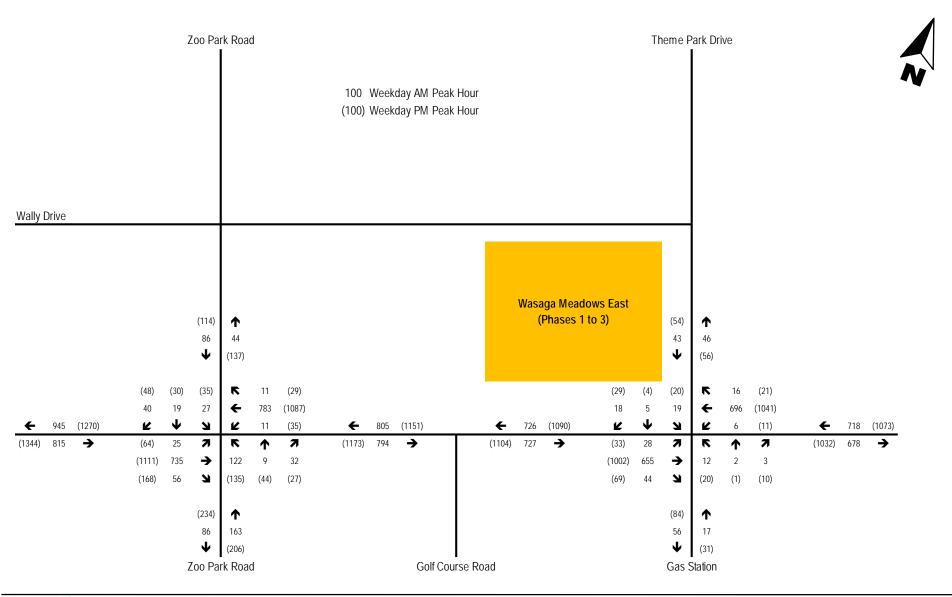
Figure





2019 Background Traffic Volumes

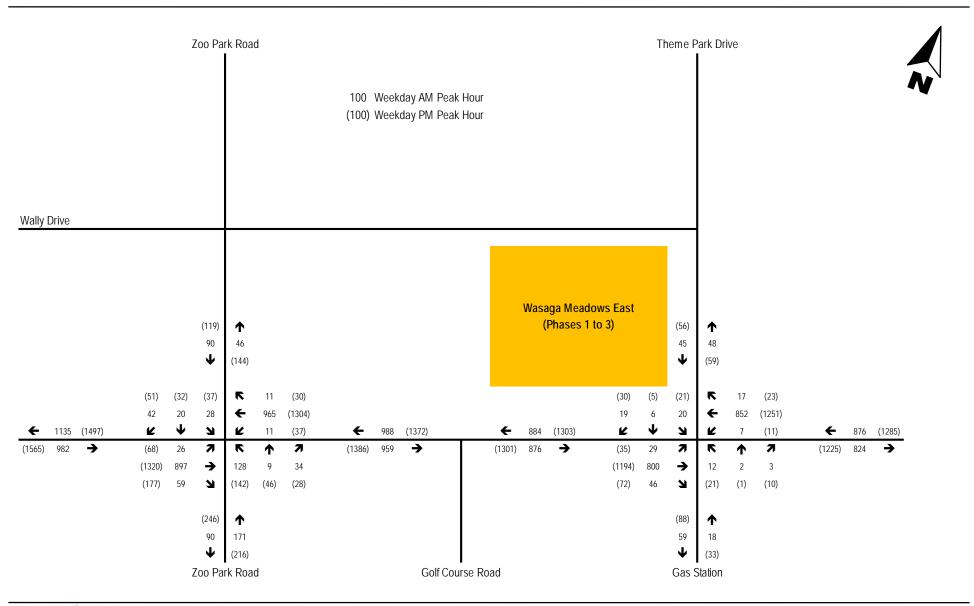
Figure





2024 Background Traffic Volumes

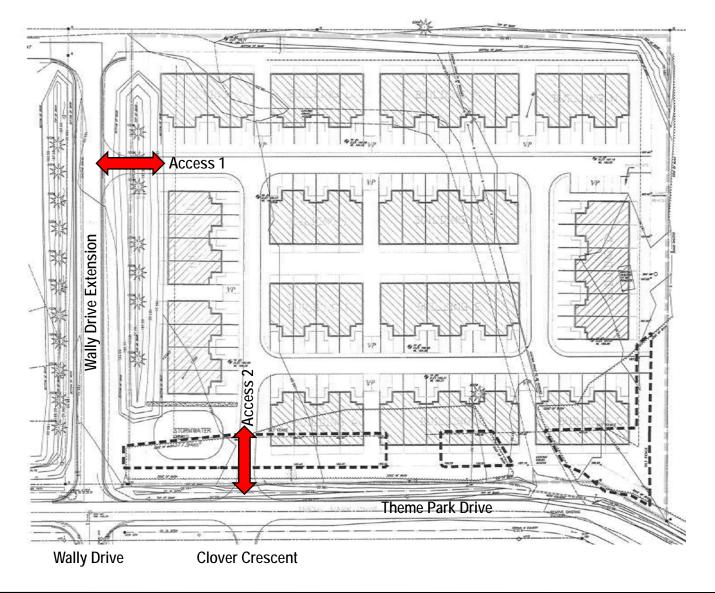
Figure





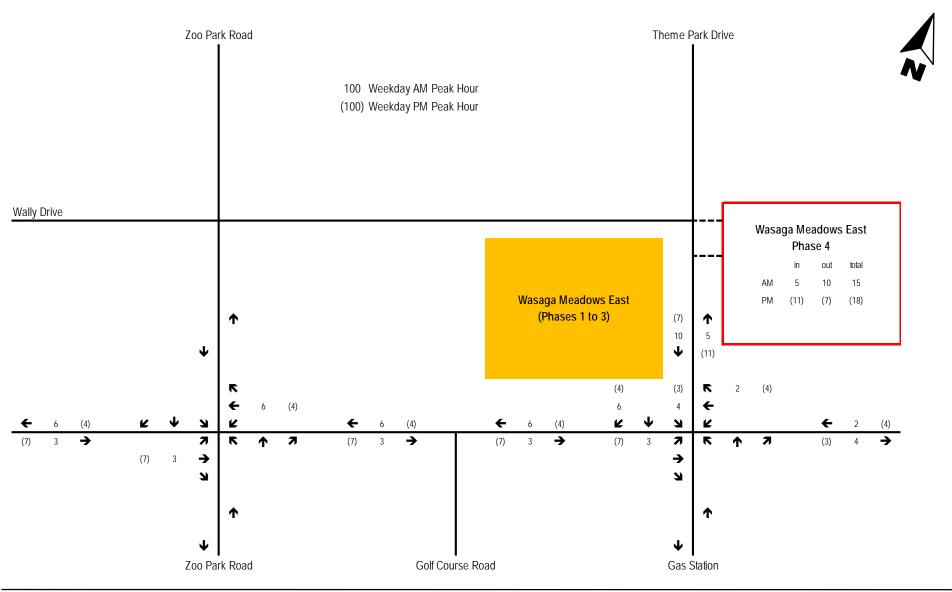
Figure

2029 Background Traffic Volumes







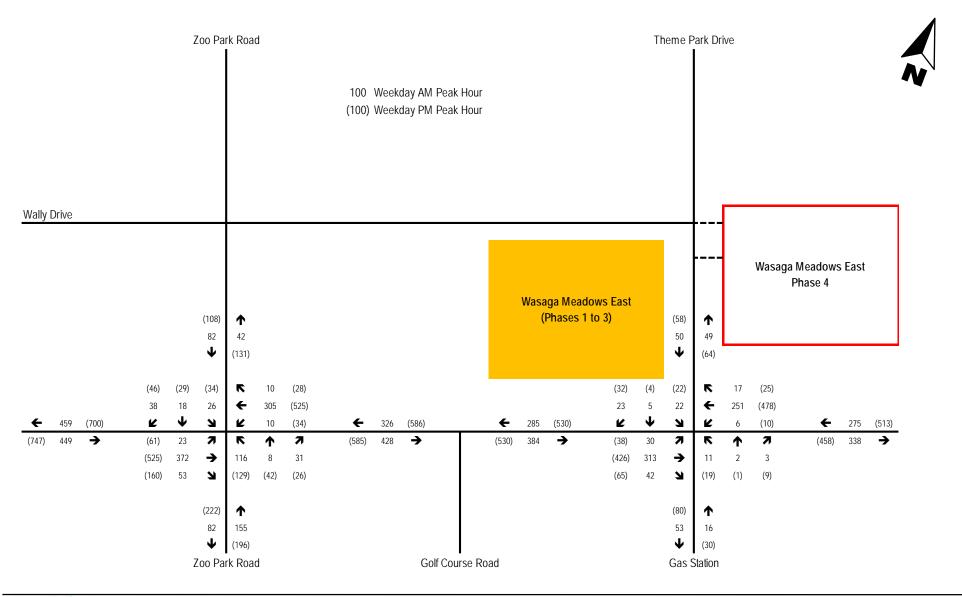




Wasaga Meadows East — Phase 4, Traffic Impact Study

Site Generated Traffic

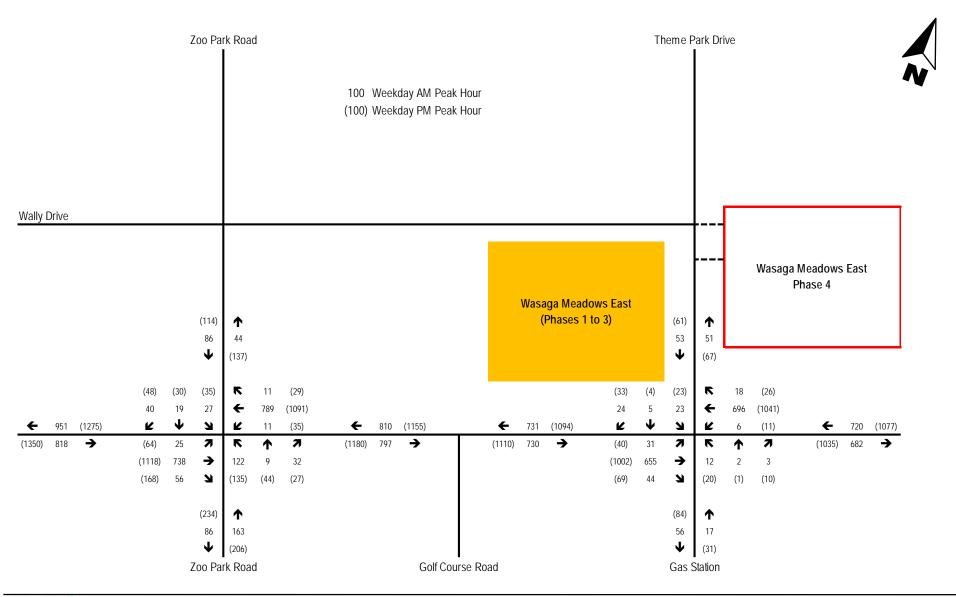
Figure





2019 Total Traffic Volumes

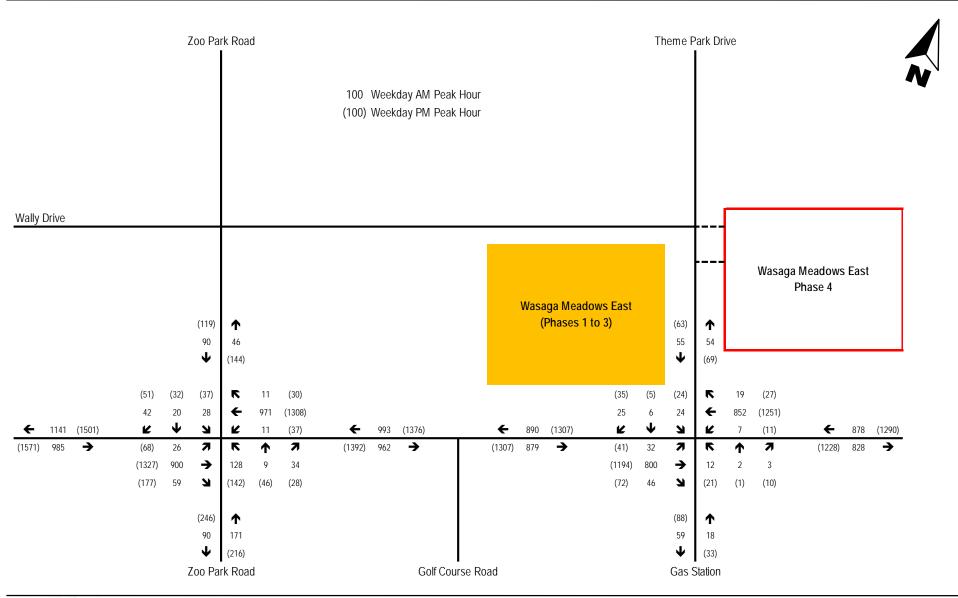
Figure





Figure

2024 Total Traffic Volumes





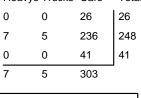
Figure

2029 Total Traffic Volumes

APPENDIX A: TRAFFIC COUNTS



Accu-Traffic Inc. **Morning Peak Diagram Specified Period One Hour Peak** From: 7:00:00 From: 8:00:00 To: 9:00:00 To: 9:00:00 Weather conditions: Municipality: Wasaga Beach 1717600001 Site #: Intersection: River Rd W & Theme Park Rd Person counted: TFR File #: Person prepared: Count date: 30-Aug-17 Person checked: ** Non-Signalized Intersection ** Major Road: River Rd W runs W/E North Leg Total: 83 Heavys 0 0 0 Heavys 0 East Leg Total: 513 0 0 North Entering: 40 Trucks 0 0 Trucks 0 East Entering: 244 North Peds: Cars 17 18 40 Cars 43 East Peds: X Peds Cross: Totals 17 18 Totals 43 Peds Cross: Theme Park Rd Totals Trucks Heavys Totals Heavys Trucks Cars Cars 4 235 251 15 0 0 12 15 223 207 12 6 0 228 12 River Rd W Heavys Trucks Cars Totals River Rd W 0 26 26 7 5 236 248







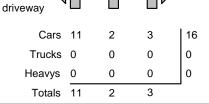
5

Cars

257







Peds Cross: M South Peds: 0 South Entering: 16 South Leg Total: 68

Trucks Heavys Totals

269

7



Accu-Traffic Inc. **Specified Period Afternoon Peak Diagram One Hour Peak** From: 16:00:00 From: 16:45:00 To: 18:00:00 17:45:00 To: Weather conditions: Municipality: Wasaga Beach 1717600001 Site #: Intersection: River Rd W & Theme Park Rd Person counted: TFR File #: Person prepared: Count date: 30-Aug-17 Person checked: ** Non-Signalized Intersection ** Major Road: River Rd W runs W/E North Leg Total: 102 Heavys 0 0 0 Heavys 3 East Leg Total: 842 0 0 428 North Entering: 50 Trucks 0 0 Trucks 0 East Entering: North Peds: Cars 27 19 50 Cars 49 East Peds: Totals 52 X Peds Cross: Totals 27 19 Peds Cross: Theme Park Rd Totals Trucks Heavys Totals Heavys Trucks Cars Cars 5 435 444 19 0 20 389 5 398 4 0 0 10 5 418 River Rd W Heavys Trucks Cars Totals River Rd W 0 29 31 7 7 372 386 0 0 64 64 Cars Trucks Heavys Totals 465 400 7 414 driveway X Cars 78 Peds Cross: Cars 19 Peds Cross: M 9 29 0 West Peds: 2 Trucks 0 Trucks 0 0 South Peds: West Entering: Heavys Heavys 0 0 0 South Entering: 29 West Leg Total: 925 Totals 78 Totals 19 9 South Leg Total: 107



Total Count Diagram

Municipality: Wasaga Beach

1717600001 Site #:

Intersection: River Rd W & Theme Park Rd

TFR File #:

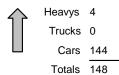
Count date: 30-Aug-17 Weather conditions:

Person counted: Person prepared: Person checked:

** Non-Signalized Intersection ** Major Road: River Rd W runs W/E

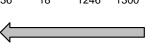
North Leg Total: 308 North Entering: 160 North Peds: Peds Cross:

Heavys 3 0 3 0 0 Trucks 0 0 Cars 86 58 157 Totals 89 58



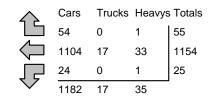
East Leg Total: 2520 1234 East Entering: East Peds: X Peds Cross:

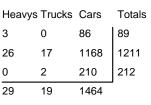
Heavys Trucks Cars Totals 18 1300 36 1246





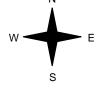
Theme Park Rd







River Rd W



driveway



Cars

1243

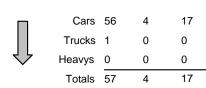
77

1

17

X Peds Cross: West Peds: West Entering: West Leg Total: 2812

Cars 247 Trucks 2 Heavys Totals 250



Peds Cross: M South Peds: South Entering: 78 South Leg Total: 328

Trucks Heavys Totals

1286

26



Morning Pe	ak Diag	ram	-	1: 7:0	Period 0:00 0:00		ne Hour Pe om: 8:00:0 o: 9:00:0	0
Site #: 17170	nga Beach 600002 Rd W & Zoo F ug-17	ark Rd	Pers Pers	on co on pr	onditions unted: epared: ecked:	:		
** Signalized Inters	ection **		Мајо	r Roa	d: River R	d W ru	uns W/E	
North Leg Total: 121 North Entering: 80 North Peds: 3 Peds Cross: Heavys Trucks Cars Total 13 6 388 407	•	0 0 0 0 18 25 18 25	3 0 77 Zoo Park R	d	Heavys 1 Trucks 0 Cars 40 Totals 41	Cars	East Leg Total East Entering: East Peds: Peds Cross: Trucks Heavy 0 1	276 3 X
Riv	rer Rd W	W	N E			241 10 260	5 10 0 0 5 11	256 10
Heavys Trucks Cars Total 0 0 23 23 9 3 283 295	<u></u>		S		Riv	er Rd V	V	
$ \begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 1 & 51 \\ 9 & 4 & 357 \end{array} $	$\overline{\mathcal{D}}$	Zoo Pa	ark Rd	$\hat{\mathbb{T}}$		Cars 338	Trucks Heav	s Totals 350
Peds Cross: X West Peds: 2	Cars 79 Trucks 1 Heavys 0		Cars 113 Trucks 1 Heavys 0	8 0 0	30 151 0 1 0 0		Peds Cross: South Peds: South Entering	⋈ 3 : 152



Afternoon Peak Diagram	Specified Period From: 16:00:00 To: 18:00:00	One Hour Peak From: 16:15:00 To: 17:15:00
Municipality: Wasaga Beach Site #: 1717600002 ntersection: River Rd W & Zoo Park Rd FFR File #: 1 Count date: 30-Aug-17	Weather conditions: Person counted: Person prepared: Person checked:	
* Signalized Intersection **	Major Road: River Rd \	W runs W/E
North Leg Total: 234 Heavys 1 0 0 North Entering: 106 Trucks 0 0 0 North Peds: 8 Peds Cross: ► Cars 44 28 33 Totals 45 28 33	1 Heavys 0 Trucks 2 Cars 126 Totals 128 Zoo Park Rd	East Leg Total: 1029 East Entering: 499 East Peds: 3 Peds Cross: X
Heavys Trucks Cars Totals 7 3 600 610) C 2 4	Cars Trucks Heavys Tota 7 0 0 27 130 3 6 439 12 0 1 33
River Rd W	$\frac{1}{4}$	89 3 7
Heavys Trucks Cars Totals 0 1 59 60 6 5 461 472	River I	Rd W
0 0 157 157 Zoo F		Cars Trucks Heavys Tota
Peds Cross: X Cars 217 West Peds: 3 Trucks 0 West Entering: 689 Heavys 1	Cars 126 40 22 188 Trucks 0 1 0 1 Heavys 0 0 3 3	Peds Cross: ► South Peds: 5 South Entering: 192
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		



Total Count Diagram

Municipality: Wasaga Beach

Site #: 1717600002

Intersection: River Rd W & Zoo Park Rd

TFR File #:

Count date: 30-Aug-17 Weather conditions:

Person counted: Person prepared:

Person checked:

** Signalized Intersection **

North Leg Total: 606 North Entering: North Peds: 16 Peds Cross:

Heavys 6 0 1 7 Trucks 0 0 Cars 130 91 301 Totals 136 81

Heavys 1 Trucks 4 Cars 292 Totals 297

Major Road: River Rd W runs W/E

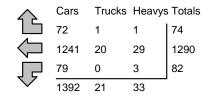
East Leg Total: 3113 East Entering: 1446 East Peds: 10 X Peds Cross:

Heavys Trucks Cars Totals 21 1866 35 1810





Zoo Park Rd

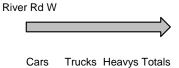


Heavys Trucks Cars Totals 2 139 141 23 19 1433 1475 0 1 405 406 1977



River Rd W





19

1621

X Peds Cross: West Peds: West Entering:

West Leg Total: 3888

Cars 564 Trucks 2 Heavys Totals 569

Cars 439 617 81 97 2 Trucks 1 1 0 Heavys 0 3 3 Totals 440 100

Peds Cross: M South Peds: 13 South Entering: 622 South Leg Total: 1191

27

1667

APPENDIX B: EXISTING OPERATIONS

	۶	→	•	•	—	•	•	†	<i>></i>	>	+	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	26	248	41	6	223	15	11	2	3	18	5	17
Future Volume (Veh/h)	26	248	41	6	223	15	11	2	3	18	5	17
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	27	261	43	6	235	16	12	2	3	19	5	18
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	251			304			612	600	282	596	613	243
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	251			304			612	600	282	596	613	243
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	98			100			97	100	100	95	99	98
cM capacity (veh/h)	1314			1257			385	404	756	405	397	796
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	331	257	17	42								
Volume Left	27	6	12	19								
Volume Right	43	16	3	18								
cSH	1314	1257	424	511								
Volume to Capacity	0.02	0.00	0.04	0.08								
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.5	0.1	1.0	2.0								
Control Delay (s)	0.8	0.2	13.8	12.7								
Lane LOS	Α	Α	В	В								
Approach Delay (s)	0.8	0.2	13.8	12.7								
Approach LOS			В	В								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			1.7									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		38.6%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Movement EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR SBL SBT SBL Lane Configurations 415 415 15 15 15 15 Traffic Volume (vph) 23 295 52 10 256 10 114 8 30 25 18 30 Future Volume (vph) 23 295 52 10 256 10 114 8 30 25 18 30 Ideal Flaw (vph) 1000
Traffic Volume (vph) 23 295 52 10 256 10 114 8 30 25 18 3 Future Volume (vph) 23 295 52 10 256 10 114 8 30 25 18 3
Future Volume (vph) 23 295 52 10 256 10 114 8 30 25 18 3
Ideal Flow (whal) 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10
Ideal Flow (vphpl) 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 190
Total Lost time (s) 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0
Lane Util. Factor 0.95 0.95 1.00 1.00 1.00
Frt 0.98 0.99 1.00 0.88 1.00 0.90
Flt Protected 1.00 1.00 0.95 1.00 0.95 1.00
Satd. Flow (prot) 3492 3552 1789 1657 1789 1693
Flt Permitted 0.93 0.94 0.72 1.00 0.73 1.00
Satd. Flow (perm) 3242 3334 1355 1657 1377 1693
Peak-hour factor, PHF 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95
Adj. Flow (vph) 24 311 55 11 269 11 120 8 32 26 19 3
RTOR Reduction (vph) 0 22 0 0 5 0 0 26 0 0 32
Lane Group Flow (vph) 0 368 0 0 286 0 120 14 0 26 26
Turn Type Perm NA Perm NA Perm NA Perm NA
Protected Phases 4 8 2 6
Permitted Phases 4 8 2 6
Actuated Green, G (s) 21.4 21.4 7.5 7.5 7.5
Effective Green, g (s) 21.4 21.4 7.5 7.5 7.5
Actuated g/C Ratio 0.52 0.52 0.18 0.18 0.18 0.18
Clearance Time (s) 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0
Vehicle Extension (s) 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0
Lane Grp Cap (vph) 1696 1744 248 303 252 310
v/s Ratio Prot 0.01 0.02
v/s Ratio Perm c0.11 0.09 c0.09 0.02
v/c Ratio 0.22 0.16 0.48 0.05 0.10 0.08
Uniform Delay, d1 5.2 5.1 15.0 13.8 13.9 13.9
Progression Factor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00
Incremental Delay, d2 0.3 0.2 1.5 0.1 0.2 0.1
Delay (s) 5.5 5.3 16.5 13.8 14.1 14.0
Level of Service A A B B B
Approach Delay (s) 5.5 5.3 15.8 14.0
Approach LOS A A B B
Intersection Summary
HCM 2000 Control Delay 8.0 HCM 2000 Level of Service A
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity ratio 0.29
Actuated Cycle Length (s) 40.9 Sum of lost time (s) 12.0
Intersection Capacity Utilization 46.1% ICU Level of Service A
Analysis Period (min) 15

	۶	→	•	•	←	•	•	†	<i>></i>	>	+	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	31	386	64	10	398	20	19	1	9	19	4	27
Future Volume (Veh/h)	31	386	64	10	398	20	19	1	9	19	4	27
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	33	406	67	11	419	21	20	1	9	20	4	28
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	440			473			987	968	440	966	990	430
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	440			473			987	968	440	966	990	430
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	97			99			90	100	99	91	98	96
cM capacity (veh/h)	1120			1089			207	244	617	223	237	626
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	506	451	30	52								
Volume Left	33	11	20	20								
Volume Right	67	21	9	28								
cSH	1120	1089	260	343								
Volume to Capacity	0.03	0.01	0.12	0.15								
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.7	0.2	2.9	4.0								
Control Delay (s)	0.9	0.3	20.6	17.3								
Lane LOS	Α	Α	С	С								
Approach Delay (s)	0.9	0.3	20.6	17.3								
Approach LOS			С	С								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			2.0									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	ion		49.9%	IC	CU Level c	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		۔}			4T)		ሻ	1>		ሻ	f)	
Traffic Volume (vph)	60	472	157	33	439	27	126	41	25	33	28	45
Future Volume (vph)	60	472	157	33	439	27	126	41	25	33	28	45
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.97			0.99		1.00	0.94		1.00	0.91	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3441			3538		1789	1777		1789	1709	
Flt Permitted		0.87			0.88		0.71	1.00		0.71	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		2995			3121		1333	1777		1341	1709	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	63	497	165	35	462	28	133	43	26	35	29	47
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	48	0	0	7	0	0	21	0	0	38	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	677	0	0	518	0	133	48	0	35	38	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2	_		6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		21.0			21.0		8.0	8.0		8.0	8.0	
Effective Green, g (s)		21.0			21.0		8.0	8.0		8.0	8.0	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.51			0.51		0.20	0.20		0.20	0.20	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1534			1598		260	346		261	333	
v/s Ratio Prot		.001			.070		200	0.03			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.23			0.17		c0.10			0.03		
v/c Ratio		0.44			0.32		0.51	0.14		0.13	0.11	
Uniform Delay, d1		6.3			5.8		14.8	13.7		13.6	13.6	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		0.9			0.5		1.7	0.2		0.2	0.2	
Delay (s)		7.2			6.4		16.5	13.8		13.9	13.7	
Level of Service		Α			Α		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		7.2			6.4			15.6			13.8	
Approach LOS		А			А			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			8.5	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.46									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	-		41.0	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		62.4%		CU Level o				В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
0.44 1.1 0												

APPENDIX C: FUTURE BACKGROUND OPERATIONS

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	27	313	42	6	251	15	11	2	3	18	5	17
Future Volume (Veh/h)	27	313	42	6	251	15	11	2	3	18	5	17
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	28	329	44	6	264	16	12	2	3	19	5	18
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	280			373			712	699	351	695	713	272
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	280			373			712	699	351	695	713	272
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	98			99			96	99	100	95	99	98
cM capacity (veh/h)	1283			1185			329	354	692	346	348	767
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	401	286	17	42								
Volume Left	28	6	12	19								
Volume Right	44	16	3	18								
cSH	1283	1185	366	453								
Volume to Capacity	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.09								
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.5	0.1	1.1	2.3								
Control Delay (s)	8.0	0.2	15.3	13.8								
Lane LOS	А	Α	С	В								
Approach Delay (s)	8.0	0.2	15.3	13.8								
Approach LOS			С	В								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			1.6									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		43.0%	IC	CU Level of	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		ሻ	1>		ሻ	1>	
Traffic Volume (vph)	23	369	53	10	300	10	116	8	31	26	18	38
Future Volume (vph)	23	369	53	10	300	10	116	8	31	26	18	38
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.98			1.00		1.00	0.88		1.00	0.90	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3505			3555		1789	1656		1789	1692	
Flt Permitted		0.93			0.94		0.72	1.00		0.73	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		3259			3335		1353	1656		1376	1692	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	24	388	56	11	316	11	122	8	33	27	19	40
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	18	0	0	4	0	0	27	0	0	33	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	450	0	0	334	0	122	14	0	27	26	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		21.2			21.2		7.6	7.6		7.6	7.6	
Effective Green, g (s)		21.2			21.2		7.6	7.6		7.6	7.6	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.52			0.52		0.19	0.19		0.19	0.19	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1693			1732		252	308		256	315	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.01			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.14			0.10		c0.09			0.02		
v/c Ratio		0.27			0.19		0.48	0.05		0.11	0.08	
Uniform Delay, d1		5.5			5.2		14.8	13.6		13.8	13.7	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		0.4			0.2		1.5	0.1		0.2	0.1	
Delay (s)		5.8			5.5		16.3	13.7		14.0	13.8	
Level of Service		Α			Α		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		5.8			5.5			15.7			13.9	
Approach LOS		Α			Α			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			7.9	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.32									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			40.8	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		49.6%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	32	426	65	10	478	20	19	1	9	19	4	28
Future Volume (Veh/h)	32	426	65	10	478	20	19	1	9	19	4	28
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	34	448	68	11	503	21	20	1	9	20	4	29
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked				0.98			0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	
vC, conflicting volume	524			516			1116	1096	482	1095	1120	514
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	524			491			1107	1086	456	1085	1110	514
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	97			99			88	100	98	89	98	95
cM capacity (veh/h)	1043			1046			165	202	589	180	195	561
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	550	535	30	53								
Volume Left	34	11	20	20								
Volume Right	68	21	9	29								
cSH	1043	1046	212	289								
Volume to Capacity	0.03	0.01	0.14	0.18								
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.8	0.2	3.7	5.0								
Control Delay (s)	0.9	0.3	24.7	20.2								
Lane LOS	A	A	C C	C								
Approach Delay (s)	0.9	0.3	24.7	20.2								
Approach LOS	0.7	0.5	C C	C C								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			2.1									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		53.5%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			А			
Analysis Period (min)	uUH		15	IC	ים דבגבו (JEI VICE			А			

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4T)			414		ሻ	1>		ሻ	1>	
Traffic Volume (vph)	61	519	160	34	521	28	129	42	26	34	29	46
Future Volume (vph)	61	519	160	34	521	28	129	42	26	34	29	46
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.97			0.99		1.00	0.94		1.00	0.91	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3448			3543		1789	1776		1789	1712	
Flt Permitted		0.86			0.88		0.71	1.00		0.71	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		2969			3129		1329	1776		1339	1712	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	64	546	168	36	548	29	136	44	27	36	31	48
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	44	0	0	6	0	0	22	0	0	39	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	734	0	0	607	0	136	49	0	36	40	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		20.9			20.9		8.1	8.1		8.1	8.1	
Effective Green, g (s)		20.9			20.9		8.1	8.1		8.1	8.1	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.51			0.51		0.20	0.20		0.20	0.20	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1513			1595		262	350		264	338	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.03			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.25			0.19		c0.10			0.03		
v/c Ratio		0.49			0.38		0.52	0.14		0.14	0.12	
Uniform Delay, d1		6.5			6.1		14.7	13.6		13.6	13.5	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		1.1			0.7		1.7	0.2		0.2	0.2	
Delay (s)		7.7			6.8		16.4	13.8		13.8	13.7	
Level of Service		Α			Α		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		7.7			6.8			15.5			13.7	
Approach LOS		Α			А			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			8.7	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.49									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			41.0		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		66.3%	IC	CU Level of	of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	28	655	44	6	696	16	12	2	3	19	5	18
Future Volume (Veh/h)	28	655	44	6	696	16	12	2	3	19	5	18
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	29	689	46	6	733	17	13	2	3	20	5	19
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked				0.73			0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	
vC, conflicting volume	750			735			1545	1532	712	1528	1546	742
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	750			453			1562	1544	422	1538	1564	742
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												J
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	97			99			78	98	99	69	94	95
cM capacity (veh/h)	859			809			58	80	462	65	78	416
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	764	756	18	44								
Volume Left	29	6	13	20								
Volume Right	46	17	3	19								
cSH	859	809	71	106								
Volume to Capacity	0.03	0.01	0.25	0.42								
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.03	0.01	6.8	13.3								
Control Delay (s)	0.8	0.2	72.2	61.4								
Lane LOS		0.2 A	72.2 F	61.4 F								
	A 0.9	0.2	72.2	61.4								
Approach LOS	0.9	0.2	72.2 F	61.4 F								
Approach LOS			Г	Г								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			3.1									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		65.6%	IC	CU Level c	of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		*	f)		ሻ	1>	
Traffic Volume (vph)	25	735	56	11	783	11	122	9	32	27	19	40
Future Volume (vph)	25	735	56	11	783	11	122	9	32	27	19	40
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.99			1.00		1.00	0.88		1.00	0.90	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3536			3568		1789	1660		1789	1692	
Flt Permitted		0.91			0.94		0.72	1.00		0.73	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		3237			3353		1350	1660		1373	1692	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	26	774	59	12	824	12	128	9	34	28	20	42
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	9	0	0	2	0	0	28	0	0	34	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	850	0	0	846	0	128	15	0	28	28	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		22.0			22.0		7.9	7.9		7.9	7.9	
Effective Green, g (s)		22.0			22.0		7.9	7.9		7.9	7.9	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.53			0.53		0.19	0.19		0.19	0.19	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1699			1760		254	312		258	319	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.01			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.26			0.25		c0.09			0.02		
v/c Ratio		0.50			0.48		0.50	0.05		0.11	0.09	
Uniform Delay, d1		6.4			6.3		15.2	13.9		14.1	14.0	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		1.1			0.9		1.6	0.1		0.2	0.1	
Delay (s)		7.5			7.3		16.8	14.0		14.3	14.1	
Level of Service		Α			Α		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		7.5			7.3			16.1			14.2	
Approach LOS		Α			А			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			8.4	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.50									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			41.9	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		63.8%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	33	1002	69	11	1041	21	20	1	10	20	4	29
Future Volume (Veh/h)	33	1002	69	11	1041	21	20	1	10	20	4	29
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	35	1055	73	12	1096	22	21	1	11	21	4	31
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked				0.42			0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	
vC, conflicting volume	1118			1128			2326	2304	1092	2304	2329	1107
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	1118			618			3457	3405	532	3406	3465	1107
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	94			97			0	65	95	0	0	88
cM capacity (veh/h)	625			406			0	3	231	1	3	256
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	1163	1130	33	56								
Volume Left	35	12	21	21								
Volume Right	73	22	11	31								
cSH	625	406	0	3								
Volume to Capacity	0.06	0.03	Err	19.97								
Queue Length 95th (m)	1.3	0.7	Err	Err								
Control Delay (s)	2.1	1.4	Err	Err								
Lane LOS	A	Α	F	F								
Approach Delay (s)	2.1	1.4	Err	Err								
Approach LOS			F	F								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			Err									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		87.6%	IC	CU Level c	f Service			Е			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		*	1>		7	1>	
Traffic Volume (vph)	64	1111	168	35	1087	29	135	44	27	35	30	48
Future Volume (vph)	64	1111	168	35	1087	29	135	44	27	35	30	48
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.98			1.00		1.00	0.94		1.00	0.91	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3503			3559		1789	1777		1789	1710	
Flt Permitted		0.82			0.87		0.70	1.00		0.71	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		2877			3088		1324	1777		1335	1710	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	67	1169	177	37	1144	31	142	46	28	37	32	51
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	15	0	0	3	0	0	23	0	0	42	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	1398	0	0	1209	0	142	51	0	37	41	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		35.4			35.4		9.7	9.7		9.7	9.7	
Effective Green, g (s)		35.4			35.4		9.7	9.7		9.7	9.7	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.62			0.62		0.17	0.17		0.17	0.17	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1783			1914		224	301		226	290	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.03			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.49			0.39		c0.11			0.03		
v/c Ratio		0.78			0.63		0.63	0.17		0.16	0.14	
Uniform Delay, d1		8.0			6.8		22.0	20.3		20.2	20.2	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		3.5			1.6		5.8	0.3		0.3	0.2	
Delay (s)		11.6			8.4		27.8	20.5		20.6	20.4	
Level of Service		В			Α		С	С		С	С	
Approach Delay (s)		11.6			8.4			25.3			20.4	
Approach LOS		В			А			С			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			11.6	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.75									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			57.1		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		99.1%	IC	CU Level	of Service			F			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	î.		ሻ	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	28	655	44	6	696	16	12	2	3	19	5	18
Future Volume (vph)	28	655	44	6	696	16	12	2	3	19	5	18
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.98			0.94	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1866		1789	1877			1777			1734	
Flt Permitted	0.34	1.00		0.35	1.00			1.00			0.97	
Satd. Flow (perm)	639	1866		654	1877			1841			1720	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	29	689	46	6	733	17	13	2	3	20	5	19
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	18	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	29	733	0	6	749	0	0	15	0	0	26	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	43.5	43.5		43.5	43.5			3.0			3.0	
Effective Green, g (s)	43.5	43.5		43.5	43.5			3.0			3.0	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.74	0.74		0.74	0.74			0.05			0.05	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	475	1387		486	1395			94			88	
v/s Ratio Prot		0.39			c0.40							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.05			0.01				0.01			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.06	0.53		0.01	0.54			0.16			0.30	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.0	3.2		1.9	3.2			26.5			26.7	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	0.2	1.4		0.0	1.5			8.0			1.9	
Delay (s)	2.3	4.6		2.0	4.7			27.4			28.6	
Level of Service	А	А		А	Α			С			С	
Approach Delay (s)		4.5			4.7			27.4			28.6	
Approach LOS		А			Α			С			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			5.5	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	city ratio		0.52									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			58.5		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		50.9%	IC	CU Level o	of Service	;		Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ħ	1>		ሻ	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	33	1002	69	11	1041	21	20	1	10	20	4	29
Future Volume (vph)	33	1002	69	11	1041	21	20	1	10	20	4	29
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.95			0.93	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1865		1789	1878			1743			1711	
Flt Permitted	0.18	1.00		0.17	1.00			0.77			0.86	
Satd. Flow (perm)	331	1865		323	1878			1391			1503	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	35	1055	73	12	1096	22	21	1	11	21	4	31
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	10	0	0	29	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	35	1126	0	12	1117	0	0	23	0	0	27	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	62.1	62.1		62.1	62.1			4.8			4.8	
Effective Green, g (s)	62.1	62.1		62.1	62.1			4.8			4.8	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.79	0.79		0.79	0.79			0.06			0.06	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	260	1467		254	1478			84			91	
v/s Ratio Prot		c0.60			0.60							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.11			0.04				0.02			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.13	0.77		0.05	0.76			0.27			0.30	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.0	4.5		1.9	4.4			35.4			35.4	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	1.1	3.9		0.4	3.7			1.7			1.8	
Delay (s)	3.1	8.4		2.2	8.1			37.1			37.2	
Level of Service	А	Α		Α	Α			D			D	
Approach Delay (s)		8.3			8.0			37.1			37.2	
Approach LOS		Α			А			D			D	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			9.2	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capaci	ty ratio		0.73									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			78.9	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		70.3%		CU Level o				С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	f)		ሻ	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	29	800	46	7	852	17	12	2	3	20	6	19
Future Volume (vph)	29	800	46	7	852	17	12	2	3	20	6	19
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.98			0.94	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1868		1789	1878			1777			1736	
Flt Permitted	0.25	1.00		0.27	1.00			1.00			0.93	
Satd. Flow (perm)	478	1868		501	1878			1841			1657	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	31	842	48	7	897	18	13	2	3	21	6	20
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	19	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	31	888	0	7	914	0	0	15	0	0	28	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	43.2	43.2		43.2	43.2			3.1			3.1	
Effective Green, g (s)	43.2	43.2		43.2	43.2			3.1			3.1	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.74	0.74		0.74	0.74			0.05			0.05	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	354	1384		371	1391			97			88	
v/s Ratio Prot		0.48			c0.49							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.06			0.01				0.01			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.09	0.64		0.02	0.66			0.16			0.32	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.1	3.7		2.0	3.8			26.4			26.6	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	0.5	2.3		0.1	2.4			8.0			2.1	
Delay (s)	2.6	6.0		2.1	6.3			27.1			28.7	
Level of Service	Α	А		А	А			С			С	
Approach Delay (s)		5.9			6.2			27.1			28.7	
Approach LOS		А			А			С			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			6.8	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	icity ratio		0.63									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)		58.3			um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		59.2%	IC	CU Level of	of Service	!		В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		ň	1>		¥	1>	
Traffic Volume (vph)	26	897	59	11	965	11	128	9	34	28	20	42
Future Volume (vph)	26	897	59	11	965	11	128	9	34	28	20	42
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.99			1.00		1.00	0.88		1.00	0.90	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3542			3570		1789	1657		1789	1692	
Flt Permitted		0.90			0.94		0.71	1.00		0.73	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		3204			3344		1346	1657		1371	1692	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	27	944	62	12	1016	12	135	9	36	29	21	44
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	9	0	0	2	0	0	27	0	0	22	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	1024	0	0	1038	0	135	18	0	29	43	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		17.1			17.1		9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	
Effective Green, g (s)		17.1			17.1		9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.45			0.45		0.24	0.24		0.24	0.24	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1438			1500		317	391		323	399	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.01			0.03	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.32			0.31		c0.10			0.02		
v/c Ratio		0.71			0.69		0.43	0.04		0.09	0.11	
Uniform Delay, d1		8.5			8.4		12.4	11.2		11.4	11.4	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		3.0			2.6		0.9	0.0		0.1	0.1	
Delay (s)		11.5			11.0		13.3	11.3		11.5	11.5	
Level of Service		В			В		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		11.5			11.0			12.8			11.5	
Approach LOS		В			В			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			11.4	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capacit	y ratio		0.61									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	_		38.1	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	n		69.3%		CU Level o				С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	1>		ሻ	f _r			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	35	1194	72	11	1251	23	21	1	10	21	5	30
Future Volume (vph)	35	1194	72	11	1251	23	21	1	10	21	5	30
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.96			0.93	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1867		1789	1878			1745			1714	
Flt Permitted	0.07	1.00		0.08	1.00			0.81			0.86	
Satd. Flow (perm)	139	1867		147	1878			1457			1506	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	37	1257	76	12	1317	24	22	1	11	22	5	32
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	30	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	37	1331	0	12	1341	0	0	24	0	0	29	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	71.7	71.7		71.7	71.7			6.3			6.3	
Effective Green, g (s)	71.7	71.7		71.7	71.7			6.3			6.3	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.80	0.80		0.80	0.80			0.07			0.07	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	110	1487		117	1496			101			105	
v/s Ratio Prot		0.71			c0.71							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.27			0.08				0.02			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.34	0.90		0.10	0.90			0.24			0.28	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.5	6.5		2.0	6.5			39.6			39.7	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	8.1	8.7		1.8	8.7			1.2			1.4	
Delay (s)	10.6	15.2		3.8	15.2			40.8			41.1	
Level of Service	В	В		А	В			D			D	
Approach Delay (s)		15.1			15.1			40.8			41.1	
Approach LOS		В			В			D			D	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			16.0	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	acity ratio		0.85									_
Actuated Cycle Length (s)		90.0			um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		80.6%	IC	CU Level of	of Service)		D			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	۶	→	•	•	←	•	4	†	<i>></i>	>	↓	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4T)			414		*	1>		ሻ	1>	
Traffic Volume (vph)	68	1320	177	37	1304	30	142	46	28	37	32	51
Future Volume (vph)	68	1320	177	37	1304	30	142	46	28	37	32	51
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.98			1.00		1.00	0.94		1.00	0.91	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3510			3562		1789	1777		1789	1710	
Flt Permitted		0.76			0.84		0.70	1.00		0.71	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		2664			2991		1318	1777		1331	1710	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	72	1389	186	39	1373	32	149	48	29	39	34	54
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	10	0	0	2	0	0	24	0	0	46	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	1637	0	0	1442	0	149	53	0	39	42	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		62.1			62.1		13.7	13.7		13.7	13.7	
Effective Green, g (s)		62.1			62.1		13.7	13.7		13.7	13.7	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.71			0.71		0.16	0.16		0.16	0.16	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1884			2115		205	277		207	266	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.03			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.61			0.48		c0.11			0.03		
v/c Ratio		0.87			0.68		0.73	0.19		0.19	0.16	
Uniform Delay, d1		9.8			7.3		35.3	32.2		32.2	32.1	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		5.8			1.8		12.1	0.3		0.4	0.3	
Delay (s)		15.5			9.1		47.4	32.6		32.7	32.3	
Level of Service		В			А		D	С		С	С	
Approach Delay (s)		15.5			9.1			42.3			32.4	
Approach LOS		В			А			D			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			15.2	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.84									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			87.8		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		111.7%	IC	CU Level	of Service			Н			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

APPENDIX D: FUTURE TOTAL OPERATIONS

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			↔			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	31	313	42	6	251	18	11	2	3	20	5	19
Future Volume (Veh/h)	31	313	42	6	251	18	11	2	3	20	5	19
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	33	329	44	6	264	19	12	2	3	21	5	20
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	283			373			725	712	351	706	724	274
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	283			373			725	712	351	706	724	274
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	97			99			96	99	100	94	99	97
cM capacity (veh/h)	1279			1185			320	347	692	339	341	765
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	406	289	17	46								
Volume Left	33	6	12	21								
Volume Right	44	19	3	20								
cSH	1279	1185	357	448								
Volume to Capacity	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.10								
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.6	0.1	1.1	2.6								
Control Delay (s)	0.9	0.2	15.6	14.0								
Lane LOS	Α	Α	С	В								
Approach Delay (s)	0.9	0.2	15.6	14.0								
Approach LOS			С	В								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			1.8									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		45.3%	IC	CU Level c	f Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4î.			414		7	f)		Ĭ	f.	
Traffic Volume (vph)	23	373	53	10	302	10	116	8	31	26	18	38
Future Volume (vph)	23	373	53	10	302	10	116	8	31	26	18	38
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.98			1.00		1.00	0.88		1.00	0.90	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3506			3555		1789	1656		1789	1692	
Flt Permitted		0.93			0.94		0.72	1.00		0.73	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		3260			3335		1353	1656		1376	1692	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	24	393	56	11	318	11	122	8	33	27	19	40
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	17	0	0	4	0	0	27	0	0	33	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	456	0	0	336	0	122	14	0	27	26	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		21.2			21.2		7.6	7.6		7.6	7.6	
Effective Green, g (s)		21.2			21.2		7.6	7.6		7.6	7.6	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.52			0.52		0.19	0.19		0.19	0.19	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1693			1732		252	308		256	315	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.01			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.14			0.10		c0.09			0.02		
v/c Ratio		0.27			0.19		0.48	0.05		0.11	0.08	
Uniform Delay, d1		5.5			5.2		14.8	13.6		13.8	13.7	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		0.4			0.3		1.5	0.1		0.2	0.1	
Delay (s)		5.9			5.5		16.3	13.7		14.0	13.8	
Level of Service		Α			Α		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		5.9			5.5			15.7			13.9	
Approach LOS		Α			А			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			7.9	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	city ratio		0.33									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	,		40.8	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		49.7%		:U Level				A			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Analysis Period (min) c Critical Lane Group

	۶	→	•	•	←	•	•	†	<i>></i>	>	+	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	36	426	65	10	478	23	19	1	9	23	4	34
Future Volume (Veh/h)	36	426	65	10	478	23	19	1	9	23	4	34
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Hourly flow rate (vph)	38	448	68	11	503	24	20	1	9	24	4	36
Pedestrians												
Lane Width (m)												
Walking Speed (m/s)												
Percent Blockage												
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)		401										
pX, platoon unblocked				0.97			0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	
vC, conflicting volume	527			516			1133	1107	482	1104	1129	515
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	527			486			1122	1095	451	1093	1118	515
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	96			99			87	99	98	86	98	94
cM capacity (veh/h)	1040			1045			158	198	590	176	192	560
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total	554	538	30	64								
Volume Left	38	11	20	24								
Volume Right	68	24	9	36								
cSH	1040	1045	204	289								
Volume to Capacity	0.04	0.01	0.15	0.22								
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.04	0.01	3.8	6.3								
Control Delay (s)	1.0	0.2	25.7	21.0								
Lane LOS	Α	0.5 A	23.7 D	21.0 C								
Approach Delay (s)	1.0	0.3	25.7	21.0								
Approach LOS	1.0	0.3	25.7 D	21.0 C								
••			D	C								
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			2.4									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		56.2%	IC	CU Level c	t Service			В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4î Þ			414		7	f)		Ĭ	f.	
Traffic Volume (vph)	61	523	160	34	527	28	129	42	26	34	29	46
Future Volume (vph)	61	523	160	34	527	28	129	42	26	34	29	46
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.97			0.99		1.00	0.94		1.00	0.91	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3449			3543		1789	1776		1789	1712	
Flt Permitted		0.86			0.88		0.71	1.00		0.71	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		2967			3129		1329	1776		1339	1712	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	64	551	168	36	555	29	136	44	27	36	31	48
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	44	0	0	6	0	0	22	0	0	39	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	739	0	0	614	0	136	49	0	36	40	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		20.9			20.9		8.1	8.1		8.1	8.1	
Effective Green, g (s)		20.9			20.9		8.1	8.1		8.1	8.1	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.51			0.51		0.20	0.20		0.20	0.20	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1512			1595		262	350		264	338	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.03			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.25			0.20		c0.10			0.03		
v/c Ratio		0.49			0.38		0.52	0.14		0.14	0.12	
Uniform Delay, d1		6.6			6.1		14.7	13.6		13.6	13.5	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		1.1			0.7		1.7	0.2		0.2	0.2	
Delay (s)		7.7			6.8		16.4	13.8		13.8	13.7	
Level of Service		Α			Α		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		7.7			6.8			15.5			13.7	
Approach LOS		Α			Α			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			8.7	H	CM 2000	Level of :	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.50									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	,		41.0	Sı	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		66.6%		:U Level				С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Analysis Period (min) c Critical Lane Group

	٠	→	•	•	←	•	•	†	~	>	↓	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	1		ሻ	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	32	655	44	6	696	19	12	2	3	21	5	20
Future Volume (vph)	32	655	44	6	696	19	12	2	3	21	5	20
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.98			0.94	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1866		1789	1876			1777			1732	
Flt Permitted	0.34	1.00		0.35	1.00			1.00			0.94	
Satd. Flow (perm)	635	1866		653	1876			1841			1667	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	34	689	46	6	733	20	13	2	3	22	5	21
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	20	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	34	733	0	6	752	0	0	15	0	0	28	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	43.1	43.1		43.1	43.1			3.1			3.1	
Effective Green, g (s)	43.1	43.1		43.1	43.1			3.1			3.1	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.74	0.74		0.74	0.74			0.05			0.05	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	470	1381		483	1389			98			88	
v/s Ratio Prot		0.39			c0.40							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.05			0.01				0.01			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.07	0.53		0.01	0.54			0.15			0.32	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.1	3.2		2.0	3.3			26.3			26.5	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	0.3	1.5		0.0	1.5			0.7			2.1	
Delay (s)	2.4	4.7		2.0	4.8			27.0			28.6	
Level of Service	А	А		Α	Α			С			С	
Approach Delay (s)		4.6			4.8			27.0			28.6	
Approach LOS		Α			Α			С			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			5.6	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	acity ratio		0.53									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			58.2		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		51.1%	IC	CU Level of	of Service	!		Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		*	1>		ሻ	1>	
Traffic Volume (vph)	25	739	56	11	785	11	122	9	32	27	19	40
Future Volume (vph)	25	739	56	11	785	11	122	9	32	27	19	40
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.99			1.00		1.00	0.88		1.00	0.90	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3537			3568		1789	1660		1789	1692	
Flt Permitted		0.91			0.94		0.72	1.00		0.73	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		3224			3345		1350	1660		1373	1692	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	26	778	59	12	826	12	128	9	34	28	20	42
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	10	0	0	2	0	0	26	0	0	32	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	853	0	0	848	0	128	17	0	28	30	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		17.1			17.1		8.8	8.8		8.8	8.8	
Effective Green, g (s)		17.1			17.1		8.8	8.8		8.8	8.8	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.45			0.45		0.23	0.23		0.23	0.23	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1454			1509		313	385		318	392	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.01			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.26			0.25		c0.09			0.02		
v/c Ratio		0.59			0.56		0.41	0.04		0.09	0.08	
Uniform Delay, d1		7.8			7.6		12.3	11.3		11.4	11.4	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		1.7			1.5		0.9	0.0		0.1	0.1	
Delay (s)		9.5			9.2		13.2	11.3		11.5	11.5	
Level of Service		Α			Α		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		9.5			9.2			12.7			11.5	
Approach LOS		Α			А			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			9.7	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.53									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			37.9		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		63.9%	IC	CU Level	of Service			В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ħ	f)		ň	1>			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	37	1002	69	11	1041	24	20	1	10	24	4	35
Future Volume (vph)	37	1002	69	11	1041	24	20	1	10	24	4	35
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.95			0.92	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1865		1789	1877			1743			1709	
Flt Permitted	0.16	1.00		0.16	1.00			0.78			0.86	
Satd. Flow (perm)	307	1865		301	1877			1397			1500	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	39	1055	73	12	1096	25	21	1	11	25	4	37
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	10	0	0	34	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	39	1126	0	12	1120	0	0	23	0	0	32	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	61.1	61.1		61.1	61.1			6.2			6.2	
Effective Green, g (s)	61.1	61.1		61.1	61.1			6.2			6.2	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.77	0.77		0.77	0.77			80.0			0.08	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	236	1436		231	1446			109			117	
v/s Ratio Prot		c0.60			0.60							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.13			0.04				0.02			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.17	0.78		0.05	0.77			0.21			0.27	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.4	5.3		2.2	5.2			34.3			34.4	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	1.5	4.4		0.4	4.1			1.0			1.3	
Delay (s)	3.9	9.6		2.6	9.3			35.2			35.7	
Level of Service	А	Α		Α	Α			D			D	
Approach Delay (s)		9.4			9.2			35.2			35.7	
Approach LOS		А			Α			D			D	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			10.4	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capa	city ratio		0.74									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			79.3		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		70.7%	IC	U Level o	of Service			С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		7	f)		ň	₽	
Traffic Volume (vph)	64	1115	168	35	1093	29	135	44	27	35	30	48
Future Volume (vph)	64	1115	168	35	1093	29	135	44	27	35	30	48
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.98			1.00		1.00	0.94		1.00	0.91	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3503			3559		1789	1777		1789	1710	
Flt Permitted		0.82			0.87		0.70	1.00		0.71	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		2873			3085		1324	1777		1335	1710	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	67	1174	177	37	1151	31	142	46	28	37	32	51
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	17	0	0	3	0	0	22	0	0	41	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	1401	0	0	1216	0	142	52	0	37	42	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		32.1			32.1		10.9	10.9		10.9	10.9	
Effective Green, g (s)		32.1			32.1		10.9	10.9		10.9	10.9	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.58			0.58		0.20	0.20		0.20	0.20	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1676			1800		262	352		264	338	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.03			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.49			0.39		c0.11			0.03		
v/c Ratio		0.84			0.68		0.54	0.15		0.14	0.12	
Uniform Delay, d1		9.3			7.9		19.8	18.2		18.2	18.1	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		5.1			2.1		2.3	0.2		0.2	0.2	
Delay (s)		14.4			9.9		22.1	18.4		18.4	18.3	
Level of Service		В			Α		С	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		14.4			9.9			20.8			18.3	
Approach LOS		В			А			С			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			13.2	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capaci	ty ratio		0.76									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			55.0		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		99.3%	IC	CU Level of	of Service			F			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		ሻ	1 >			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	34	800	46	7	852	20	12	2	3	22	6	21
Future Volume (vph)	34	800	46	7	852	20	12	2	3	22	6	21
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.98			0.94	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1868		1789	1877			1777			1735	
Flt Permitted	0.24	1.00		0.26	1.00			0.78			0.85	
Satd. Flow (perm)	455	1868		482	1877			1441			1502	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	36	842	48	7	897	21	13	2	3	23	6	22
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	20	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	36	888	0	7	917	0	0	15	0	0	31	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	42.9	42.9		42.9	42.9			4.4			4.4	
Effective Green, g (s)	42.9	42.9		42.9	42.9			4.4			4.4	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.72	0.72		0.72	0.72			0.07			0.07	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	329	1351		348	1357			106			111	
v/s Ratio Prot		0.48			c0.49							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.08			0.01				0.01			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.11	0.66		0.02	0.68			0.14			0.28	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.5	4.3		2.3	4.4			25.7			25.9	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	0.7	2.5		0.1	2.7			0.6			1.4	
Delay (s)	3.1	6.8		2.4	7.2			26.3			27.3	
Level of Service	А	А		Α	Α			С			С	
Approach Delay (s)		6.7			7.1			26.3			27.3	
Approach LOS		А			А			С			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			7.6	H	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		Α			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	city ratio		0.64									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			59.3		um of lost	. ,			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		59.4%	IC	CU Level o	of Service)		В			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		Ŋ	f)		۲	₽	
Traffic Volume (vph)	26	902	59	11	967	11	128	9	34	28	20	42
Future Volume (vph)	26	902	59	11	967	11	128	9	34	28	20	42
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.99			1.00		1.00	0.88		1.00	0.90	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3542			3570		1789	1657		1789	1692	
Flt Permitted		0.90			0.94		0.71	1.00		0.73	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		3205			3343		1346	1657		1371	1692	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	27	949	62	12	1018	12	135	9	36	29	21	44
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	9	0	0	2	0	0	27	0	0	21	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	1029	0	0	1040	0	135	18	0	29	44	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		17.1			17.1		9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	
Effective Green, g (s)		17.1			17.1		9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.45			0.45		0.24	0.24		0.24	0.24	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1438			1500		317	391		323	399	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.01			0.03	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.32			0.31		c0.10			0.02		
v/c Ratio		0.72			0.69		0.43	0.04		0.09	0.11	
Uniform Delay, d1		8.5			8.4		12.4	11.2		11.4	11.4	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		3.1			2.7		0.9	0.0		0.1	0.1	
Delay (s)		11.6			11.1		13.3	11.3		11.5	11.5	
Level of Service		В			В		В	В		В	В	
Approach Delay (s)		11.6			11.1			12.8			11.5	
Approach LOS		В			В			В			В	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			11.5	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	ity ratio		0.62									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)	,		38.1	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilizati	on		69.4%		U Level				С			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Analysis Period (min) c Critical Lane Group

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ř	1>		ř	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	39	1194	72	11	1251	25	21	1	10	25	5	36
Future Volume (vph)	39	1194	72	11	1251	25	21	1	10	25	5	36
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt	1.00	0.99		1.00	1.00			0.96			0.93	
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)	1789	1867		1789	1878			1745			1711	
Flt Permitted	0.07	1.00		0.07	1.00			0.86			0.86	
Satd. Flow (perm)	130	1867		141	1878			1549			1502	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	41	1257	76	12	1317	26	22	1	11	26	5	38
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	10	0	0	35	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	41	1331	0	12	1342	0	0	24	0	0	34	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9			6.5			6.5	
Effective Green, g (s)	70.9	70.9		70.9	70.9			6.5			6.5	
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.79	0.79		0.79	0.79			0.07			0.07	
Clearance Time (s)	6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	103	1480		111	1489			112			109	
v/s Ratio Prot		0.71			c0.71							
v/s Ratio Perm	0.31			0.09				0.02			c0.02	
v/c Ratio	0.40	0.90		0.11	0.90			0.21			0.31	
Uniform Delay, d1	2.8	6.7		2.1	6.7			39.0			39.3	
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2	11.1	9.1		2.0	9.2			1.0			1.6	
Delay (s)	13.9	15.8		4.0	15.9			40.0			40.9	
Level of Service	В	В		А	В			D			D	
Approach Delay (s)		15.7			15.8			40.0			40.9	
Approach LOS		В			В			D			D	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			16.6	Н	CM 2000	Level of S	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	city ratio		0.85									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			89.4	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		81.3%		CU Level o				D			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		414			414		7	f.		Ĭ	f.	
Traffic Volume (vph)	68	1325	177	37	1310	30	142	46	28	37	32	51
Future Volume (vph)	68	1325	177	37	1310	30	142	46	28	37	32	51
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		0.95			0.95		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Frt		0.98			1.00		1.00	0.94		1.00	0.91	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00		0.95	1.00		0.95	1.00	
Satd. Flow (prot)		3510			3562		1789	1777		1789	1710	
Flt Permitted		0.76			0.84		0.70	1.00		0.71	1.00	
Satd. Flow (perm)		2660			2990		1318	1777		1331	1710	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	72	1395	186	39	1379	32	149	48	29	39	34	54
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	10	0	0	2	0	0	24	0	0	46	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	1643	0	0	1448	0	149	53	0	39	42	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		62.1			62.1		13.7	13.7		13.7	13.7	
Effective Green, g (s)		62.1			62.1		13.7	13.7		13.7	13.7	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.71			0.71		0.16	0.16		0.16	0.16	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0		6.0	6.0		6.0	6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0		3.0	3.0		3.0	3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1881			2114		205	277		207	266	
v/s Ratio Prot								0.03			0.02	
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.62			0.48		c0.11			0.03		
v/c Ratio		0.87			0.69		0.73	0.19		0.19	0.16	
Uniform Delay, d1		9.8			7.3		35.3	32.2		32.2	32.1	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		6.0			1.8		12.1	0.3		0.4	0.3	
Delay (s)		15.8			9.1		47.4	32.6		32.7	32.3	
Level of Service		В			Α		D	С		С	С	
Approach Delay (s)		15.8			9.1			42.3			32.4	
Approach LOS		В			А			D			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			15.4	Н	CM 2000	Level of	Service		В			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	city ratio		0.85									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			87.8	S	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		112.0%	IC	:U Level o	of Service			Н			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Analysis Period (min) c Critical Lane Group

	۶	→	•	•	+	•	•	†	<i>></i>	/	+	-√
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	34	800	46	7	852	20	12	2	3	22	6	21
Future Volume (vph)	34	800	46	7	852	20	12	2	3	22	6	21
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt		0.99			1.00			0.98			0.94	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)		1867			1877			1777			1735	
Flt Permitted		0.95			0.99			0.77			0.85	
Satd. Flow (perm)		1771			1866			1409			1502	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	36	842	48	7	897	21	13	2	3	23	6	22
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	20	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	924	0	0	924	0	0	15	0	0	31	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		48.0			48.0			4.5			4.5	
Effective Green, g (s)		48.0			48.0			4.5			4.5	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.74			0.74			0.07			0.07	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1317			1388			98			104	
v/s Ratio Prot												
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.52			0.50			0.01			c0.02	
v/c Ratio		0.70			0.67			0.16			0.29	
Uniform Delay, d1		4.4			4.2			28.2			28.5	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		3.1			2.5			0.7			1.6	
Delay (s)		7.6			6.7			29.0			30.1	
Level of Service		А			Α			С			С	
Approach Delay (s)		7.6			6.7			29.0			30.1	
Approach LOS		А			Α			С			С	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			8.0	H	CM 2000	Level of	Service		А			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capaci	ty ratio		0.67									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			64.5	Sı	um of lost	time (s)			12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		80.8%	IC	CU Level o	of Service)		D			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
0.44 1.1 0												

Page 1 10/03/2017

	•	→	•	€	+	•	•	†	<i>></i>	/	+	- ✓
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Traffic Volume (vph)	39	1194	72	11	1251	25	21	1	10	25	5	36
Future Volume (vph)	39	1194	72	11	1251	25	21	1	10	25	5	36
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)		6.0			6.0			6.0			6.0	
Lane Util. Factor		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00	
Frt		0.99			1.00			0.96			0.93	
Flt Protected		1.00			1.00			0.97			0.98	
Satd. Flow (prot)		1867			1878			1745			1711	
Flt Permitted		0.92			0.98			0.83			0.86	
Satd. Flow (perm)		1724			1849			1488			1502	
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
Adj. Flow (vph)	41	1257	76	12	1317	26	22	1	11	26	5	38
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	10	0	0	36	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	0	1373	0	0	1354	0	0	24	0	0	33	0
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Perm	NA	
Protected Phases		4			8			2			6	
Permitted Phases	4			8			2			6		
Actuated Green, G (s)		91.0			91.0			6.9			6.9	
Effective Green, g (s)		91.0			91.0			6.9			6.9	
Actuated g/C Ratio		0.83			0.83			0.06			0.06	
Clearance Time (s)		6.0			6.0			6.0			6.0	
Vehicle Extension (s)		3.0			3.0			3.0			3.0	
Lane Grp Cap (vph)		1427			1531			93			94	
v/s Ratio Prot												
v/s Ratio Perm		c0.80			0.73			0.02			c0.02	
v/c Ratio		0.96			0.88			0.25			0.36	
Uniform Delay, d1		8.0			6.1			49.1			49.4	
Progression Factor		1.00			1.00			1.00			1.00	
Incremental Delay, d2		16.3			7.8			1.4			2.3	
Delay (s)		24.3			13.9			50.5			51.7	
Level of Service		С			В			D			D	
Approach Delay (s)		24.3			13.9			50.5			51.7	
Approach LOS		С			В			D			D	
Intersection Summary												
HCM 2000 Control Delay			20.3	H	CM 2000	Level of	Service		С			
HCM 2000 Volume to Capac	ity ratio		0.92									
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			109.9		um of lost				12.0			
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	ion		106.6%	IC	U Level o	of Service	:		G			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Town Planning Applications

Signed by Parkbridge December 12, 2017



THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

SITE PLAN CONTROL APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL

	OFFICE U	SE ONLY	
DATE RECEIVED:	And the second	FILE NO.:	- and A smile in the
DATE APPLICATIO	N DEEMED	400 11 (X) 1 - 187 = "	
COMPLETE:			
	FEI	S	
Site Plan Approval	(new development):	V) 15, 35 25 6.	
Major*	Mariangi willo	\$4,000.00	
Minor*		\$2,000.00	
Site Plan Approval	(revision)**	\$1,200.00	E HALL THE STATE OF
Site Plan Approval		\$ 750.00	
Legal fees	A SAME OF THE SAME	\$ 750.00	
	or per square metre of site area g Review Fee	**plus a fee per floor area	dwelling unit or per square metre
1. CONTACT INFO	DRMATION		
Applicant Informati	on		
Name of applicant:			
Mailing Address:			
Telephone No:		Cell No:	
E-Mail:		Fax No:	
Owner Information	(if different from Applic	eant)	
Name of Owner:			es Inc.
Mailing Address:	Parkbridge Lifesty 690 River Road V	Vest, Wasaga	Beach L9Z 2P1
Telephone No:	705.429.8559	Cell No:	
	parkbridge.com	Fax No:	
Agent Information (
Name of Agent:	Celeste Phillips Pl	anning Inc.	
Mailing Address:	300-85 Bayfield S		L4M 3A7
	705.797.8977	Cell No:	
7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	@cplan.ca	Fax No:	
Communications sl	CONTRACTOR OF THE	Applicant	
2. LOCATION AN	D DESCRIPTION OF TH	IE SUBJECT L	ANDS
ocation of Subject	Property (complete ap	plicable lines	
Street & Number:	southeast corner of	f Wally and T	heme Park Drives
	401001136650		
Lot No.: Pt. o	f the South Half of Lo	t 25 Concession	on: 9
Part No.:		Plan No.:	

Are there any easer		covenants affecting th	e subject lands?
If yes, Describe the	easement or cove	nant and its effect:	o outjour issues
	007 00307 10 00000		
Dimensions of Subj	ect Property (in r	netric units)	
Frontage		along Wally Drive	metres
Average Width	+/ - 167 met		metres
Depth	167.3 metres	s along Theme Park	Drive metres
Area	+/ - 3.1 hecta	ares	square metres
e. Lusinerman	頭的其上於大利的		
xisting Use and Zo			-
Describe the existin	g uses on the subj	ect land: C	urrently vacant
The length of time the	nat the existing us	es on the subject land	have continued:
Orimont Land Llas D	asignation in Offic	ial Plan: Tourism (Commercial
Current Land Use D	esignation in Onic	iai Pian. Tourisiii C	Johnnerdia
Current Zoning:	CCH-4		
ourion Lonning.		ATT THE T	
Current Land Use D	esignation of abut	ting lands:	
North Tourism Co	mmercial	South Recr	eational Commercial
East Tourism Co		West Resi	dential
Current Zoning of a	butting lands:		
North CT-9		South CR	T. T
East EP and C	DH	West R3	
42 (15 (015 (015) 15 b) (4)	No Statistically	XG	
roposed Use and	Variance		Total Control of the
Describe the propos	ed uses on the si	biect land:	
66 land lease to		iojoot iana.	
Proposed Land Use	Designation in O	fficial Plan:	
Residential			
Proposed Zoning:			
R3			

A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH

STRUCTURE DETAILS	EXISTING	PROPOSED
Number of structures	0	12 buildings
		(66 townhouses)
Structure #1	Ų.	
Date constructed:		
Gross Floor Area (sq/m)		
Structure height (metres)		
Setback from front lot line (metres)		
Setback from rear lot line (metres)		
Setback from side lot line (metres)		
Structure #2		
Date constructed:		
Gross Floor Area (sq/m)		
Structure height (metres)		
Setback from front lot line (metres)		
Setback from rear lot line (metres)		
Setback from side lot line (metres)		
Structure #3		
Date constructed:		
Gross Floor Area (sq/m)	L	
Structure height (metres)		
Setback from front lot line (metres)		
Setback from rear lot line (metres)		-4
Setback from side lot line (metres)		

MOSSAGO DE ESTANDE ESTAMBIMENTA DE MODANA MODENTA DE ESTANDO DE ESTANDO DE SERVICIO DE SERVICIO DE SERVICIO DE

Type of Access	Existing	Proposed
Provincial highway		
Municipal road, maintained year round	Wally and Theme Park Drives	Access to 12 metre
Municipal road, maintained seasonally other public road		way of Wally and Theme Park Drives
Other public road		
Please specify:		
Right of way		
Please specify:		
Water access		
Please describe the parking and de	ocking facilities and the a d and the nearest public	pproximate distances of road

Municipally operated piped water system Privately owned/operated individual well Privately owned/operated communal well	
Privately owned/operated individual well Privately owned/operated	
individual well Privately owned/operated	
Privately owned/operated	
communal well	
Lake a water hade	
Lake or water body	
Please specify:	
Other means	
Please specify:	
Tiease specify.	
Type of Storm Water Control Existing Proposed	
Storm drainage sewer SWM pond	-73
Ditch	
Swale	
Other means	
Please specify:	
Type of Sewage Disposal Existing Proposed	
Municipally operated sanitary X	
sewers	
Privately owned/operated	
individual septic	
Privately owned/operated	
communal septic	
Privy Other manns	
Other means	
Please specify:	
Utilities Existing Proposed	-
Hydro X	- 14
Natural gas	
Telecommunications	
Is it the intent of this application to permit development	
on privately owned and operated individual or communal septic systems where moere than 4500	No
communal septic systems where moere than 4500 litres of effluent would be produced per day as a result	140
of the development being completed?	
If yes, the following is required:	
i) A servicing options report;	
ii) A hydrogeological report.	

. .

ACANAMINED INTERNATION OF INTERNATION	Heirib.	ND.		
Has the subject land or land within 120 m ever been the subject of a Zoning By-law Minor Variance, Plan of Subdivision or Co Official Plan Amendment, Site Plan or Min Zoning Order?	Amendronsent,		Ø Yes	□ No
If yes, please specify the file number, the the land it affects, its purpose, its status a	name of	the ap	proval authority the requested ar	considering it, mendment.
Parkbridge has developed lands to t	he wes	t and i	north	
Has there ever been an industrial or community subject land or adjacent lands?	mercial u	ıse, ind	cluding gas statio	n on the
□ Yes	M	No		
If yes, please specify:				
Is there a reason to believe the subject la on the subject land or adjacent lands?			contaminated by	former uses
□ Yes	iX	No		
If yes, please specify:				
Has there ever been waste disposal on th Yes If yes, please specify:	×	No		
ं स्थानिक स्थान				
Does the application require an Official Amendment, Severance, Minor Varian	nce, or P	lan of	Subdivision/Cond Unkno	lominium?
O TO THE EXINE OF WATTON			100 July 100	
s there any other information that you the agencies in reviewing the application? If see parate page:	ink may o, explai	be use n in the	eful to the Munic e space provided	ipality or other or attach on a
Planning Justification Report as wel	l as tec	hnical	reports accom	pany the
planning applications				
	- 77			

Enclosed herewith is the applicable fee and I/We hereby agree to pay further costs and expenses incurred by the Municipality for legal, planning, engineering and/or other costs incidental to this application to the completion of all appeals or Ontario Municipal Board hearings, should they arise.

Be advised that the Applicant or a Representative is required to appear at the Development Committee meeting and any other meetings that are required to explain the proposal and answer any questions that may arise. Failure to do so may result in deferral of the application and increased costs.

The Applicant shall provide any other material or studies requested by an official representing the Corporation of the Town of Wasaga Beach in order for the Municipality to review the application. This could include special topic studies (Examples include but are not limited to, Noise Studies, Environmental Impact Studies, Traffic Studies, D-4 Studies, Golf Ball Scatter Studies, etc.) and could further include peer review of the studies as requested by the Municipality. Five copies of each plan (including 11x17 reduction of each plan) and three copies of any reports or studies including a digital copy of each drawing and report prepared in support of this application, is required.

新の 巻に日本Missiの代表では日本の層

Consent is given to the Town of Wasaga Beach, its employees and authorized representatives to enter onto the above noted property, solely for the purpose of obtaining information to assist in the evaluation of this application.

The owner acknowledges that employees or authorized representatives of the Town may enter onto the subject property at any reasonable time and only for the purposes set out above.

Date:	Dec 12/12	Signature of Owner:	
	Dec dayi		

Mark Control in the Control of the C

If the applicant is not the owner of the land that is the subject of this application, the written authorization of the owner that the applicant is authorized to make the application must be included with this form or the authorization set out below must be completed.

I, William Hagy 15, am the owner of the land this is the subject of this application and for purposes of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. M. 56., authorize Celeste Phillips MCIP RPP as my agent for this application, to provide any of my personal information that will be included in this application or collected during the processing of the application.

applica	don or concolor dur.	ing the breezes & street	
Date:	Dec 12/17	Signature of Owner:	

William A. (Sandy) Higgins
Vice Preserve Planning & Infrastructure

UNIORMATORESCO
I,, am the owner of the land that is the subject of this application and for the purposes of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. M. 56. I authorize and consent to the use by or the disclosure to any person or public body of any personal information that is collected under the authority of The Planning Act for the purposes of processing this application.
Personal information contained in this form, collected and maintained pursuant to <i>The Planning Act</i> , will be used for the purpose of responding to the Application and creating a public record. The Owner's Signature acknowledges that "personal information [is] collected and maintained specifically for the purpose of creating a record available to the general public;" per Section 14(1)(c) of the <i>Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act</i> , R.S.O. 1990, c. M. 56.
The applicant acknowledges that the Town considers the application forms and all supporting materials, including studies and drawings, filed with this application to be public information and to form part of the public record. With the filing of an application, the applicant consents to the Town photocopying and releasing the application and any supporting material either for its own use in processing the application or at the request of a third party, without further notification to or permission from the applicant. The applicant also hereby states that it has authority to bind its consultants to the terms of this acknowledgement. Questions regarding the collection of information should be directed to the Clerk of the Town of Wasaga Beach, 705-429-3844, ex 2223.
Date: Dec 12/17 Signature of Owner:
TREE WATERWAYSTERNATION OF A SWANDAROLD OWNER WEEKING TO THE STATE OF
Declaration for the Prescribed and Requested Information I, William Haggins., of the Town of Wasaga Black in the County of Simcae do solemnly declare that all of the above statements and all attachments are true, and I make this oath declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of The Canada Evidence
Declaration for the Prescribed and Requested Information I, William Haggins., of the Town of Wasaga Black in the County of Simcae do solemnly declare that all of the above statements and all attachments are true, and I make this oath declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of The Canada Evidence Act. DECLARED before me at the Town of Wasaga Black.
Declaration for the Prescribed and Requested Information I, William Hagins., of the Town of Wasaga Black in the County of Simple to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of The Canada Evidence Act. DECLARED before me at the Town of Wasaga Black in the County of Simple this 12 th day of Dicc., 2017 Busan May Irvite, a Commissioner, etc., Province of Ontario, for Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc.
Declaration for the Prescribed and Requested Information I, Willam Hagins., of the Town of wasaga Black in the County of Smeae do solemnly declare that all of the above statements and all attachments are true, and I make this oath declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of The Canada Evidence Act. DECLARED before me at the Town of wasaga black in the County of Similar this /2 Triday of Dicc., 2017 Busan May Invine, a Commissioner, etc., Province of Ontario, for Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc. Signature A Commissioner, etc.



THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

OFFICIAL PLAN AMENDMENT APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL

the state of the state of	OFFICE U	JSE ONLY		
DATE RECEIVED:	and the state of	FILE NO		
DATE APPLICATION COMPLETE:	DEEMED			
	- FE	ES		
Official Plan Amenda	nent			
Major		\$8,500.0	0*	
Minor		\$4,500.00*		
Legal fees		\$ 750.0	0	
*plus prescribed fee	and deposit for Eng	ineering Rev	iew Fee	
1. CONTACT INFOR				
1. CONTACT INFOR	WATION			
Applicant Information				
Name of applicant:	Parkbridge Lifes			
Mailing Address:	690 River Road		ga Beach L9Z 2P1	
	5.429.8559	Cell No:	I TET CAPACITIES IN	
	arkbridge.com	Fax No:	705.429.6089	
Owner Information (if	different from Anni	icant)		
Name of Owner:	amerent nom Appr			
Mailing Address:				
Telephone No:		Cell No:	·	
E-Mail:		Fax No:		
Agent Information (if a	annlicable)			
Name of Agent:	Celeste Phillips F	Planning Inc.	The second second	
Mailing Address:	300-85 Bayfield		e L4M 3A7	
	5.797.8977	Cell No:		
E-Mail: celeste@c	plan.ca	Fax No:		
Communications show	uld be sent to		Ճ Owner	
Name:				
Mailing Address:				
Telephone No:		Cell No:		
E-Mail:		Fax No:		
L Wall		1		

22 MOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE SUBJECT LANDS

Location of Subject Property (complete applicable lines)

Street & Nun	nber:	Not assigned		
Tax Roll #:		401001136650		
Lot No.:	Part	of the South Half Lot 25	Concession:	9
Part No.:			Plan No.:	

Easements or Restrictive Covenants

Dimensions of Subject Property (in metric units)

Frontage	160.1 metres along Wally Drive	metres
Average Width	+/ - 167 metres	metres
Depth	167.3 metres along Theme Park Drive	metres
Area	+/ - 3.1 hectares	square metres

SE EXISTING LANDS USES SE TOMING ASSESSED.

Existing Use and Zoning

Describe the existing uses on the subject	Vacant lands	
The length of time that the existing uses	on the subject la	and have continued:
Current land use designation in the Offi	cial Plan	Tourism Commercial
Current Zoning: CCH-4	A	
Current Land Use Designation of abutting	ng lands:	
North Tourism Commercial	South	Recreational Commercial
East Tourism Commercial	Residential	
Current Zoning of abutting lands:		
North CT-9	South	CR
East EP and CDH	R3	

A. PROPOSEDUSES AND ZONING

Proposed Use and Zoning

Toposco ese and Ee		
Describe the proposed	uses of the subject land:	
Land lease townh	uses	
Proposed land use de	signation in the Official Plan:	
Residential		
Proposed Zoning:	R3	

ISTER ING AND PROPOSED STRUCTURES **PROPOSED** STRUCTURE DETAILS **EXISTING** 66 townhouses in Number of structures 12 buildings Structure #1 Date constructed: Gross Floor Area (sq/m) Structure #2 Date constructed: Gross Floor Area (sq/m) Structure #3 Date constructed: Gross Floor Area (sq/m) GENERAL MEDICAL CEMANION Proposed Type of Access Existing Provincial highway Municipal road, maintained year Access via municipal X road but private roads round within development Municipal road, maintained seasonally other public road Other public road Please specify: 12 m private roads 20 m (Theme Park Dr.) Right of way Please specify: Water access Please describe the parking and docking facilities and the approximate distances of these facilities from the subject land and the nearest public road Proposed Type of Water Supply Existing Municipally operated piped water X system Privately owned/operated individual well Privately owned/operated communal well Lake or water body Please specify Other means

Please specify

Type of Storm Water Control	Existing	Proposed	
Storm drainage sewer		SWM pond	
Ditch			
Swale			
Other means			
Please specify			
Type of Sewage Disposal	Existing	Proposed	
Municipally operated sanitary sewers		х	
Privately owned/operated individual septic			
Privately owned/operated communal septic			
Privy			
Other means	4		
Please specify			
Utilities	Existing	Proposed	
Hydro		X	
Natural gas			
Telecommunications		X	
communal septic systems where neffluent would be produced per dadevelopment being completed? If yes, the following is required:	y as a result of the i) A Servicing Options R	□ Yes	⊠ No
ii yoo, alo lollowing is roquilour	ii) A Hydrogeological Re		
		Color to construit to the state of the color	
THE SOME OF THE SOURCE PARTY OF THE SAY	eranshere erand = #		
Has the subject land or land within By-law Amendment, Minor Variand	120 metres of it, ever be ce, Plan of Subdivision of	een the subjec r Consent, Offi	t of a Zoning cial Plan
Has the subject land or land within By-law Amendment, Minor Variand Amendment, Site Plan or Ministers (X Yes	120 metres of it, ever be ce, Plan of Subdivision of S Zoning Order?	r Consent, Offi	cial Plan wn
Has the subject land or land within By-law Amendment, Minor Variand Amendment, Site Plan or Ministers X Yes If yes, specify the file number, the land it affects, its purpose, its statu	n 120 metres of it, ever be ce, Plan of Subdivision of s Zoning Order? No name of the approval au us and its effect on the re	r Consent, Offi Unknouthority consider	wn ering it, the idment:
Has the subject land or land within By-law Amendment, Minor Variand Amendment, Site Plan or Ministers IX Yes If yes, specify the file number, the land it affects, its purpose, its statuother lands developed by Par	n 120 metres of it, ever be ce, Plan of Subdivision of s Zoning Order? No name of the approval au us and its effect on the re rkbridge to west and re	Unkno Unkno Unkno Uthority consider Equested amen	cial Plan wn ering it, the idment: t subject prope
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Has the subject land or land within By-law Amendment, Minor Variance Amendment, Site Plan or Ministers IX Yes	n 120 metres of it, ever be ce, Plan of Subdivision of Szoning Order? No name of the approval auss and its effect on the reacher to west and nor commercial use, included No M No	r Consent, Offi ☐ Unkno uthority conside equested amen north (but no ding gas statio	cial Plan wn ering it, the idment: t subject prope n on the
Has the subject land or land within By-law Amendment, Minor Variance Amendment, Site Plan or Ministers X Yes If yes, specify the file number, the land it affects, its purpose, its statue Other lands developed by Par Has there ever been an industrial subject land or adjacent lands? Yes Yes Yes	n 120 metres of it, ever be ce, Plan of Subdivision of Szoning Order? No name of the approval auss and its effect on the reacher to west and nor commercial use, included No M No	r Consent, Offi ☐ Unkno uthority conside equested amen north (but no ding gas statio	cial Plan wn ering it, the idment: t subject prope n on the

Has there ever been waste disposal	on the subject land or adjacent lands?
□ Yes	⊠ No
If yes, please specify:	
8. OTHER APPEICATIONS	
Does the application require a Zoning Site Plan Approval, or Plan of Subdiv	g By-law Amendment, Severance, Minor Variance, vision/Condominium?
	No 🗆 Unknown
If yes, please specify: Zoning By-	law Amendment and Site Plan Approval
SE OTHERNAMENTAL SERIO SE	DETAIL
Does the proposed amendment char	nge, replace or delete a policy in the Official Plan?
☐ Yes	IX No
If yes, indicate the policy to be change	ged, replaced or deleted.
Does the proposed amendment add	
□ Yes	X No
Describe the purpose of the propose	d amendment:
To redesignate the lands to a F	
	e subject land in the Official Plan and the land
uses that the current designation aut	
Tourist commercial uses currer	ngo or replace a decignation in the Official Plan?
X Yes	nge or replace a designation in the Official Plan?
	177
If yes, provide the designation to be	
Redesignation to Residential i	s requested
Townhomes	sed Official Plan Amendment would authorize:
Townhomes	
	changed, replaced or deleted or if a policy is posed amendment been provided with this proposed
□ Yes	X No
If the requested amendment changes	s or replaces a schedule in the Official Plan, has mpanying text been provided with this application?
□ Yes	X No
OF PROMINGRAPPE AND THE	
Is the proposed amendment consiste Subsection 3(1) of <i>The Planning Act</i>	ent with the policy statements issued under?
X Yes	□ No
Is the subject land within an area of I plans?	and designated under any provincial plan or
X Yes	□ No
	to or not in conflict with the applicable provincial
X Voc	□ No

161

Does the requested amenda	nent remove the subject land from an area of employment?
□ Yes	X No
If yes, provide the current of	icial plan policies details that deal with the matter.
	nent alter all or any part of the boundary of an area of or establish a new area of settlement in the municipality?
□ Yes	ĭ No
	I Plan policies if any dealing with the alteration or settlement on a separate sheet.

11 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Supplementary and support material to accompany application, where applicable:

a) A survey of the subject property showing the following:

A survey of the property prepared by an Ontario Land Surveyor indicating topographical contours and other natural and artificial features such as existing buildings and their uses, railways, highways, pipelines, ditches, swamps, watercourses, drainage, and wooded areas within or adjacent to the subject land. This survey should clearly indicate the land which is the subject of this application.

OR

- b) An accurate sketch drawn to scale in metric units showing the following:
- 1. The boundaries and dimensions of the subject land;
- The location, size and type of all existing and proposed buildings and structures on the subject land, indicating the distance of the buildings or structures from the front yard lot line, rear yard lot line and the side yard lot lines.
- 3. The approximate location of all natural and artificial features on the subject land (for example, buildings, railways, roads, watercourses, drainage ditch, river or stream banks, wetlands, wooded areas, wells and septic tanks) that are located on the subject land and on land that is adjacent to the subject land and in the opinion of the applicant, may affect the application;
- 4. The current use(s) on land that is adjacent to the subject land;
- The location, width and name of any roads within or abutting the subject land, indicating whether it is an unopened road allowance, a public traveled road, a private road or a right of way;
- If access to the subject land is by water only, the location of the parking and docking facilities to be used; and,
- 7. The location and nature of any easement(s) affecting the subject land.

12: OTHER NEORMATION

Is there any other information that you think may be useful to the Municipality or other agencies in reviewing the application? If so, explain on the space provided or attach on a separate page:

Planning Justification Report included with planning applications.

Technical Reports also included with the application package.

Enclosed herewith is the applicable fee and I/We hereby agree to pay further costs and expenses incurred by the Municipality for legal, planning, engineering and/or other costs

incidental to this application to the completion of all appeals or Ontario Municipal Board hearings, should they arise.

Be advised that the Applicant or a Representative is required to appear at the Development Services Section of Coordinated Committee Meeting and any other meetings that are required to explain the proposal and answer any questions that may arise. Failure to do so may result in deferral of the application and increased costs.

The Applicant shall provide any other material or studies requested by an official representing the Corporation of the Town of Wasaga Beach in order for the Municipality to review the application. This could include special topic studies (Examples include but are not limited to, Noise Studies, Environmental Impact Studies, Traffic Studies, D-4 Studies, Golf Ball Scatter Studies, etc.) and could further include peer review of the studies as requested by the Municipality. Five copies of each plan (including 11x17 reduction of each plan) and three copies of any reports or studies including a digital copy of each drawing and report prepared in support of this application, is required.

SEE A VERT MAINTENON PROPERTY SOME

Consent is given to the Town of Wasaga Beach, its employees and authorized representatives to enter onto the above noted property, solely for the purpose of obtaining information to assist in the evaluation of this application.

The owner acknowledges that employees or authorized representatives of the Town may enter onto the subject property at any reasonable time and only for the purposes set out above.

Date:	Dag - 1/2	Signature of Owner:	
	Dec .12/11		

RELAWOSIONAOMAN INTORIAULA SAS

If the applicant is not the owner of the land that is the subject of this application, the written authorization of the owner that the applicant is authorized to make the application must be included with this form or the authorization set out below must be completed.

SEST AUTRICERIEATION FOR OWN TERRORMANCENTIFIC MAKE APPLICATION AND TO PRIOMINE PERSONALINICORMANION

I, <u>II) I I I A Hagins</u>, am the owner of the land this is the subject of this application for consent and for purposes of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c.M. 56.

I authorize Celeste Phillips, MCIP RPP as my-agent for this application, to provide any of my personal information that will be included in this application or collected during the processing of the application.

Date:	Dec 10/17	Signature of Owner:	
	Dec -12/11		

William A. (Sandy) Higgins
Vice President, Planning & Infrastructure

16 CONSENTIOR OWNER TO A FUSE AND DISCLOSURE OF PERSONAL INFORMATION , am the owner of the land that is the subject WILLIAM A. HIGGINS of this consent application and for the purposes of the Freedom of Information and Privacy Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. M. 56. I authorize and consent to the use by or the disclosure to any person or public body of any personal information that is collected under the authority of The Planning Act for the purposes of processing this application. Personal information contained in this form, collected and maintained pursuant to The Planning Act, will be used for the purpose of responding to the Application and creating a public record. The Owner's Signature acknowledges that "personal information [is] collected and maintained specifically for the purpose of creating a record available to the general public;" per Section 14(1)(c) of the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. M. 56. The applicant acknowledges that the Town considers the application forms and all supporting materials, including studies and drawings, filed with this application to be public information and to form part of the public record. With the filing of an application, the applicant consents to the Town photocopying and releasing the application and any supporting material either for its own use in processing the application or at the request of a third party, without further notification to or permission from the applicant. The applicant also hereby states that it has authority to bind its consultants to the terms of this acknowledgement. Questions regarding the collection of information should be directed to the Clerk of the Town of Wasaga Beach, 705-429-3844, ex 2223 Signature of Owner: Date: 17. AFFIDAVIT OR SWORN DECLARATION OF OWNER/AGENT Declaration for the Prescribed and Requested Information 1, WILLIAMA HIGGINS, of the Taun 51MCOP of in the County do solemnly declare that all of the above statements and all attachments are true, and I make this oath declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of The Canada Evidence Act. DECLARED before me at the y mcoethis

Please submit your complete application and the associated fees to:

The Town of Wasaga Beach Planning Department 30 Lewis Street Wasaga Beach, Ontario L9Z 1A1

Signature

Regular business hours: Monday to Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Susan May Irvine, a Commissioner, etc., Province of Onterio, for Parkbridge Lifestyle Communities Inc. A Commissioner, etc.



THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

ZONING BY-LAW AMENDMENT/LIFTING OF HOLD (H)/ TEMPORARY USE BY-LAW APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL

h gi wa	OFFICE U	SE ONLY		
DATE RECEIVED:		FILE NO		
	DEEMED COMPLET	Eff Data His	1	No. of the second
	FE			W
Zoning By-law Amer	ndment			.,
Major		\$4,500.0	0	
• Minor	11, 1 s, as, as, - s	\$2,000.0		
Lifting of Hold		\$ 900.0		
Temporary Use By-la	DW	\$1,600.0		
for (please select on An ame respect	o, I/We submit an app te only): ndment to Restricted to the subject lands, ndment to Restricted	Area (Zoning Section 34	g) by-la	w in force, with
respect	to the subject lands	to lift the Hol	ding S	ymbol (H), Section 3
respect A Temp CONTACT INFO	to the subject lands orary Use By-law, Se RMATION	to lift the Hol	ding S	ymbol (H), Section 3
respect A Temp CONTACT INFO Applicant Informatio	to the subject lands orary Use By-law, Se RMATION	to lift the Hol	ding S	ymbol (H), Section 3
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respect A Temp 1. CONTACT INFO Applicant Informatio Name of applicant: Mailing Address: Telephone No: E-Mail: Owner Information (I) Name of Owner:	to the subject lands for ary Use By-law, Se RMATION If different from Appli	Cell No: Fax No:	nities I	nc.
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respect A Temp 1. CONTACT INFO Applicant Informatio Name of applicant: Mailing Address: Telephone No: E-Mail: Owner Information (IName of Owner: Mailing Address: Telephone No:	to the subject lands for ary Use By-law, Se RMATION If different from Appli	Cell No: Fax No: cant) West, Wasag	nities I	nc.
respect A Temp 1. CONTACT INFO Applicant Informatio Name of applicant: Mailing Address: Telephone No: E-Mail: Owner Information (IName of Owner: Mailing Address: Telephone No:	to the subject lands for any Use By-law, Se RMATION If different from Applia Parkbridge Lifes 690 River Road 1705.429.8559 Oparkbridge.com	Cell No: Fax No: Cell No: Fax No: Cell No: Fax No: Cell No: Fax No: Fax No: Fax No:	nities I	nc. ch L9Z 2P1 .429.6089
respect A Temp 1. CONTACT INFO Applicant Information Name of applicant: Mailing Address: Telephone No: E-Mail: Owner Information (in Name of Owner: Mailing Address: Telephone No: E-Mail: jpavao@ Agent Information (in Name of Agent: Mailing Address:	if different from Appli Parkbridge Lifesi 690 River Road V 705.429.8559 parkbridge.com f applicable) Celeste Phillips F	Cell No: Fax No: cant) West, Wasag Cell No: Fax No:	nities I	nc. ch L9Z 2P1 .429.6089

Name of Mor applicable)	tgagee,	charges or encumbran	ices, in	respec	t to the s	subject lands (if
Name:						
Mailing Addr	DCC.					
Telephone N		1.	Cell No	.		
E-Mail:	10.		Fax No			
E-IVIAII.			I ax IVU	•		
(2) HOLL	कार्राः स्रोतिक	ોએક સ્ટલ્સ (ક્ષિણ પ્રાપ્ય છે. જો કે <u>ન</u>)) styje tyje		VDS:	
		roperty (complete app	licable	lines)		
Street & Nur	nber:	Not assigned				
Tax Roll #:		01001136650		2		
Lot No.:	Part of	the South Half Lot 25	Con	cession	: 9	
Part No.:	1.5.6.			No.:	- +	
Facements o	r Bestric	tive Covenants				
Are there an	y easeme	ents or restrictive covena	ants affe	cting the	e subject	lands?
If yes, Descr	ibe the ea	asement or covenant an	d its effe	ct:		
Dimensions	of Subie	ct Property (in metric L	ınits)			
Frontage		160.1 metres along		rive		metres
Average Wic	lth	+/ - 167 metres				metres
Depth		167.3 metres along	Theme	Park D	rive	metres
Area		+/ - 3.1 hectares	to the money and its transfer and a state of the state of		square metres	
71104		17 - 0.1 110010100				
Wallay (Shill)	(C) LAND	WHEN FOR WITH				
Existing Use	and Zor	ina				
		was acquired by the cur	rent Ow	ner	to he nr	habiyo
Describe the	existing	uses on the subject land	۸.		vacan	l .
The length o	f time the	t the existing uses on th	a cubiar	t land t	ave cont	inued.
The length o	i ume ma	it the existing uses on th	ie subjec	n lanu i	lave cont	illucu.
Is the subject	t land wit	hin an area where zonir	ng		1 Von	□ No
conditions as	oply?	Uni	known		Yes	The second second
If yes, please	attach a	an explanation of how th	e applica	ation co	nforms to	the Official Plan
policies relat	ing to the	zoning with conditions.	Plan	ning Ju	ıstificati	on Report attach
Is the subject	t land wit	hin an area where the				
Municipality	has pre-c	determined the minimum	and		Yes	M No
maximum de	ensity req	uirement or the minimur	n and	11	Yes	A NO
maximum he	eight requ	irements?				
If yes, state	the requir	rements:				Ti
Current Zoni	ng:	CCH-4				
Current Land	Use De	signation of abutting lan	ds:		1	
		nmercial	South	Recre	ational (Commercial
. C. P. S. F. 7412	-	mmercial	West	Resid	ential	
	the same the same of the same					

Proposed Use and Zoning Proposed Zoning R3 The purpose or reason why the rezoning has been requested: To permit the development of townhomes Describe the nature and intent of the proposed rezoning: To rezone to R3 to allow for land lease townhouses Describe the proposed uses of the subject land: See attached plan -- 66 townhouses in 12 buildings Is the requested amendment to the Zoning By-law consistent with the policy statements issued under subsection 3(1) of The Planning Act?

EHEROURHOGERORORENARONERICHER

STRUCTURE DETAILS	EXISTING	PROPOSED
Number of structures	0	66 townhouses in
Structure #1		12 buildings
Date constructed:		
Gross Floor Area (sq/m)		(see attached plan)
Ground Floor Area (sq/m)		A PERSONAL PROPERTY COLUMN
Number of storeys		
Structure length (m)		
Structure width (m)		
Structure height (m)		
Setback from front lot line (metres)		
Setback from rear lot line (metres)		
Setback from side lot line (metres)		
Structure #2		
Date constructed:		
Gross Floor Area (sq/m)		
Ground Floor Area (sq/m)		
Number of storeys		
Structure length (m)		
Structure width (m)		F F F F F F F F -
Structure height (metres)		
Setback from front lot line (metres)		
Setback from rear lot line (metres)		
Setback from side lot line (metres)	# 1 T	
Structure #3		
Date constructed:		
Gross Floor Area (sq/m)		
Ground Floor Area (sq/m)		
Number of storeys		r
Structure length (m)		
Structure width (m)		*1
Structure height (metres)		
Setback from front lot line (metres)		
Setback from rear lot line (metres)		
Setback from side lot line (metres)		Table 10 to

If there are more than 3 existing or proposed buildings, please provide the information for each additional building on a separate sheet.

OF VACCEES AND REFERENCE IN THE PRINCIPLE OF THE PROPERTY OF T

Type of Access	Existing	Proposed
Provincial highway		
Municipal road, maintained year round	Theme Park Drive Wally Drive	access from Theme Park and Wally Drives
Municipal road, maintained seasonally other public road		 private roads within proposed developmen
Other public road		
Please specify:		
Right of way		Private roads - 12 m.
Please specify:		
Water access		
Please describe the parking and do these facilities from the subject lan	ocking facilities and the a d and the nearest public	pproximate distances of road
Type of Water Supply	Existing	Proposed
Municipally operated piped water system		X
Privately owned/operated individual well		
Privately owned/operated communal well		
Lake or water body		
Please specify		
Other means		
Please specify		
, loads speeny		
Type of Storm Water Control	Existing	Proposed
Storm drainage sewer	The state of the s	SWM Pond
Ditch		
Swale		
Other means		
Please specify	-(
Type of Sewage Disposal	Existing	Proposed
Municipally operated sanitary	Exioning	
sewers		X
Privately owned/operated individual septic		
Privately owned/operated communal septic		
Privy		
Other means		
Please specify		

1 Louis	Existing	g	Proposed	
Hydro			X	
Natural gas				
Telecommunications			X	
Is it the intent of this applic on privately owned and op communal septic systems effluent would be produced development being comple	erated individual or where more than 4 d per day as a resu eted?	500 litres] Yes	X No
If yes, the following is requ	ired: i) A Servic	ing Options Rep		
	ii) A Hydro	geological Repo	ort	
A SHERVANIN MEDINE DE PA	(0)3:13:31 (6)	ija kario - Kora		
Has the subject land ever Variance, Plan of Subdivis Ministers Zoning Order? Yes If yes, specify the file num	ion or Consent, Off	ficial Plan Amen	dment, Site	Plan or
ii yes, specily the life num	Dei and the status	or the application	lly.	
Has there ever been an in subject land or adjacent la	dustrial or commercends?		ng gas statio	on on the
□ Yes		ĭX No		
If yes, please specify:				
on the subject land or adja Ses If yes, please specify:		iX No	diament la del	a.O.
Has there ever been waste	e disposal on the s	ubject land or ac	djacent land	s?
□ Yes		X No		
If yes, please specify:				
ii yoo, picaco chooy.				
ii yoo, picaso spoony.				
	o and the second of the second	edic Service Service		
8: @ff;[@f/\\\#P\Y\\\\\]Nf@ Provide the current Officia		of the subject	Tourism	Commercia
8: Officiol/ALEPTEAN INFO Provide the current Officia lands	l Plan Designation	1 10 10 10 10	Tourism	
8:	I Plan Designation	cial Plan?	Tourism	
8: OFFICIAL PLAN INFO Provide the current Official lands How does the application Please see enclosed Plan Redesignation request	I Plan Designation conform to the Officanning Justification	cial Plan? on Report		Commercia
Provide the current Official lands How does the application Please see enclosed Plate Redesignation request Does the application to im	I Plan Designation conform to the Officanning Justification anning Justification ed to Residential plement an alterati	cial Plan? on Report on to the bound	ary of an ar	Commercia
Provide the current Official lands How does the application Please see enclosed Plate Redesignation request Does the application to im	I Plan Designation conform to the Officanning Justification anning Justification ed to Residential plement an alterati	cial Plan? on Report on to the bound ment in the mur	ary of an ar	Commercia
8: OFFICIAL PLAN INFO Provide the current Official lands How does the application Please see enclosed Plate Redesignation request Does the application to imsettlement or implement a	I Plan Designation conform to the Officanning Justification of the Residential plement an alteration new area of settle	cial Plan? on Report on to the bound ment in the mun	ary of an ar nicipality	Commercia ea of
Provide the current Official lands How does the application Please see enclosed Place Redesignation request Does the application to imsettlement or implement a Yes If yes, attach details of the with the matter.	I Plan Designation conform to the Officanning Justification ed to Residential plement an alteration new area of settle conform to the Official Plan polici	cial Plan? on Report on to the bound ment in the mun No ies or Official Pla	ary of an ar nicipality	Commercia ea of
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Provide the current Official lands How does the application Please see enclosed Plate Redesignation request Does the application to implement a Yes If yes, attach details of the with the matter. How does the application Please see attached Please	I Plan Designation conform to the Officanning Justification ed to Residential plement an alteration new area of settle conform to the Officanning Justification	cial Plan? on Report on to the bound ment in the mun in No ies or Official Plan? ion Report	ary of an an iicipality an Amendm	Commercia ea of ents that dea
Provide the current Official lands How does the application of Please see enclosed Place Redesignation request Does the application to implement a yes If yes, attach details of the with the matter. How does the application	I Plan Designation conform to the Officanning Justification ed to Residential plement an alteration new area of settle conform to the Officanning Justification plement an alteration	cial Plan? on Report on to the bound ment in the mun No ies or Official Plan? ion Report on to the bound	ary of an an icipality an Amendm	Commercia ea of ents that dea

□ Yes	X No
If yes, attach details of the with the matter.	Official Plan policies or Official Plan Amendment that deals
How does the application of	conform to the Official Plan?
See Planning Justificati	
Does the requested amend	dment remove the subject land from an area of employment?
□ Yes	IX No
If yes, provide details of the that deal with the matter:	e current Official Plan policies or Official Plan Amendment
Does the requested amend settlement in the municipal	dment alter all or any part of the boundary of an area of ity or establish a new area of settlement in the municipality?
□ Yes	M No
	ial Plan policies if any dealing with the alteration or f settlement on a separate sheet.
ev eleonixona elevine:	INFORMATION
Is the proposed amendment Subsection 3(1) of the Plan	nt consistent with the policy statements issued under nning Act?
M Yes	□ No
Is the subject land within a plans?	n area of land designated under any provincial plan or
M Yes	□ No
If yes, does the application plan or plans?	conform to or not in conflict with the applicable provincial
X Yes	□ No

TO ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Supplementary and support material to accompany application, where applicable:

A survey of the subject property showing the following:

A survey of the property prepared by an Ontario Land Surveyor indicating topographical contours and other natural and artificial features such as existing buildings and their uses, railways, highways, pipelines, ditches, swamps, watercourses, drainage, and wooded areas within or adjacent to the subject land. This survey should clearly indicate the land which is the subject of this application.

OR

b) An accurate sketch drawn to scale in metric units showing the following:

1. The boundaries and dimensions of the subject land;

The location, size and type of all existing and proposed buildings and structures on the subject land, indicating the distance of the buildings or structures from the front

yard lot line, rear yard lot line and the side yard lot lines.

3. The approximate location of all natural and artificial features on the subject land (for example, buildings, railways, roads, watercourses, drainage ditch, river or stream banks, wetlands, wooded areas, wells and septic tanks) that are located on the subject land and on land that is adjacent to the subject land and in the opinion of the applicant, may affect the application;

4. The current use(s) on land that is adjacent to the subject land;

 The location, width and name of any roads within or abutting the subject land, indicating whether it is an unopened road allowance, a public traveled road, a private road or a right of way;

If access to the subject land is by water only, the location of the parking and docking

facilities to be used; and,

The location and nature of any easement(s) affecting the subject land.

APPLICATION OF THE PROPERTY OF

Is there any other information that you think may be useful to the Municipality or other agencies in reviewing the application? If so, explain on the space provided or attach on a separate page:

Plannng Justification Report enclosed with planning applications, along with

technical reports.

Enclosed herewith is the applicable fee and I/We hereby agree to pay further costs and expenses incurred by the Municipality for legal, planning, engineering and/or other costs incidental to this application to the completion of all appeals or Ontario Municipal Board hearings, should they arise.

Be advised that the Applicant or a Representative is required to appear at the Committee of Adjustment meeting and any other meetings that are required to explain the proposal and answer any questions that may arise. Failure to do so may result in deferral of the application and increased costs.

The Applicant shall provide any other material or studies requested by an official representing the Corporation of the Town of Wasaga Beach in order for the Municipality to review the application. This could include special topic studies (Examples include but are not limited to, Noise Studies, Environmental Impact Studies, Traffic Studies, D-4 Studies, Golf Ball Scatter Studies, etc.) and could further include peer review of the studies as requested by the Municipality. Five copies of each plan (including 11x17 reduction of each plan) and three copies of any reports or studies including a digital copy of each drawing and report prepared in support of this application, is required.

12. PERMISSION TO ENTER

Consent is given to the Town of Wasaga Beach, its employees and authorized representatives to enter onto the above noted property, solely for the purpose of obtaining information to assist in the evaluation of this application.

The owner acknowledges that employees or authorized representatives of the Town may enter onto the subject property at any reasonable time and only for the purposes set out above.

Date: Dec 12/17 Signature of Owner:

13. AUTHORIZATION OF OWNER

If the applicant is not the owner of the land that is the subject of this application, the written authorization of the owner that the applicant is authorized to make the application must be included with this form or the authorization set out below must be completed.

14: AUTHORIZATION OF OWNER FOR AGENT TO MAKE APPLICATION AND TO PROVIDE PERSONAL INFORMATION

I, <u>William Hagins</u>, am the owner of the land this is the subject of this application for consent and for purposes of the <u>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act.</u>

I authorize Celeste Phillips, MCIP RPP as my agent for this application, to provide any of my personal information that will be included in this application or collected during the processing of the application.

Date: Dec. 12/17 Signature of Owner:

15. CONSENT OF OWNER TO THE USE AND DISCLOSURE OF PERSONAL INFORMATION

I, William hagins , am the owner of the land that is the subject of this consent application and for the purposes of the Freedom of Information and Privacy Act, R.S.O. 1990, c.M. 56. I authorize and consent to the use by or the disclosure to any person or public body of any personal information that is collected under the authority of The Planning Act for the purposes of processing this application.

Personal information contained in this form, collected and maintained pursuant to *The Planning Act*, will be used for the purpose of responding to the Application and creating a public record. The Owner's Signature acknowledges that "personal information [is]

collected and maintained specifically for the purpose of creating a record available to the general public;" per Section 14(1)(c) of the *Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. M. 56.

The applicant acknowledges that the Town considers the application forms and all supporting materials, including studies and drawings, filed with this application to be public information and to form part of the public record. With the filing of an application, the applicant consents to the Town photocopying and releasing the application and any supporting material either for its own use in processing the application or at the request of a third party, without further notification to or permission from the applicant. The applicant also hereby states that it has authority to bind its consultants to the terms of this acknowledgement. Questions regarding the collection of information should be directed to the Clerk of the Town of Wasaga Beach, 705-429-3844, ex 2223.

Date: Dec. 12,	Signature of C	Owner:	1
	eworkideciyaran	ION OF OWNER/AGENT	
in the County do solemnly declare to make this path declar	hat all of the above sta	he Town of Unlangue I attachments are delieving it to be true and knowing oath and by virtue of The Canada	true, and I
DECLARED before m in the County	ne at the <u>Town</u> of <u>Simon</u> this	of Wasaga Blass s 12 Total of Nec	ch _,20_17
Signature Au	el	Susan May Irvine, a Commissioner, etc., Province of Ontario, for Palking Fulls & Westmiddles Inc.	

Please submit your complete application to:

The Town of Wasaga Beach Planning Department 30 Lewis Street Wasaga Beach, Ontario L9Z 1A1

Regular business hours: Monday to Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Appendix B:

Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet

Approved:		
	Project Number: 117098 Project Name: Wasaga Country Life - Phase 5 Municipality: Town of Wasaga Beach Designed By: SDH Date: September 22, 2017	Newsed by: PM Date: December 12, 2017 Checked by: KRS Date: December 12, 2017 Revision: 0
SN SHEET	350 L/cap/d 0.28 L/s/ha Harmon	4.6 ตลุภุษกก
SEWER DESIGN SHEET	FLOW CRITERIA Average Daily Flow Rate: InflowiInfiltration Rate: Peaking Factor	Density
SANITARY S	Ltd.	Ottawa
SANI	ciates	Barrie
	& Asso	e Orillia
	ham 8	Bracebridge
	C.C. Tatham & Associates Ltd.	Collingwood Bracebridge Orillia Barrie
	A	>

	PEAK FLOW VELOCITY (ZERO INFILTRATION)	m/s	0.48	0.39	0.43	0.39	0.40	0.48	0.00	0.47
	VELOCITY	m/s	1.32	0.74	1.04	0.74	0.74	0.74	0.97	0.97
PROPOSED SEWER	FULL FLOW	Vs	41.48	23.19	32.80	23.19	23.19	23.19	68.37	68.37
PROPOSE	GRADE	%	1.6%	0.5%	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
	ASTEMAID EPIPE	шш	200	200	200	200	200	200	300	300
	FENGLH OF PIPE	E	70.3	70.3	70.0	70.0	75.6	56.2	49.2	117.3
	JATOT	Vs	0.77	1.69	78.0	1.65	1.91	3.76	0.00	3.76
PEAK FLOW	NOITARTJION	l/s	0.17	0.34	0.14	0.39	0.47	0.86	0.00	0.86
	RESIDENTIAL	Vs	0.60	1.35	0.73	1.26	1.44	2.80	0.00	2.90
×	JATOT	1/5	0.31	0.85	0.31	89'0	0.81	1,55	0,00	1.66
AVERAGE FLOW	NOITARTJIANI	l/s	0.17	0.34	0.14	0.39	0.47	0.86	0.00	0.86
AV	RESIDENTIAL	I/s	0.14	0.32	0.17	0.29	0.34	0.70	0.00	0.70
	ASCUMULATED ASRA	ha	0.62	1.20	0.50	1,38	1.69	3.06	0.00	3.06
	ABRA	ha	0.62	0.58	0.50	0.88	0.31	0.17	00.0	0.00
	PEAKING PEAKING		4.35	4.27	4.33	4.28	4.26	4.17	4.50	4.17
	ACCUMULATED POPULATION	cap.	34	78	42	73	83	172	0	172
	POPULATION	cab.	34	44	42	31	10	10.	0	0
	NUMBER OF UNITS	-OU	13	17	16	12	4	4		
	DOWNSTREAM MAINTENANCE ADLE	MH No.	101	105	103	104	105	107	107	207
	UPSTREAM MAINTENANCE HOLE	MH No.	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107
	VKEY IVBEI		300	301	302	303	304	305		
	LOCATION OF SECTION		Street A	Street A	Street A	Street A	Street B	Street A	Wally Drive	Wally Drive

Appendix C:

Stormwater Management



Project:	Wasaga County Life - Phase 5
File No.:	117098
Date:	September 2017
Designed By:	AW
Checked By:	
Subject:	CN Calculator

Wasaga County Life - Phase 5 CURVE NUMBER, INITIAL ABSTRACTION & TIME TO PEAK CALCULATIONS

CONDITIONS

Area 101 Catchment

1.74 ha

	Yerage Ch. Tor Boil	Type	55	0	0	0	0	55.0
	WARE A	NO	20	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
	Ashes (8)	wrount !						0
	Wedend/Lakes	Area P	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Ch	100	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	200
	mpervious	Percent	-					0
	T.	Area	0	0	0	0	0	0
		CN	88	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
	Gravel	Percent	0.15					0.15
		Area	0.261	0	0	0	0	0.267
		CN	38	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
	insdows	Parcent						0
	100	Arms F	0	0	0	0	0	0
		CN	49	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
VALUE	Pasture/Lawros	ercent	0.85					0,86
ITED CN	Past	Ares P	1.479	0	0	0	0	1.478
WEIGHTED		CN	32	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
	ForestWooddiand	Percent	0	-		-		0
	Forest	Area P	0	0	0	0	0	0
		ercent /	-	-		-		+
	phrant So recteristic	Per	74	0	0	0	0	7.4
	Cat	Area	-					
	Runoff	Type	-	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	A/N#	Totals
	Soil Texture		Sand Loam	#WA	#N/A	#WA	#N/A	
	Hydrologic	dead rece	A	#W/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
	Soll Saries		TIOGA	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
	off Series					l in		

Time of Concentration Calculations

For Runoff Coefficients greater than 0.4

For Runoff Coefficients less than 0.4

Airport Method

Bransby-Williams Formula

Maximum Catchment Elevation Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area

Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration)

Time to Peak

187.38 m 185.36 m 250 m 1%

Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration) Maximum Catchment Elevation Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area 14.07 0.23 0.16

51.15 0.85 0.57

187.38 m 185.36 m 250 m 174 ha

47 mm

Soil Series

Forest/Woodland
Gravel
Pasture/Lawn
Impervious
Wetland/Lake/SV/MF
Meadows
Soil Series Total Landuse Type



	Project:	Wasaga County Life - Phase 5
	File No.:	117098
Ltd.	Date:	September 2017
	Designed By:	AW
Barrie	Checked By:	
	Subject:	CN Calculator

Wasaga County Life - Phase 5 CURVE NUMBER, INITIAL ABSTRACTION & TIME TO PEAK CALCULATIONS

CONDITIONS

Area 102 Catchment

1.32 ha

	Average CN for Boll	Type	49.9	0	0	0	0	0.04
	VMF	CN	90	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
1	Wedandilakesity	Parcient		-				0
ļ	Wedan	Area	0	0	0	0	0	0
ı		CN	100	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
ļ	Impervious	Percent						0
	dul	Area	0	0	0	0	0	0
To the second		S	68	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
-	Gravel	inears.	0.15					0.15
		Area 8	0.198	0	0	0	0	0.198
	Meadoves	CN	38	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
N VALUE		Persenti						0
		Arse p	0	0	0	0	0	0
		CN	49	N/A	N/A	N/A	#N/A	
	asturel Lawns	ercept 1	0.55	#	#	#	#	0.56
ED CN V	Pasture	-	0.726	0	0	0	0	1756
NEIGHT		Area	32 0.7	W.	A)	A/	A/	G.
-	puelpo	ND CN	0.3	Z#	Z#	Z#	Z#	6.3
	ForestiWoodland	Perce		0	0	0	0	191
	2	Area	1 0.396					1 0,39
1	nt Soll ntstics	Percent						
	Catchere	Area	1,32	0	0	0	0	1,32
	Runatt	Type	-	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	otals
	Soil Texture G		Sand Loam	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	To
	Hydrologic	dinois use	A S	#N/A	A/N#	#N/A	#N/A	
	Soil Series		TIOGA	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	
	Soll Sories		tis					

6,2 nm

Initial Abstraction

Time of Concentration Calculations

For Runoff Coefficients greater than 0.4

For Runoff Coefficients less than 0,4

Airport Method

Bransby-Williams Formula

Maximum Catchment Elevation Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area

Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration)

Time to Peak

187.52 m 185.47 m 260 m 1% 1.32 ha 15.12 0.25 0.17

Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration) Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area Maximum Catchment Elevation

185.47 m 260 m 1.32 ha

52.93 0.88 0.59

Soil Series Forest/Woodland
Gravel
Pasture/Lawn
Impervious
Wetland/Lake/SWMF
Meadows
Soil Series Total Landuse Type



Project:	Wasaga County Life - Phase 5
File No.:	117098
Date:	September 2017
Designed By:	AW
Checked By:	
Subject:	CN Calculator

Wasaga County Life - Phase 5 CURVE NUMBER, INITIAL ABSTRACTION 8, TIME TO PEAK CALCULATIONS

CONDITIONS

Area 301 Catchment

2.56 ha

ForestWoodsland PasturelLakers Meadows Area Parcent Chi Area									WEIGHTED	ED CN V	ALUE	l								-	-	-	
Solid Group Solid Marchine Type Solid Group Type	-	Hydrologie	-	Runoff	Catchine	IntSoil	Fores	tWoodland		Pasture	(Lawins		Meadov	2		Gravel	i	lmp	sookus	2	Vellandil.a.ke	MEWME	Average C for Soll
A Sand Loam	Soil Series	Soll Group		Coemidient	MINIMA	and and and	1	-	1	-	-	t	F	H	H	The second	L	Aces De	Distant C	H	an Bermant	EN CW	Type
A Sand Loam 1 2.56 11.8688 0.73 32 0.64 0.25 49 0 38 0.0512 0.02 89 0 A MINA MINA MINA 0 MIN		innin mar		Type	Area	Percent		Sergent	ZN AP	es Per	Sent C	ì		Š	Area	Percont	4	area Po	Ment	4	H	H	re
NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	1001	4	Cond Loans	-	2 58	+	1 8688	0.73		.64	0.25	49	0	8	8 0.0512	0.02	88	0		1001	0	90	37.3
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Time of Concentration Calculations

For Runoff Coefficients greater than 0,4

For Runoff Coefficients less than 0.4

Airport Method

Bransby-Williams Formula

Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration) Maximum Catchment Elevation Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area

Tinte to Peak

191 m 186 m 370 m 1% 2.56 ha

18.08

Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration) Maximum Catchment Elevation Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area

57.04 0.95 0.63

Landuse Type

191 m 186 m 370 m 1% 2.56 ha

8.61 num

Initial Abstraction

Forest/Woodland Gravel Pasture/Lawn Impervious Wetland/Lake/SWMF Meadows Soil Series Total



Orillia

Project:	Wasaga County Life - Phase 5
File No.:	117098
.td. Date:	September 2017
Designed By:	AW
Barrie Checked By:	
Subject:	CN Calculator

Wasaqa County Life - Phase 5 CURVE NUMBER, INITIAL ABSTRACTION & TIME TO PEAK CALCULATIONS

CONDITIONS

Area Catchment

Soll Series

								WEI	WEIGHTED ON	IN VALUE		H	0		
Soll Senes	Hydrelagic	Soil Texture	Runoff	Catchment Soil Characteristics	nt Soil ristics	70	orestWoodland	pq	Pa	asture/Lawns			Mesdows		
	ann mae		Type	Area	Percent	Area	Percent	CN	Arse	Percent	CN	Area	Persont	S	Area
IOGA	4	Sand Loam	-	3.7	-	0.185	0.05	32	2.405	0.65	49	0		38	1.11
#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	0		0		#N/A	0		#N/A	0		#N/A	0
#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	4/N#	0		0		W/A#	0		#N/A	0		#N/A	0
#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	0		0		#N/A	0		#N/A	0		#N/A	0
#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	0		0		#N/A	0		#N/A	0		#N/A	0
			Totals	3.7	+	0.185	0.05		2.465	9.65		0	0		1,11

50 #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A

Wetlands
Woods
Meadows
Gravel
Lawns

4.85 mm

Initial Abstraction

	5	
Section 1	Calculation	
	Concentration	
1	e of	

For Runoff Coefficients greater than 0.4

Bransby-Williams Formula

For Runoff Coefficients less than 0,4

Airport Method

Maximum Catchment Elevation Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area

191 m 186 m 325 m 2% 3.7 ha 0.25 Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration)

Time to Peak

Time of Concentration (Minutes)
Time of Concentration (Hours)
Time to Peak (2/3 x Time of Concentration) Maximum Catchment Elevation Minimum Catchment Elevation Catchment length Catchment Slope Catchment Area

191 m 186 m 325 m 2% 3.7 ha

0.72

Forest/Woodland Gravel Pasture/Lawn Impervious Wetland/Lake/SWMF Meadows Soil Series Total Landuse Type

4hr Chicago Storm - Existing Condition

				0	0	0	00
				ŏ	0	0	ŏ
			17	×	MM	Œ	Σ
4-	-	4	3	Z	MM	Z	Σ
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DESCRIBING SUNMARY OUTPUT OPERS

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output filename: I:\2017PR~I\117098~1\Design\SwW\103189~1\chf.out
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DATE: 29/09/2017

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COMMENTS:

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	10318	25	030	010
hrs	mm]	SOUND	.63]	
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			(E)	40

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.57]	68	59]	0101]	0102]	0304]	ER:		hrs	mm 1	.63.	. S7.	48	. 59]	01013	0102]	0304]	ER:		hrs	mm J	
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	3.70	1,32	4.30	5.05	9.32		AREA			2.56	1.74	3.70	1.32	4.30	5.05	9.32		AREA			
	.02	00	TO.	.02	.03		Qpeak			00.	.01	.02	90,	10,	.03	.04		Qpeak			
	2.50	2.67	2.67	2.50	2.50		Tpeak			2.33	2.08	1.92	2.17	2.17	2.00	2.00		Tpeak			
	2,19	1.29	1.09	1.95	1.56		R.V.			1.31	3.36	4.06	2.52	2.14	3.65	2.95		×.√ ₩.			
	60,	so.	n/a	n/a	n/a		R.C.			9	.10	.12	.08	n/a	n/a	n/a		3.0			
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TCATA +	03 3	5.0	4.30	.02	2.08	4.11	n/a	000
170TO +	0304 3	5.0	5.02	105	1.92	6.73	n/a	000
ADD [0303 + 0304] 0305	05 3	2.0	9.32	101	2.00	5.52	n/a	000
电路存储器 化二甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基	** 10	year						
W/E COMMAND HY	HYD ID	TO	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	R.V.	R.C.	Qbase
START @ .00 hrs CHIC STORM [Ptot= 51.23 mm]		10.0						
CALIB NASHYD 03([CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:TP .63]	0301 1	5.0	2.56	.01	2.17	3.88	80.	000.
CALIB NASHVD 01([CN=55.0 [N = 3.0:Tp .57]	0101 1	5.0	1.74	.02	2.00	8.51	.17	000
CALIB NASHYD 03 [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp .48]	0302 1	5.0	3.70	90.	1.92	10.12	.20	000.
[CN=49.9] [CN=49.9] [CN=49.9]	0102 1	5.0	1,32	.01	2.08	6.76	.13	000.
ADD [0301 + 0101] 03	0303 3	2.0	4.30	.03	2.08	5.76	n/a	000
ADD [0302 + 0102] 03	0304 3	5.0	5.03	107	1.92	9.23	n/a	000.
ADD [0303 + 0304] 03	0305 3	8.0	9.32	.10	2.00	7.63	n/a	000+
desakarakarakarakarakarakarakarakarakaraka	5 40 25	year year						
COMMAND	HYD ID	min p	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	A. Y.	R. C.	Qbase
START @ .00 hrs		10.0						

4 4	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp .63]	0301	н	2.0	2.56	.02	2.17	5.63	60.	
44	CALIB NASHYD [CN=55.0 [N = 3.0:Tp .57]	1010	H	2,0	1.74	.03	2.00	11.78	.19	
*	CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2] [N = 3.0:Tp .48]	0302	н	2.0	3.70	.08	1.92	13.90	.23	
45	CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9 [N = 3.0:Tp .59]	0102	н	5.0	1.32	.02	2.08	9.51	.16	
	ADD [0301 + 0101]	0303	m	5.0	4.30	.05	2.08	8.12	n/a	
	ADD [0302 + 0102]	0304	m	5.0	5.02	.10	1.92	12.75	n/a	
	ADD [0303 + 0304]	0305		2.0	9.32	.14	2.00	10.61	n/a	
* 00	分型的设备的现在分型的现在分型的现在分词使使有效的有效的有效的有效的现在分词 SIMULATION NUMBER: 6 次单型的电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影电影	*******	20	year						
W/E	COMMAND	HYD ID	a	TO H	AREA	Qpeak	Tpeak	A.V.	R.C.	
	START @ .00 hrs									
	CHIC STORM [Ptot= 66.94 mm			10.0						
**	[CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:TP .63]	0301	н	5.0	2.56	.02	2.17	7.04	11.	
et et	CALIB NASHYD [CN=55.0 [N = 3.0:Tp .57	0101	н	5.0	1.74	.04	2,00	14.34	,21	
作作	CALIB NASHYD [CN=60,2 [N = 3.0:Tp .48]	0302	d	5.0	3.70	.10	1.92	16.85	.25	
0.00	CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9 [N = 3.0:Tp .59]	0102	ref.	2.0	1.32	.02	2.08	11.68	.17	
	ADD [0301 + 0101]	0303	m	5.0	4.30	90.	2.08	9.99	n/a	
	ADD [0302 + 0102]	0304	m	5.0	5.02	.12	1,92	15.49	n/a	
	ADD [0303 + 0304]	0305	m	5.0	9.32	.18	1,92	12,95	n/a	
2444	populatuskahakakakakakakakabulakaha population NUMBER: 7 在定分表表表表现的形式的	*******		100 year						
M/E	W/E COMMAND	HYD	HYD ID	TO	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	A.V.	, C.	

CALLB MASHYD (N=3.0.Tp =3.0.Tp =3.0.Tp (N=5.0.Tp =3.0.Tp =3.0	CL	CHIC STORM [Ptot= 73.52	_ mm			10.0						
CALIB NASHYD (CN=60,2) (CN=60,2	المال	ALIB NASHYD CN=37.4 N = 3.0:Tp	.63]	0301	+1	5.0	2,56	.03	2.17	8,60	.12	.000
CALIE NASHYD [CN=60.2] CALIE NASHYD [CN=64.9] CALIE NASHYD [CN=67.2] CALIE NASHYD [CN=67.2] CALIE NASHYD [CN=67.2] CALIE NASHYD [CN=67.2] CALIE NASHYD [CN=57.4] CALIE NASHYD [CN=60.2] [CN=60.2	UUU	ALIB NASHYD CN=55.0 N = 3.0:Tp	. 57]	1010	74	2.0	1.74	.04	2.00	17.12	.23	.000
CALIE NASHYD [CN=39.9] ADD [0301 + 0101] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0304 + 0102] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0103] ADD [0302 + 0103] ADD [0302 + 0103] ADD [0302 + 0103] ADD [0303 + 0103] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0302 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0303 + 0102] ADD [0304 + 0102] ADD [0304 + 0102] ADD [0305 + 0102] ADD [03	U-L	ALIB NASHYD CN=60.2 N = 3.0:Tp	4	0302	H	5.0	3.70	.12	1.92	20.03	.27	. 000
ADD [0301 + 0101] 0303 3 5.0 4.30 .07 2.08 12.05 n/a ADD [0302 + 0102] 0304 3 5.0 5.02 .14 1.92 18.46 n/a ADD [0303 + 0304] 0305 3 5.0 9.32 .21 1.92 18.46 n/a ADD [0303 + 0304] 0305 3 5.0 9.32 .21 1.92 15.50 n/a SIMULATION NUMBER: 8 ** Regional (Trimmins) COMMAND HYD ID DT AREA QDEAK TOWN R.V. R.C. 00 RADD STORM FRAD COMMAND FRAD FRAD COMMAND FRAD FRAD FRAD COMMAND FRAD FRAD FRAD FRAD FRAD FRAD FRAD FRAD	0	ALIB NASHYD CN=49.9 N = 3.0:Tp		0102	H	5.0	1.32	.03	2.08	14.06	13	.000
ADD [0302 + 0102] 0304 3 5.0 5.02 .14 1.92 18.46 n/a ADD [0303 + 0304] 0305 3 5.0 9.32 .21 1.92 15.50 n/a ***RADD ***	Q.	[0301 +	101]	0303	90	5.0	4.30	.07	2.08	12.05	n/a	000
### ADD [0303 + 0304] 0305 3 5.0 9.32 .21 1.92 15.50 n/a ***STAULATION NUMBER:	4	[0302 +	102]	0304	m	5.0	5.02	.14	1.92	18.46	n/a	000
SIMULATION NUMBER: 8 ** Regional (Timmins) SIMULATION NUMBER: 8 ** Regional (Timmins) SIMULATION NUMBER: 8 ** Regional (Timmins) SIART @ .00 hrs START @ .00 hrs FREAD STORM FROTE=193.00 mm FROTE=193.00	4	+ £080]	304]	0305	m	5.0	9.32	.21	1.92	15.50	n/a	000
mm 3	w	COMMAND		HYD	E	TO	AREA	Qpeak	Tpeak	A.V.	LJ.	Obase
FREAD STORM [PLOFE193.00 mm] [PLOFE193.00 mm] [PLOFE193.00 mm] [FRAME : I:\DESIGN\103189\PHASE S\storms\Timmins.stm [CALIB NASHVD	terest terest	MULATION NUM	SER:	8 8 8		prional TO mim	(Timmir AREA ha	Opeak Cms	Tpeak	R, V	U	Obase
FIGURE NASHYD CALIE NASHYD C	u, , u.	START @ .00	hrs mm]	1		0.09	ı					
CALIE NASHYD [CN=37.4] [CN=37.7] [CN=37.7] [CN=57.7] [CN=55.0] [CN=55.0] [CN=55.0] [CN=55.0] [CN=55.0] [CN=56.0] [CN=56.0] [CN=56.0] [CN=60.2] [CN		rname : I:\DE remark: REGIO	NAL S	TORM T	TW I	INS -	12 hour	STOrm STOrm	5			
CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.27] 0101 1 5.0 1,74 0.09 7,25 89,51 .46 [CN=55.00] 0302 1 5.0 3.70 .23 7,17 99,57 .52 [CN=60.25] 0302 1 5.0 3.70 .23 7,17 99,57 .52 [CN=60.25] 0102 1 5.0 1,32 0.06 7.25 78.98 .41 [CN=49.9] 0102 1 5.0 1,32 0.06 7.25 78.98 .41 ADD [0301 + 0101] 0303 3 5.0 4.30 .17 7.33 69.43 n/a ADD [0302 + 0102] 0304 3 5.0 5.02 .29 7.17 94.15 n/a		CALIB NASHYD	.63	0301	-	5.0	2.56	.08		55.78	.29	000
CALTE NASHYD [608=60,2] $(0.20, 2.2)$ [608=60		CALIE NASHYD		0101	++	5.0	1,74	60.	7.25	89.51	.46	000
CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9] $(102 1 5.0 1.32 .06 7.25 78.98 .41 [CN=49.9] \times 3.0:Tp .59]$ ADD [G301 + 0101] 0303 3 5.0 4.30 .17 7.33 69.43 n/a ADD [0302 + 0102] 0304 3 5.0 5.02 .29 7.17 94.15 n/a		CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp	4	0302	rel .	5.0	3.70	N		99.57	.52	000
[0301 + 0101] 0303 3 5.0 4.30 ,17 7.33 69.43 n/a [0302 + 0102] 0304 3 5.0 5.02 ,29 7.17 94.15 n/a		CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9 [N = 3.0:Tp		0102	-	5.0	1,32	90.	7.25	78.98	3	.000
[0302 + 0102] 0304 3 5.0 5.02 .29 7.17 94.15 n/a	- 7	[030]	01010	0303	m	5.0	4.30	,17	7.33	69.43		000
	-	[0302	0102]	0304	m	2.0	5.02	.29	1	94.15		000

, ADD [0303 + 0304] 0305 3 5.0 9.32 ,46 7.25 82,74 n/a ..000 FINISH

Page 6

24hr SGS - Existing Condition

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TANGE SUMMARY CUTPUT DESCRI

Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHVMO 2.3.2\voin.dat Output filename: I:\2017PR~1\117098~1\pesign\SwW\103189~1\scs.out Summary filename: I:\2017PR~1\117098~1\pesign\SwW\103189~1\scs.sum

DATE: 29/09/2017 TIME: 11:31:14 AM USER:

COMMENTS:

Opeak Tpeak R.V. R.C. .21 14 .02 12,25 10,10 .18 .06 12.17 11.95 .01 12.25 8.08 AREA Page 1 1.32 1 0101 1 5.0 1.74 3.70 TOTE CALIB NASHYD 0302 1 5.0 [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp .48] 15.0 CALIB NASHYD 0102 1 5.0 [CN=49.9] [N = 3.0:Tp .59] nandancanasanasanasananum nt SIMULATION NUMBER: 1 1 72 2 year HYD ID START @ .00 hrs MASS STORM [Ptot= 55.83 mm] CALIB NASHYD [CN=55.0 W/E COMMAND 200 41 *

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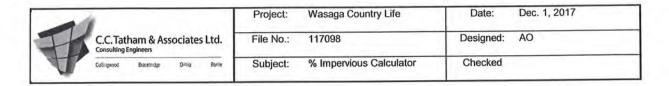
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	[N = 3.0:Tp	.57]									
est est	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp	.63]	0301	Ĥ	5.0	2.56	.01	.01 12.33	4.72	80.	000
	ADD [0102 + 03	0302]	0304	m	5.0	5.05	.07	12,17	10.94	n/a	.000
	ADD [0101 + 03	0301]	0303	m	2.0	4.30	.03	12.33	6.90	n/a	.000
	ADD [0304 + 03	0303]	9050	m	2.0	9.32	.10	12.17	9.07	n/a	000
4 4	经设备的资金分类的现在分类的现在分类的现在分类的现在分类的现在分类的现在分类的现在分类的现在	SER:	2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	- 40	year						
ш	W/E COMMAND		HYD ID	9	TO U	AREA	Qpeak	Tpeak	A.V.	.C.	Qbase
	START @ .00	hrs									
	M 4.18	mm J			15.0						
8	CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9 [N = 3.0:Tp	L. 65	0102	H	2.0	1.32	.02	.02 12.25	14.31	.19	. 000
#	CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp	4 60	0302	-1	5,0	3.70	.10	12.17	20.36	.27	.000
年年	CALIB NASHYD [CN=55.0 [N = 3.0:Tp	.57]	0101	H	5.0	1.74	.03	12.25	17.41	.23	000
er e	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp	.63]	0301	ल	5.0	2.56	.02	12.33	8.76	.12	000
	ADD [0102 + 0	0302]	0304	m	5.0	5.05	.12	12.17	18.77	n/a	000
	ADD [0101 + 0	0301]	0303	m	5.0	4.30	90.	12.25	12.26	n/a	.000
	ADD [0304 + 0	0303]	0305	m	5.0	9.32	.18	12.17	15.76	n/a	000
4 4	quecerando de composito de comp	BER:	6 0 0 6 0 0 6 0 0 6 0 0	10	year						
M/E	COMMAND		HYD ID	B	TO mim	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	ж > Ё	R. C.	Qbase
	START @ .00	hrs	1								
	MASS STORM [Ptot= 86.44	m 3			15.0						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9 [N = 3.0:Tp	.59]	0102	+	5.0	1.32	.03	12.25	19,20	.22	.000
dr.	CALIB NASHYD		0302	H	5.0	3.70		.13 12.08	26.79	.31	.000
	LCIV=0U. c	1				Page 2					

Z = 3.	CALIB NASHYD CON=55.0 N = 3.0:Tp	.57]	0101	-	5.0	1.74	.05	.05 12.25	23.07	22	000
	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp	.63]	0301		0.5	2.56	.03	12.33	12.04	14	000
ADD LUI	[0102 + 03	0302]	0304	m	2.0	5.02	.16	12.17	24.79	n/a	.000
ADD [0101	+	0301]	0303	m	5.0	4.30	.08	12.25	16.51	e/u	.000
ADD [0304	+	0303]	0305	m	2.0	9,32	.24	12,17	20.97	n/a	000
ULATI	在设力分子会计会会检验会会设计公司会设计会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会	ER:	4 44	25	year						
COMMAND			HYD ID	D	TO	AREA	Qpeak	Tpeak	×.	R.C.	Qbase
START @	9 .00 hrs	hrs	3								
Ptot=	MASS STORM [Ptot=101.69	mm]			15.0						
N=49.	CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9 [N = 3.0:Tp	59]	2010	H	2.0	1.32	.04	12.25	26.01	.26	. 000
N = N	CALIB NASHYD	4 8	0302	H	5.0	3.70	.18	12.08	35.54	35	. 000
ALTB CN=55 N = N	CALIB NASHYD [CN=55.0 [N = 3.0:Tp	.57	0101	H	5.0	1.74	90.	12.25	30.86	.30	.000
CALIB N [CN=37+	ASHYD 4 .0:Tp	63]	0301	H	5.0	2,56	.05	12,33	16.72	116	.000
[0] qq	ADD [0102 + 0302]	023	0304	m	5.0	20.5	.21	71.21 12.	33.03	n/a	000
ADD [0101	+	0301]	0303	m	2.0	4.30	11.	12.25	22.44	п/а	000
ADD [0304	+	0303]	0305	m	2.0	9.32	.32	12.17	28.15	n/a	000
MULAT	参与社会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会会	# H # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	200000	50	year						
W/E COMMAND	o.		HYD ID	ID	To	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	K.V.	8.C.	Qbase
START @	.00 DRM 112.86	hrs III	1:		15.0						
ALIB	CALIB NASHYD		0102	H	5.0	1.32	.05	.05 12.25	31.45	.28	.000
N=49	n	-1.									

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ساسان	CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp	7.8	0302	rd.	2.0	3.70	.21	12.08	.21 12.08 42.40	80	000
	CALIB NASHYD [CN=55.0 [N = 3.0:Tp	.57]	0101	e	2.0	1,74	.08	.08 12.25	37.02	eë.	000
	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp	.63]	0301	+	0.2	2.56	90.	.06 12.33	20.53	.18	.000
A	ADD [0102 + 0302]	1208	0304	m	5.0	5,02	.26	.26 12.17	39.55	n/a	.000
A	ADD [0101 + 03	+ 0301]	0303	m	5.0	4.30	.13	12,25	27.20	n/a	000
A	ADD [0304 + 0303]	303]	0305	m	5.0	9.32	.39	12.17	33.84	n/a	000
2 H 4	ossessessessessessessesses	SER:	******		100 year						
W/E C	COMMAND		HYD ID	G	Tom	AREA	Qpeak Cms	Theak	A.V.	R.C.	obase
W	START @ .00	hrs									
200	MASS STORM [Ptot=124.03	1			15.0						
	CALIB NASHYD [CN=49.9 [N = 3.0:Tp	. 59]	0102	н	0.5	1.32	.06	.06 12.25	37.23	.30	.000
	CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp	.48]	0302	н	2.0	3.70	.25	25 12.08	49.60	. 40	000
5	CALIB NASHYD [CN=55,0 [N = 3.0;Tp	.573	0101	н	5.0	1.74	60.	.09 12,25	43.52	.35	.000
0	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp	.63]	0301	ਜ਼	5,0	2.56	20.	12.33	24.64	.20	000
4	ADD [0102 + 0302]	302]	0304	m	5.0	5.05	.30	30 12.17	46.35	n/a	000
4	ADD [0101 + 0	0301]	0303	m	0.5	4.30	.16	16 12.25	32.28	n/a	000
-	ADD F0304 + 03037	3037	0305	m	5.0	9.32	.46	12.17	39.86	n/a	000

Page 4



 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Driveway Footprint} & 30 \text{ m}^2 \\ \text{Single Unit Footprint} & 124 \text{ m}^2 \\ \text{Garage Footprint} & 18 \text{ m}^2 \end{array}$

Catchment ID	Area (m²)	Total Area of Houses	Total Area of Driveways/ Garages	Road Ārea (m²)	Total Impervious Area (m²)	% Impervious
201	5,000	1488	96	117	1,701	34
202	5,000	992	0	277	1,269	25
203	20,300	5704	2976	2087	10,767	53
Total	30,300					

4 hr Chicago Storm - Proposed Condition

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***** SUMMARY OUTPUT seesed

Output filename: I:\2017PR~1\117098~1\Design\SWM\AO\103189~1\CHI Proposed.out Summary filename: I:\2017PR-1\117098-1\Design\SwW\AD\103189-1\CHI Proposed.sum Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 2.3.2\voin.dat

DATE: 12/1/2017

TIME: 2:23:22 PM

USER:

COMMENTS:

Qbase cms 000 R.V. R.C. .02 .01 1.92 5.03 .20 .61 Qpeak Tpeak .00 2.75 remark; OWEN SOUND 25 mm (from a 2 year-4hr storm) AREA . 50 2.56 CALIB NASHYD 0301 1 5.0 [CN=37.4] [1%=14.0:5%= 2.00] 0201 1 5.0 TOT HYD ID W/E COMMAND

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Page 1

### START ### .00 hrs CHIC STORM ** CALIE STANDHYD CALIE ST	M/E	COMMAND	HYD	10	TO	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	R, V.	8.C	Qbase
43.82 mm] 10.0 44.00 mm] 10.0 66.00 mm] 10.	-	@ .00									
KSHVD 1.5.MaNDHVD 1.5.ManDHVD	7	W.			10.0						
PANDHYDD 0:0:TP .48] 0:15 .48] 0:15 .48] 0:15 .48] 0:15 .48] 0:15 .48] 0:15 .48] 0:15 .48] 0:16 .48] 0:17 .48] 0:18 .48]		ASHVD A	0301	Θ	5.0	2.56	10.	2.25	2.69	90.	000
SSHYO D1.7P .48] ANDHYO D1.5%= 2.00] O202 1 5.0 .50 .02 1.33 10.93 .25 D1 + 0201] O203 1 5.0 .02 1.33 25.02 .57 D1 + 0201] O203 3 5.0 .02 1.33 4.15 n/a D2 + 0202] O204 3 5.0 .02 1.33 4.15 n/a D3 + 0304] O210 3 5.0 .02 1.33 4.15 n/a D3 + 0304] O210 3 5.0 .02 1.33 4.15 n/a D3 + 0304] O210 3 5.0 .02 1.33 4.15 n/a D3 + 0304] O210 3 5.0 .02 1.33 14.73 .29 DA NUMBER: A ************************************	-	CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	1020	H	2.0	.50	.02	1.33	11.63	.27	.000
ANDHYDO 3.5%=2.00] 3.020 1 5.0 2.03 .29 1.33 10.93 .25 3.100.93 1 5.0 2.03 .29 1.33 25.02 .57 3.11 + 0.201	-		0302	H	5.0	3.70	.04			.17	. 000
11 + 0209] 0203 1 5.0 2.03 1.33 25.02 .57 12 + 0201] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .02 1.33 4.15 n/a 12 + 0202] 0304 3 5.0 4.20 .05 1.83 7.83 n/a 12 1 0209] 0209 1 5.0 2.03 .01 4.00 24.40 n/a 13 1 + 0209] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .07 1.92 10.24 n/a 14 1 + 0209] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .07 1.92 10.24 n/a 15 00 hrs 10 0 hr	100	[I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	0202	H	2.0	.50	+02	1973	10.93	.25	000
11 + 0201] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .02 1.33 4.15 n/a 12 + 0202] 0304 3 5.0 4.20 .05 1.83 7.83 n/a 12 + 0202] 0209 1 5.0 2.03 .01 4.00 24.40 n/a 03 + 0304] 0211 3 5.0 7.26 .06 1.83 6.28 n/a 11 + 0209] 0210 3 5.0 7.26 .06 1.83 6.28 n/a 11 + 0209] 0210 3 5.0 7.26 .06 1.83 6.28 n/a 11 + 0209] 0210 3 5.0 7.26 .06 1.83 6.28 n/a 11 + 0209] 0210 3 5.0 7.26 .06 1.83 8.28 .08 08M 09M 05M 05M 05M 05M 05M 05M 05M 05M 05M 05	1	[T%=53.0:5%= 2.00]	0203	+	2.0	2.03	.29	1.33	25.02	.57	000
12 : 0203 0209 5.0 0.05 1.83 7.83 n/a 12 : 0203 0209 5.0 2.03 0.01 4.00 24.40 n/a 13 + 0304 0211 3 5.0 7.26 0.6 1.83 6.28 n/a 11 + 0209 0210 3 5.0 9.29 0.07 1.92 10.24 n/a 11 + 0209 0210 3 5.0 9.29 0.07 1.92 10.24 n/a 11 + 0209 0210 3 5.0 9.29 0.07 1.92 10.24 n/a 11 + 0209 0210 0.24 0.24 0.24 0.24 0.24 12		[0301 +	0303	m	5.0	3.06	.02	1.33	4.15	n/a	000
Color Colo		[0302 +	0304	m	2.0	4.20	.05	1.83	7.83	n/a	000
11 + 0.2091 0211 3 5.0 7.26 .06 1.83 6.28 n/a 11 + 0.2091 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .07 1.92 10.24 n/a 600 NUMBER: 4 *** 10 year		20.		H	5.0	2.03	.01	4.00	24.40	n/a	000
11 + 0209] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .07 1.92 10.24 n/a SCHORLES AND MUMBER: 4 *** 10 year		[0303 +	0211	m	5.0	7.26	90.	1.83	6.28	n/a	000
ON NUMBER: 4 *** 10 year AREA Qpeak Topaak R.V. R.C. .00 hrs HYD ID DT AREA Qpeak Topaak R.V. R.C. .00 hrs HYD ID DT AREA Qpeak R.V. R.C. .00 hrs HYD ID DT AREA Qpeak R.V. R.C. .00 hrs HYD ID DT AREA Gms hrs mm S1.23 mm ASHVD O301 S.0 2.56 .01 2.17 3.88 .08 G1.26 L.S. L.S. L.S. L.S. L.S. ASHVD O302 S.0 3.70 .06 1.92 10.12 .20 O374 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 TANDHYD D385 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 O375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 D375 O376 D376 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 O377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 O377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 O377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 O377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 O377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 O377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 D377 O378 D377 D377		10211 +	0210	m	5.0	9.29	.07	1.92	10.24	n/a	.000
.00 hrs .00 hrs .00 hrs .00 hrs .00 hrs 51.23 mm 1 51.23 mm 2 .01 2.17 3.88 .08 .01 2.25 .01 2.17 3.88 .08 .01 2.25 .01 2.17 3.88 .08 .01 2.2 .01 2.17 3.88 .08 .02 2.2 .00	4 WY	ANDLATION NUMBER:	444	9							
hrs. 0301 5.0 2.56 .01 2.17 3.88 .08 .63 .63 .03 1.33 14.73 .29 .201 2.0 2.03 1.33 14.73 .29 .201 3.70 .06 1.92 10.12 .20 .48 .201 .20 .202 1.50 .50 .02 1.33 13.82 .27 .202 .203	Tel	COMMAND	НУВ	A	TOTE	AREA	opeak	Tpeak	R.V.		obase
.63] 0301 1 5.0 2.56 .01 2.17 3.88 .08 .63] 2,00] 0201 1 5.0 ,50 .03 1.33 14.73 .29 .00] 0302 1 5.0 3.70 .06 1.92 10.12 .20 .00] 0302 1 5.0 .50 .02 1.33 13.82 .27	1000	23	1		10.0						
3,00] 0201 1 5.0 ,50 .03 1.33 14.73 .29 0302 1 5.0 3,70 .06 1.92 10,12 .20 .48] 0202 1 5.0 .50 .02 1.33 13.82 .27				Н	5.0	2.56	.01	2.17			000
3,70 .06 1.92 10,12 .20 .48] 3,70 .06 1.92 10,12 .20 .48]		CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]		н	0.3	.50	. 03	H	14.73		.000
STANDHYD 0202 1 5.0 .50 .02 1.33 13.82 .2705%= 2.00]		4			5.0	3.70	90.				000
		CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]		-	5.0	.50	.02	H	13.82		.000

						10.0			START @ .00 hrs
qbase	, C	R.V.	Tpeak	Qpeak	AREA	min	ID	HYD ID	W/E COMMAND
	: 3					year	20	*****	** SIMULATION NUMBER: 6 **
000	п/а	16.79	1.83	113	9.29	5.0	m	0210	ADD [0211 + 0209]
000	n/a	11.59	1.83	,12	7.26	2.0	m	0211	ADD [0303 + 0304]
.000	n/a	35.38	3.45	.02	2,03	5.0	H	0209	RESRVR [2 : 0203] {ST= .06 ha.m }
.000	n/a	14.36	1.83	60.	4.20	2.0	m	0304	ADD [0302 + 0202]
000	n/a	7.80	1,33	.03	3.06	5.0	m	0303	ADD [0301 + 0201]
000	.60	36.00	1.33	.41	2.03	5.0	pol .	0203	CALIB STANDHYD [1%=53.0:5%= 2.00]
000	.29	17.73	1,33	.03	. 50	5.0	-1	0202	CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]
000	.23	13.90	1.92	.08	3.70	2.0	et	0302	CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp ,48]
.000	15	18.91	1.33	.03	. 50	5.0	Н	0201	CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14,0:5%= 2.00]
000	60.	5.63	2.17	.02	2.56	2.0	н	0301	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp .63]
						10.0			CHIC STORM [Ptot= 60.42 mm]
								1	START @ .00 hrs
Qbase	R.C.	R.V.	Tpeak	Opeak	AREA	Tom	ID	HYD	W/E COMMAND
						year	25	5 20	opersopersopersopersopersoperso
000	n/a	13.02	1,83	.10	9.29	2.0	m	0210	ADD [0211 + 0209]
.000	n/a	8.49	1.83	.09	7.26	0.5	m	0211	ADD [0303 + 0304]
000	n/a	29.23	4.00	.01	2.03	2.0	H	0209	RESRVR [2 : 0203] {ST= .05 ha.m }
.000	n/a	10.56	1.83	.07	4.20	2.0	m	0304	ADD [0302 + 0202]
000	n/a	2.66	1.33	.03	3.06	2.0	m	0303	ADD [0301 + 0201]
		5			60.9	2.0	4	0503	[1%=53.0:5%= 2.00]

02 04 04 04 04 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06	2.17 1.92 1.92 1.33 1.83 1.83 1.33 1.33 1.33 1.33 1.33	2.17 1.33 1.33 1.83 3.17 2.17 2.17 2.17 1.33 1.133 1.133 1.133
02 04 04 04 04 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06	2.17 1.92 1.92 1.33 1.83 1.83 1.33 1.33 1.33 1.33 1.33	2.17 7.04 . 1.33 22.09 . 1.92 16.85 . 1.33 20.70 . 1.33 40.47 . 1.83 14.02 . 1.83 14.02 . 1.92 20.03 . 1.33 23.86 . 1.33 45.06 . 1.33 45.06 . 1.33 45.06 . 1.33 45.06 . 1.33 45.06 . 1.33 11.35 .
	2.17 1.33 1.92 1.33 1.83 1.33 1.33 1.33 1.33 1.33 1.33	2.17 7.04 . 1.33 22.09 . 1.33 20.70 . 1.33 40.47 . 1.33 40.47 . 1.33 14.02 . 1.33 14.02 . 1.33 25.46 . 1.33 23.86 . 1.33 45.06 . 1.33 45.06 . 1.33 11.35 . 1.83 11.35 .

ADD [0303 + 0304]	T+000	1770	m	0.0	7.26	.17	1,83	16.64	n/a	000
ADD [0211 +	0209]	0210	m	5.0	9.29	.20	1.83	22.71	n/a	000
ACCEPTED NUMBER: 8 RESERVED STATEMENT OF STA	WEER:	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		Regiona	(Trimmins)					
W/E COMMAND		HYD ID	9	Tom	AREA	Qpeak	Tpeak	×. E	R.C.	Qbase
START @ .0	.00 hrs									
READ STORM 60.0 [Ptot=193.00 mm] Frot=193.00 mm Frame : I:\DESIGN\103189\PHASE 5\storms\Timmins.stm	0 mm]	103189	PH	60.0 ASE 5\	Storms\Ti	mmins.	STI			
remark: REGIONAL STORM TIMMINS - 12 hour storm	ONAL ST	TORM T	IM	INS -	12 hour s	torm				
CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp	.63]	0301	+	5.0	2.56	80.	7.33	55.78	.29	.000
CALIB STANDHYD [1%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	. 2.00]	0201	-	5.0	.50	.04	7,00	7,00 105.35	.55	000.
CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp		0302	H	5.0	3.70	.23	7.17	99.57	.52	000.
CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	. 2.00]	0205	н	2.0	.50	.03	7.00	99.87	.52	000
CALIB STANDHYD [I%=53.0:5%= 2.00]	. 2.00]	0203	+	5.0	2.03	.18	7.00	138.48	.72	000
ADD [0301 + 0201]	0201]	0303	m	5.0	3.06	.10	7.00	63.88	n/a	000
ADD [0302 + 0202]	0202]	0304	93	5.0	4.20	.26	7.08	99,60	n/a	.000
RESRVR [2 : 0203] {ST= .10 ha.m }	0203]	0200	н	5.0	2.03	17	7.08	137.85	n/a	000.
ADD [0303 + 0304]	0304]	0211	m	5.0	7.26	.36	7.17	84.55	n/a	.000
TO211 + 02091	02097	0210	m	5.0	9.29	.50	7.08	96.19	n/a	000

24hr SCS - Post Development

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***** SUMMARY DUTPUT ****

Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\visual OTTHYNO 2.3.2\voin.dat
Output filename: I:\2017PR-1\117098-1\Design\SWM\AD\103189-1\SCS Proposed.out
Summary filename: I:\2017PR-1\117098-1\Design\SWM\AD\103189-1\SCS Proposed.sum

DATE: 12/1/2017

TIME: 2:09:01 PM

USER:

COMMENTS:

000 000. 0000 Opeak Theak R.V. R.C. .21 .21 11.75 32.91 .59 .02 11.75 15.73 .28 .06 12.17 11.95 AREA 2.03 .50 3.70 Page 1 1 5.0 TOW 15.0 CALIB STANDHYD 0202 I 5.0 [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00] CALIB NASHYD 0302 1 5.0 [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp ,48] *** SIMULATION NUMBER: 1 *** 2 year stresses stresses of the s HYD ID CALIB STANDHYD 0203 [I%=53.0:5%= 2.00] MASS STORM [Ptot= 55.83 mm] START @ .00 hrs W/E COMMAND

## CALIB NASHYD (N = 3.0:Tp	*	CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	0201	н	2.0	. 50	.02	.02 11.75	16.78	.30	.000
### STANT ### 10 1			0301	ल	5.0	2.56	.01	12,33	4.72	80	000
ADD [0202 + 0302] 0304 3 5.0 4.20 .06 12.08 12.40 n/a ADD [0201 + 0301] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .02 11.75 6.69 n/a ADD [0203 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 7.26 .08 12.08 10.00 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .09 12.08 14.87 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .09 12.08 14.87 n/a ***SINULATION NUMBER: 2 ***5 Year MASS STORM **CALIB STANDHYD ***CALIB NSHYD ***CA		[2 : 0203]	0200	θ	5.0	2.03	10.	m	32.28	n/a	000
ADD [0201 + 0301] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .02 11.75 6.69 n/a ADD [0309 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 7.26 .08 12.08 14.87 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .09 12.08 14.87 n/a **SINULATION NUMBER; 2 ** 5 year W/F COMMAND **CALIE STANDHYD *		+ 20201	0304	m	2.0	4.20	90.	12.08	12.40	n/a	.000
## STAND 0304 + 0303] 0211 3 5.0 7.26 .08 12.08 10.00 n/a ## SINULATION NUMBER: 2 ** 5 year ## SINULATION NUMBER: 3 ** 6 year ## SINUL		[020] +	0303	m	5.0	3.06		11.75	69.9	n/a	000
## START G		[0304 +	0211	m	5.0	7.26	.08	12.08	10.00	n/a	000
SINULATION NUNBER; 2 ** 5 Year W/E COMMAND **TART @00 hrs. **CALIB STANDHYD **CALIB NASHD **CALIB STANDHYD **COND STANDHYD **CALIB STANDHYD *		[020g +	0210	m	5.0	62.6	60.	12.08	14.87	n/a	.000
### START ## :00 hrs START ## :00 hrs ###\$5 \$TORM		SIMULATION NUMBER:	2 00	N.	year						
CALIB STANDHYD **CALI	W/E		HAD	9	TO	AREA	Qpeak	Tpeak	R.V.		Obase
Ptot= 74.18 mm 1		START @ .00 hrs	4		15.0						
# CALIB STANDHYD ** CALIB NASHYD ** COMMAND ** ADD [0201 1 5.0 2.03 .02 12.33 8.76 .12 ** ADD [0202 + 0302] 0209 1 5.0 2.03 .02 12.83 44.90 n/a ** ADD [0202 + 0302] 0209 1 5.0 2.03 .02 12.83 44.90 n/a ** ADD [0202 + 0302] 0209 3 5.0 3.06 .04 11.75 11.54 n/a ** ADD [0203 + 0301] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 16.91 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 0210 0210 0210 0210 0210 021		CALIB STANDHYD [1%=53.0:5%= 2.00]	0203	+	5.0	2.03	.29	11.75	45.52		.000
** CALIB NASHYD 0302 1 5.0 3.70 .10 12.17 20.36 .27 [CN=60.2] ** CALIB STANDHYD 0201 1 5.0 .50 .03 11.75 25.80 .35 [IX=14.05.82=2.00] 0301 1 5.0 .25 0.02 12.33 8.76 .12 ** CALIB NASHYD 0301 1 5.0 2.56 .02 12.33 8.76 .12 ** CALIB STANDHYD 0301 1 5.0 2.03 0.02 12.33 8.76 .12 ** CALIB STANDHYD 0301 1 5.0 2.03 0.02 12.33 8.76 .12 ** CALIB STANDHYD 0301 0301 1 5.0 2.03 0.02 12.33 8.76 .12 ** ADD [0202 + 0302] 0304 3 5.0 4.20 1112.08 20.81 n/a ** ADD [0204 + 0302] 0211 3 5.0 7.26 1412.08 16.91 n/a ** ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 1612.08 23.02 n/a *** STANLATION NUMBER: 3 ***			0202	-	5.0	.50	*03	11.75	24.18		000
* CALIB STANDHYD 0201 1 5.0 .03 11.75 25.80 .35 [I%=14,0:5%=2.00] 0301 1 5.0 2.56 .02 12.33 8.76 .12 CALIS NASHYD 0301 1 5.0 2.03 .02 12.33 8.76 .12 ECK=37,4 0.02 1 5.0 2.03 0.02 12.83 44.90 n/a (5T= .06 ha.m.) 3.0 4.20 1 5.0 2.03 0.02 12.83 44.90 n/a 4DD [0202 + 0302] 0304 3 5.0 4.20 .11 12.08 20.81 n/a ADD [0201 + 0301] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .04 11.75 11.54 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 16.91 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 ADD [0302	ret.	5.0	3.70	110	12.17	20.36		000.
# CALIB NASHYD [CK=37,4] [CK=37,4] RESRVR [2 : 0203] RESRVR [2 : 0203] ADD [0202 + 0302] ADD [0202 + 0302] ADD [0204 + 0303] ADD [0204 + 0303] ADD [0209 + 021] ADD [0209 + 020] ADD [DO	0201	ed	5.0	.50	.03	11.75	25.80		000
RESRVR [2 : 0203] 0209 1 5.0 2.03 .02 12.83 44.90 n/a {ST= .06 ha.m} } ADD [0202 + 0302] 0304 3 5.0 4.20 .11 12.08 20.81 n/a ADD [0201 + 0301] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .04 11.75 11.54 n/a ADD [0304 + 0303] 0211 3 5.0 7.26 .14 12.08 16.91 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 n/a ADD [0209	b	NASHYD 7.4 3.0:Tp	0301	н	5.0	2.56	.02	12.33	8.76		.000
ADD [0202 + 0302] 0304 3 5.0 4,20 .1112.08 20.81 n/a ADD [0201 + 0301] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .04 11.75 11.54 n/a ADD [0209 + 0303] 0211 3 5.0 7.26 .14 12.08 16.91 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a *** SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 *** 10 year W/E COMMAND HYD ID DT AREA QDeak Tpeak R.V. R.C.	,	L 2		H	2.0	2.03	.02	00	44.90		. 000
ADD [0201 + 0301] 0303 3 5.0 3.06 .04 11.75 11.54 n/a ADD [0304 + 0303] 0211 3 5.0 7.26 .14 12.08 16.91 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a *** SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 *** 10 year *** SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 *** 10 year *** W/E COMMAND HYD ID DT AREA QDeak Tpeak R.V. R.C.		[0202 +	0304	m	5.0	4.20	11.		20.81		000
ADD [0304 + 0303] 0211 3 5.0 7.26 .14 12.08 16.91 n/a ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ***********************************		1020]	0303	m	5.0	3.06	.04	11,75	11.54		.000
ADD [0209 + 0211] 0210 3 5.0 9.29 .16 12.08 23.02 n/a ****SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 *** 10 year ****SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 *** 10 year ****COMMAND HYD ID DT AREA QDEAK TPEAK R.V. R.C. ***PAREA PROPER PROPERTY FOR THE	2 2	[0304 +	0211	w.	5.0	7.26	.14	12,08	16.91		000
*** SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 *** 10 year ************************************		[0209 +	0210	m	5.0	9,29	.16		23.02		.00
COMMAND HYD ID DT AREA QDEAK TDEAK R.V.R.C. min ha cms hrs mm Page 2		SIMULATION NUMBER:	94 E								
	W/W	E COMMAND	HYD	8	TO	AREA ha Page 2	Opeak	Tpeak		7.C.	Qbas

Ptot= 86.44 mm]			12.0						
CALIB STANDHYD [I%=53.0:5%= 2.00]	0203	H.	2.0	2.03	35	.35 11.75	54.29	• 63	.000
CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	0202	-	2.0	.50	+04	11.75	30.48	-35	000
CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2] [N = 3.0:Tp .48]	0302	н	5.0	3.70	.13	12.08	26.79	ž.	.000
CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	0201	-	2.0	. 50	.04	11.75	32.50	.38	.000
CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp .63]	0301	H	2.0	2.56	.03	12.33	12.04	.14	000
RESRVR [2 : 0203] {ST= .07 ha.m }	0209	ref	5.0	2.03	.03	12.58	53.67	n/a	000
ADD [0202 + 0302]	0304	m	5.0	4.20	.15	12.08	27.23	n/a	000
ADD [0201 + 0301]	0303	m	5.0	3.06	.05	11,75	15,39	n/a	.000
ADD [0304 + 0303]	0211	m	5.0	7.26	.19	12.08	22.24	n/a	.000
ADD [0209 + 0211]	0210	m	5.0	9.29	.22	12,08	29,10	n/a	.000
A PARATA TANA BARATA BARATA BARATA BARATA BARATA W/E COMMAND HVD	HAD THE	A	. 5ª	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	7. A.	R.C.	Qbase
START @ .00 hrs									
MASS STORM [Ptot=101.69 mm]			15.0						
CALIB STANDHYD [1%=53.0:5%= 2.00]	0203	н	0.5	2.03	.42	11.75	65.53	. 64	000
CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	0202	Н	5.0	.50	.05	11.75	38.93	38	000
[CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp .48]	0302	-	5.0	3.70	. 18	12.08	35.54	E.	.000
[I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	0201	-	5.0	. 50	50.	11.75	41.47	14.	.000
[CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp .63]	0301	Н	5.0	2.56	50.	12.33	16.72	.16	000
RESRVR [2 : 0203]	0200	\neg	5.0	2.03 Page 3	70.	.04 12.42	64.91	n/a	000

	ADD [0202 + 0302]	0304	m	5.0	4.20	.19	17.08	35.94	n/a	000
	ADD [0201 + 0301]	0303	m	5.0	3.06	.07	11.75	20.76	n/a	.000
	ADD [0304 + 0303]	0211	m	5.0	7.26	.26	12.08	29.54	n/a	000
	ADD [0209 + 0211]	0210	m	2.0	9.29	.29	12.08	37.27	n/a	000
# N P	presentation number: 5 to be substituted in the SIMULATION NUMBER: 5 to be substituted in the substitute of the substitu	5 44	20	year						
W/E	COMMAND	HYD	8	Tou	AREA	Qpeak	Tpeak	ж. У. Е		Qbase
	START @ .00 hrs	4								
	MASS STORM [Ptot=112.86 mm]			15.0						
	CALIB STANDHYD [I%=53.0:5%= 2.00]	0203	н	0.2	2,03	.47	.47 11.75	73.97	99.	000
	CALIB STANDHYD [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	2020	H	2,0	.50	90.	11.75	45.51	.40	000
	CALIB NASHYD [CN=60.2 [N = 3.0:Tp .48]	0302	-	5.0	3.70	.21	12.08	42.40	80	000
	CALIB STANDHYD [1%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	0201	H	2.0	.50	.07	11.75	48.45	.43	.000
	CALIB NASHYD [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0:Tp .63]	0301	T-I	5.0	2.56	90.	12.33	20.53	.18	000
	RESRVR [2 : 0203] {ST= .09 ha.m }	0200	H	5.0	2.03	90+	12.33	73.35	n/a	000
	ADD [0202 + 0302]	0304	m	5.0	4.20	.23	12.08	42.77	n/a	000
	ADD [0201 + 0301]	0303	m	5.0	3.06	60.	11.75	25.09	n/a	000
	ADD [0304 + 0303]	0211	m	5.0	7.26	.30	12.08	35.32	n/a	000
	ADD [0209 + 0211]	0210	m	5.0	9.29	.36	12.17	43.63	n/a	000
4 3	中国的自然的基础的基础的基础的基础的基础的基础的自然的。 以第 SIMULATION NUMBER: 6 年度 在实现的复数的复数形式的复数形式的重要的基础的基础。	200000		100 year						
W/E	COMMAND	HYD ID	2	Tate	AREA	Opeak	Tpeak	R.V.	R.C.	obase
	START @ .00 hrs	1								
	MASS STORM [Ptot=124.03 mm]			15.0						
	CALIB STANDHYD	0203	-	5.0	2.03	.53	.53 11.75	82.57	79.	000
	LAMPAGE CONTRACTOR				2 0000					

á	4	dt.	c						MAD
CALIB STANDHYD 0202 1 5.0 [1%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	CALIB NASHYD 0302 1 5.0 [CN=60.2	CALIB STANDHYD 0201 1 5.0 [I%=14.0:5%= 2.00]	CALIB NASHYD 0301 1 5.0 [CN=37.4 [N = 3.0;Tp .63]	RESRVR [2 : 0203] 0209 1 5.0 (ST= .09 ha.m)	ADD [0202 + 0302] 0304 3 5.0	ADD [0201 + 0301]	ADD [0304 + 0303]	ADD [0209 + 0211]	HSENE
0202	0302	0201	0301	0200	0304	0303 3	0211	0210 3 5.0	
4	Н	H	H	4	m	m	m	3	
5.0	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
. 50	3.70	.50	2.56	2.03	4.20	3.06	7.26	9.29	
.08	.25	.08	.07	60.	.27	11.	.35	44	
11.75	12.08	11.75	12.33	12.17	12.08	11.75	12.08	12.08	
.08 11.75 52.38 .42	.25 12.08 49.60 .40	.08 11.75 55.66 .45	.07 12.33 24.64 .20	.09 12.17 81.94 n/a	.27 12.08 49.93	.11 11.75 29.71	.35 12.08 41.41	.44 12.08 50.27	
.45	.40	. 45	.20	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
000	.000	.000	. 000	000	000	000	000	000	

Page 5

Wasaga County Life - Phase 5 Volume Table

Active Pool

Side Slope

5:1

Bottom Elev. 184.50

Elev.	Depth	Aı	reas		Pond Storag	ge Volume		LID	Total
(m)	(m)	Area (m²)	Avg, Area (m²)	Dead (m ³)	Accum. Dead (m ³)	Live (m³)	Accum. Live (m³)	Accum. Live (m³)	Accum. Liv (m³)
			1000		772.1				
184.5	0.00	28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
184.60	0.10	75.13	51.57	5.16	5.16	0.00	0.00		
184.70	0.20	122.26	98.70	9.87	15.03	0.00	0.00		
184.80	0.30	169.39	145.83	14.58	29.61	0.00	0.00		
184.90	0.40	216.52	192.96	19.30	48.90	0.00	0.00		
185.00	0.50	263,65	240.09	24.01	72.91	0.00	0.00		
185.10	0.60	310.78	287.22	28.72	101.63	0.00	0.00		
185.20	0.70	357.91	334.35	33.43	135.07	0.00	0.00		
185.30	0.80	405.04	381.48	38.15	173.22	0.00	0.00		
185.40	0.90	452.17	428.61	42.86	216.08	0.00	0.00	l l	
185.50	1.00	499.30	475.74	47.57	263.65	0.00	0.00		
185,65	1.15	570.00	534.65	80.20	343.85	0.00	0.00		
185,70	1.20	598.78	584.39			29.22	29.22	20.96	50.18
185.80	1.30	656.33	627.56			62.76	91.98	62.88	154.86
185.90	1.40	713.89	685.11			68.51	160.49	104.80	265.29
186.00	1.50	771.44	742.67		1 1	74.27	234.75	146.72	381.47
186.10	1.60	829.00	800.22		1 1	80.02	314.77	188.64	503.41
186.20	1.70	886.56	857.78		1 1	85.78	400,55	230.56	631.11
186.30	1.80	944.11	915.33		1 1	91.53	492.09	230.56	722.65
186.40	1.90	1001.67	972.89			97.29	589.37	230,56	819.93
186.50	2.00	1059.22	1030.44			103.04	692.42	230.56	922.98
186.60	2.10	1116.78	1088.00			108.80	801.22	230.56	1031.78
186.70	2.20	1174.33	1145.56			114.56	915.77	230.56	1146.33
186.80	2.30	1231.89	1203.11			120.31	1036.09	230,56	1266.65
186.90	2.40	1289.44	1260.67			126.07	1162.15	230.56	1392.71
187.00	2.50	1347.00	1318.22			131.82	1293.97	230.56	1524,53

Wasaga County Life - Phase 5 SWM Pond

ORIFICE/PIPE CONTROL

WEIR CONTROL

Outlet Pipe

Ditch Inlet overflow

0.600 Length of Weir 3 m diameter = 100 525 Weir Sill Elevation 186.33 186.70 m area = 0.0028 0.0079 0.2165 1.83 1.6 Weir constant K Orifice C = 0.63 0.63 0.80 Side Slope (H:V) 5 Invert = 185.65 185.90 185,50

Q = flow rate (cms)

 $Q = K \times L \times H^{\Lambda} I.5$

C = constant

A = area of opening(sq. m)

where Q = flow rate (cms) K = constant

H = net head on the orifice

L = length (m)

g = Acceleration due to gravity

H = head on the weir (m)

	Low 1	Flow Pipe	Secondar	ry Inlet Pipe	Ou	tlet Pipe	Dit	ch Inlet		rgency Ilway	Total Discharg
Water Level	Head	Discharge	Head	Discharge	Head	Discharge	Head	Discharge	Head	Discharge	Distint
(m)	(m)	(ems)	(m)	(cms)	(m)	(ems)	(m)	(cms)	(m)	(ems)	(cms)
184.50	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0,0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
184.60	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
184.70	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0,0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
184,80	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0,0000	0.0000
184.90	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
185.00	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0,0000	0.0000
185.10	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
185,20	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
185.30	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
185.40	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
185.50	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
185.65	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.15	0.0326	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
185.70	0.02	0.0011	0.00	0.0000	0.20	0.0559	0.00	0,0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0011
185.80	0.12	0.0027	0.00	0.0000	0.30	0,1156	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0027
185.90	0.22	0.0037	0.00	0.0000	0.40	0.1847	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0,0037
186.00	0.32	0.0045	0.10	0.0069	0.05	0.1715	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0114
186.10	0.42	0.0051	0.15	0.0085	0.15	0.2971	0.00	0,0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0136
186.20	0.52	0.0057	0.25	0.0110	0.25	0.3835	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0166
186.30	0.62	0.0062	0.35	0.0130	0.35	0.4538	0.00	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0192
186.40	0.72	0.0067	0.50	0.0155	0.45	0.5146	0.07	0.0203	0.00	0.0000	0.0425
186.50	0.82	0.0071	0.60	0.0170	0.55	0.5689	0.17	0.0770	0.00	0.0000	0.1011
186.60	0.92	0.0076	0.65	0.0177	0.65	0.6185	0.27	0.1540	0.00	0.0000	0.1793
186.70	1.02	0.0080	0.75	0.0190	0.75	0.6643	0.37	0.2471	0.00	0.0000	0.2741
186.80	1.12	0.0084	0.90	0.0208	0.85	0.7072	0.47	0.3538	0.10	0.1771	0.5600
186.90	1.22	0.0087	1.00	0.0219	0.95	0.7477	0.57	0.4725	0.20	0.5724	1.0756
187.00	1.32	0.0091	1.05	0.0225	1.05	0.7860	0.67	0.6022	0,30	1,1831	1.8168

 $\tilde{Q}_{qc}=1.65([(pi^{\alpha}(D^{2})/4)(2^{\alpha}\cos^{-1}[(((D/2)-d)/(D/2))^{\alpha}(180/pi)]/360)-((D/2-d)(Dd-d^{2})^{0.5})]/d)d^{1.6}$

Where:
Q_{is} Is weir flow (m²/s)
D is orifice diameter (m)
d is depth of flow above the invert (m)

WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE - PHASE 5 STAGE-STORAGE-DISCHARGE DATA

Avg. Side Slope

5:1

Bottom Elev.

184.50 m

Top of Bank

187.00 m

	ORIFICE /	PIPE FLOW		WEIR FLOW			
Water Level	#1 Discharge	Outlet Pipe Discharge	DICB Discharge	Overflow Discharge	Total Discharge	STORAGE	
(m)	(m ³ /s)	(m ³ /s)	(m ³ /s)	(m ³ /s)	(m ³ /s)	(m ³)	
184.50	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
184.60	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
184.70	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
184.80	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
184.90	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
185.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.000	0	
185.10	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
185,20	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
185.30	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
185.40	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
185.50	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
185.65	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	
185.70	0.0011	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.001	50	
185.80	0.0027	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.003	155	
185.90	0.0037	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.004	265	
186.00	0.0045	0.0069	0.0000	0.0000	0.011	381	
186.10	0.0051	0.0085	0.0000	0.0000	0.014	503	
186.20	0.0057	0.0110	0.0000	0.0000	0.017	631	
186,30	0.0062	0.0130	0.0000	0.0000	0.019	723	
186.40	0.0067	0.0155	0.0203	0.0000	0.043	820	
186.50	0.0071	0.0170	0.0770	0.0000	0.101	923	
186.60	0.0076	0.0177	0.1540	0.0000	0.179	1032	
186.70	0.0080	0.0190	0.2471	0.0000	0.274	1146	
186.80	0.0084	0.0208	0.3538	0.1771	0.560	1267	
186.90	0.0087	0.0219	0.4725	0.5724	1.076	1393	
187.00	0.0091	0,0225	0.6022	1.1831	1.817	1525	

WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE - PHASE 5 FILE NO. 117098

DRAWDOWN TIME FOR POND - EXTENDED DETENTION

(Using the falling head orifice equation)

$$t = \frac{2 A_p}{C A_o (2g)^{0.5}} \qquad (h_1^{0.5} - h_2^{0.5})$$

Value where t = drawdown time in seconds 713.89 m² = Extended Detention level A_p = surface area of pond (m^2) C = discharge coefficient (typically 0.63) 0.63 0.002827 m2 for 60 mm dia A_0 = cross-sectional area of orifice (m²) g = gravitational acceleration constant (9.81 m/s²) 9.81 m/s2 h_1 = starting water elevation above the orifice (m) 0.220 m 185.90 h₂ = ending water elevation above the orifice (m) 185.65 0.000 m m

t = 84,876.90 seconds $Q = 0.0037 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ t = 23.58 hours

Wasaga Country Life- Phase 5 SWM Facility Design Calculations Using MOE SWMPD Manual / March 2003 SWM Pond Facility Sediment Forebay Sizing

Dist						
Dist	=	SQRT(r*Qp/Vs)	Dist = Forebay length (m)			
			r = Length to width ratio	r	=	2.00
			Qp = 25mm SWM outflow - water quality (cms)	Qp	=	0.0040 cms
			Vs = settling velocity for 0.15 mm particles (m/s)	Vs	=	0.0003 m/s
Dist	V.E	5.16 m	Actual forebay length = 15			
2) Disper	sion Le	ngth				
Dist	=	8*Q/d*Vf	Dist =Length of dispersion (m)			22312
			Q = 10 Yr max inlet flow (cms)	Q	=	0.3430 cms
			d = depth of permanent pool in forebay (m)	d	=	1.0000 m
			Vf= desired velocity in forebay (m/s)	Vf	4	0.5000 m/s
Dist		5.49 m	Actual forebay length = 15			
3) Cleand	out Freq	uency				
Table 6.3	MOE S	WMPD Manual				
		Vol/(load*Asew*eff.)	Asew = contributing sewer area (ha)	Asew	=	2.06 ha
Cleanout		and the filter of a first of a section of the	Actual Forebay Length	Alength	A.	15.00 m
Cleanout			Actual Forebay Length			
Cleanout			Imp = avg. percent Impervious (%)	Imp		51 %
Cleanout					=	0.925 cu.m/h
Cleanout			Imp = avg. percent Impervious (%)	lmp		0.925 cu.m/h: 80%
Cleanout			Imp = avg. percent Impervious (%) load = sediment loading (cu.m/ha)	lmp load	=	0.925 cu.m/h

Forebay Volume Table

Side Slope

5:1

Bottom Elev.

184.65

Top of Bank

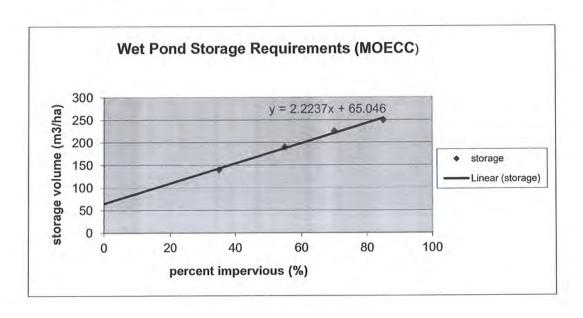
185.65

Elev.	Depth	A	reas	V	olumes
(m)	(m)	Area (m²)	Avg. Area (m²)	Dead (m ³)	Accum. Dead (m ³)
184.65	0.00	8	0.00	0.00	0.00
184.75	0.10	24.20	16.10	2	1.61
184.85	0.20	40.40	32.30	3	4.84
184.95	0.30	56.60	48.50	5	9.69
185.05	0.40	72.80	64.70	6	16.16
185.15	0.50	89,00	80,90	8	24.25
185.25	0.60	105.20	97.10	10	33.96
185.35	0.70	121.40	113.30	11	45.29
185.45	0.80	137.60	129.50	13	58.24
185.55	0.90	153.80	145.70	15	72.81
185,65	1.00	170	161.90	16	89.00

MOECC Water Quality Storage Volumes

Table 3.1 Values

% impervious	storage
35	140
55	190
70	225
85	250

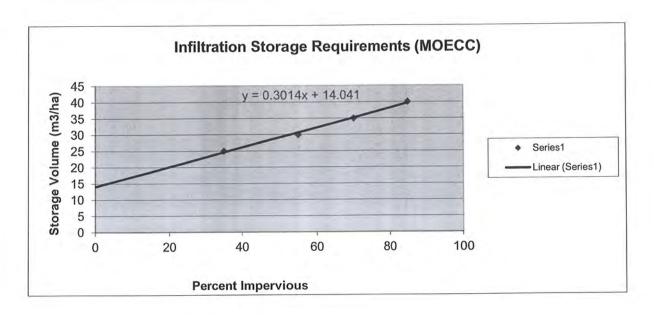


53
182.9
2.03
371.3
290.1
81.2

MOECC Water Quality Storage Volumes

Table 3.1 Values

% impervious	storage (m³/ha)
35	25
55	30
70	35
85	40



% Impervious	53
Storage Volume (m³/ha)	30.0
Drainage Area (ha)	2.03
Storage Volume (m ³)	60.9

WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE - PHASE 5 PERFORATED PIPE SYSTEM VOLUME TABLE **CATCHMENT 201**

Right of Way LID

Rear Yard LID

Length 55.00 m Width 1.00 m

Length Width

Void Ratio

1.00 m

Bottom Elev.

0.40 Clear Stone

0.40 Clear Stone Void Ratio

200.00 m

100.00 m

100.00 m Bottom Elev.

Stage

0.05 m

Stage 0.05 m

		Below Groun	id Storage	Infilt	ration	Active	Storage
Elev. Depth (m)	Profile Area (m²)	Volume (m³)	Accum. Total (m³)	Accum. Total (ha-m)	Accum. Total (m³)	Accum. Tota (ha-m)	
0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.0000		
0.10	0.10	0.100	10.20	10.20	0.0010		1/1
0.15	0.05	0.050	5.10	15.30	0.0015		
0.20	0.05	0.050	5.10			5.10	0.0005
0.30	0.10	0.100	10.20			15.30	0.0015
0.40	0.10	0.100	10.20			25.50	0.0026
0.50	0.10	0.100	10.20			35.70	0.0036
0.60	0.10	0.100	10.20			45.90	0.0046
0.70	0.10	0.100	10.20			56.10	0.0056

WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE - PHASE 5 PERFORATED PIPE SYSTEM VOLUME TABLE CATCHMENT 202

Right of Way LID

Rear Yard LID

Length 57.00 m

Length

268.00 m

Width

Stage

1.00 m

Width

1.00 m 0.40 Clear Stone

Void Ratio

0.40 Clear Stone

Void Ratio Bottom Elev.

100.00 m

Bottom Elev.

100.00 m 0.05 m

Stage

0.05 m

		Below Groun	nd Storage	Infilt	ration	Active	Storage
Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Profile Area (m²)	Volume (m³)	Accum. Total (m³)	Accum. Total (ha-m)	Accum. Total (m³)	Accum. Tota (ha-m)
0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.0000		
0.10	0.10	0.100	13.00	13.00	0.0013		
0.15	0.05	0.050	6.50	19.50	0.0020		Jan Constitution
0.20	0.05	0.050	6.50			6.50	0.0007
0.30	0.10	0.100	13.00			19.50	0.0020
0.40	0.10	0.100	13.00	0.1		32.50	0.0033
0.50	0.10	0.100	13.00	/		45.50	0.0046
0.60	0.10	0.100	13.00	0.1		58.50	0.0059
0.70	0.10	0.100	13.00			71.50	0.0072

WASAGA COUNTRY LIFE - PHASE 5 PERFORATED PIPE SYSTEM VOLUME TABLE CATCHMENT 203

Right of Way LID

Rear Yard LID

Length 860.00 m Width 1.00 m

1.00 m

Void Ratio 0.40 Clear Stone

Bottom Elev. 100.00 m Stage 0.05 m Length 188.00 m

Width 1.00 m

Void Ratio 0.40 Clear Stone Bottom Elev. 100.00 m

Stage 0.05 m

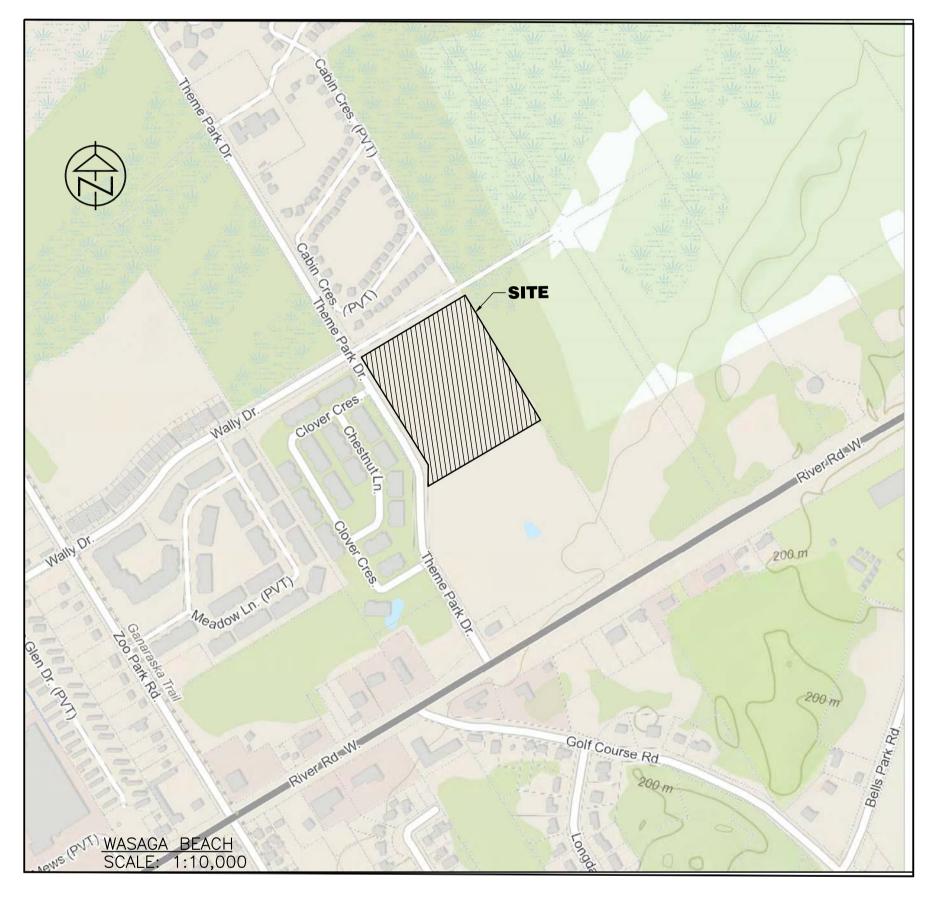
		Below Groun	nd Storage	Infilt	ration	Active	Storage
Elev. Depth (m)	Profile Area (m²)	Volume (m³)	Accum. Total (m³)	Accum. Total (ha-m)	Accum. Total (m³)	Accum. Tota (ha-m)	
0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.0000		
0.10	0.10	0.100	41.92	41.92	0.0042	1	
0.15	0.05	0.050	20.96	62.88	0.0063		
0.20	0.05	0.050	20.96	40.00	and the same of	20.96	0.0021
0.30	0.10	0.100	41.92	(N 1	62.88	0.0063
0.40	0.10	0.100	41.92		1	104.80	0.0105
0.50	0.10	0.100	41.92			146.72	0.0147
0.60	0.10	0.100	41.92		5 X	188.64	0.0189
0.70	0.10	0.100	41.92			230.56	0.0231

Civil Engineering Design Drawings Prepared and Reviewed by a Senior Engineer from CCTA stamped December 12, 2017 that conform to Town standards:

- SC-1: Siltation, Removals, and Erosion Control Plan
- DP-1: Pre-Development Drainage Plan
- DP-2: Post-Development Drainage Plan
- STM-1: Storm Drainage Plan
- SS-1: Site Servicing Plan
- SG-1: Site Grading Plan
- SAN-1: Sanitary Drainage Plan
- PND-1: Pond Cross-Section and Details
- PP-1: Plan and Profile for Wally Street
- DE-1: General Details and Notes

WASAGA MEADOWS TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

KEY PLAN



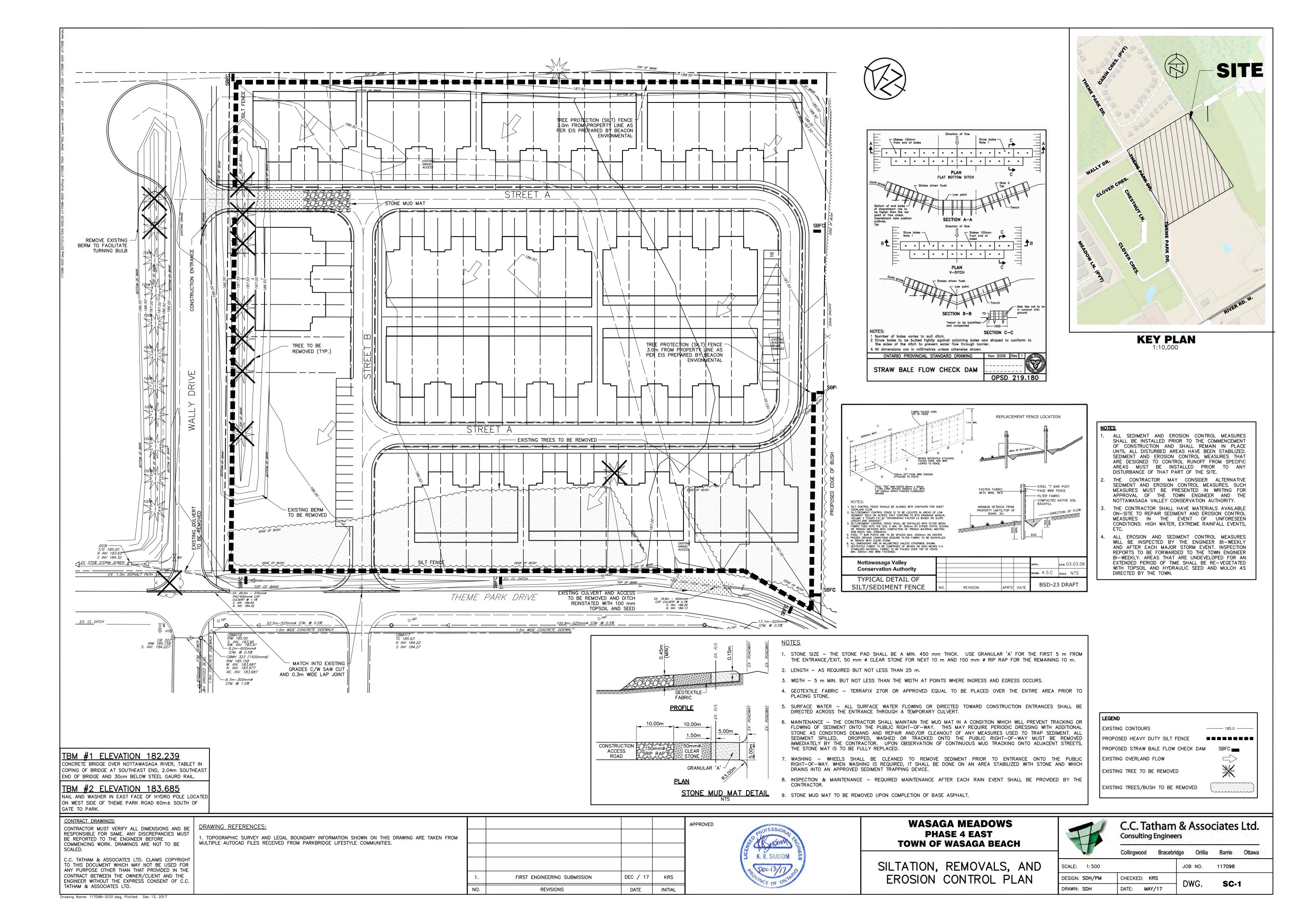
INDEX

Dwg.	Description
117098-TP-1	TITLE PAGE, INDEX AND LEGEND
117098-SC-1	SILTATION, REMOVALS, AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN
117098-DP-1	PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN
117098-DP-2	POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN
117090-DF-2	FOST-DEVELOFMENT DRAMAGE FLAN
117098-SS-1	SITE SERVICING PLAN
117098-SG-1	SITE GRADING PLAN
117098-STM-1	STORM DRAINAGE PLAN
117000 0111 1	
117098-SAN-1	SANITARY DRAINAGE PLAN
117098-PND-1	POND CROSS-SECTION AND DETAILS
117098-PP-1	PLAN AND PROFILE - WALLY STREET - STA. 1+000 TO STA. 1+180
117098-DE-1	GENERAL DETAILS AND NOTES

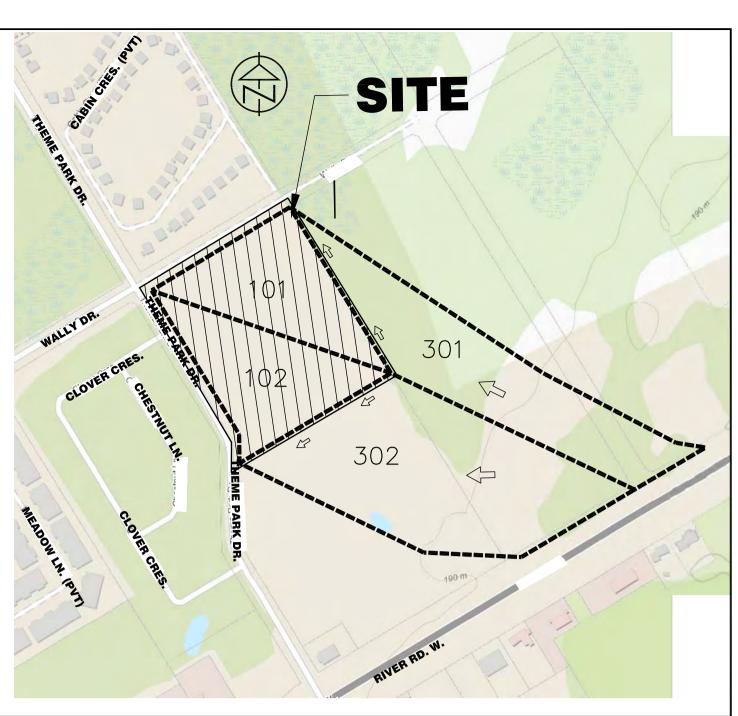
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PHASE 4 EAST FIRST ENGINEERING SUBMISSION **CCTA FILE NO. 117098**

LEGEND	
PROPERTY LINE	
EXISTING CENTERLINE	
PROPOSED CENTRELINE EXISTING EDGE OF ASPHALT	
PROPOSED EDGE OF ASPHALT	
EXISTING EDGE OF SHOULDER	
PROPOSED EDGE OF SHOULDER	
EXISTING DITCH/DIRECTION OF FLOW	
PROPOSED DITCH/DIRECTION OF FLOW EXISTING SANITARY SEWER/SIZE/DIRECTION OF FLOW	
PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER/SIZE/DIRECTION OF FLOW	200ø_SAN
EXISTING SANITARY SERVICE	
PROPOSED SANITARY SERVICE	1000 SAN F/M
EXISTING SANITARY FORCEMAIN/SIZE/DIRECTION OF FLOW EXISTING WATERMAIN/SIZE	
PROPOSED WATERMAIN/SIZE	200ø W/M
EXISTING WATER SERVICE	
PROPOSED WATER SERVICE	
EXISTING STORM SEWER/SIZE/DIRECTION OF FLOW	
PROPOSED STORM SEWER/SIZE/DIRECTION OF FLOW EXISTING CULVERT	
PROPOSED CULVERT	
PROPOSED SWALE LOCATION	
PROPOSED JOINT HYDRO, BELL AND ROGERS	
EXISTING GAS MAIN	
PROPOSED GAS MAIN	
EXISITNG FENCELINE PROPOSED PRIVACY FENCELINE	
PROPOSED CHAINLINK FENCELINE	
PROPOSED ACOUSTIC FENCELINE	→ → → →
EXISTING BUSHLINE	······
EXISTING CONTOUR	179.00
EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION	× 179.00 × 179.00
EXISTING GRADING DIRECTION	~179.00 ——⊳
PROPOSED GRADING DIRECTION	→
PROPOSED SWALE LOCATION	\longrightarrow
EXISTING TEMPORARY BENCHMARK	ТВМ
EXISTING STANDARD IRON BAR	♣ SIB
EXISTING BOREHOLE/NUMBER EXISTING GAS VALVE	⊕ BH9 ⋈ GAS
EXISTING HYDRO TRANSFORMER	
EXISTING CABLE PEDESTAL	
EXISTING BELL PEDESTAL	В
EXISTING BELL MAINTENANCE HOLE	O BELL MH
EXISTING BELL POLE EXISTING HYDRO POLE AND HYDRO GUY WIRE	○ <i>BP</i> >— ○ <i>HP</i>
PROPOSED LIGHT STANDARD	•LS
EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGN	þ <i>1</i> 5
PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGN	• TS
PROPOSED STOP SIGN	STOP SIGN
PROPOSED STREET NAME SIGN	★ STREET NAME SIGN
EXISTING DECIDUOUS TREE EXISTING CONIFEROUS TREE	
EXISTING SANITARY MAINTENANCE HOLE/NUMBER	O SAN MH20
PROPOSED SANITARY MAINTENANCE HOLE/NUMBER	SAN MH17
EXISTING BUSH	£,}
EXISTING HYDRANT AND VALVE	- HYD & WV
PROPOSED HYDRANT AND VALVE EXISTING WATER VALVE	◆HYD & WV
PROPOSED WATER VALVE	₩ WV
PROPOSED CURB STOP VALVE	► CSV
EXISTING WATERMAIN PLUG AND THRUST BLOCK	Э
PROPOSED WATERMAIN PLUG AND THRUST BLOCK	٦
PROPOSED BLOWOFF	0
EXISTING STORM MAINTENANCE HOLE	STM MH20
PROPOSED STORM MAINTENANCE HOLE/NUMBER EXISTING CATCH BASIN	STM MH9 □ CBMH 18
PROPOSED CATCH BASIN	□ CB
PROPOSED CATCH BASIN MAINTENANCE HOLE/NUMBER	CBMH12
PROPOSED DOUBLE CATCH BASIN MAINTENANCE HOLE/NU	MBER ① DCBMH4
PROPOSED DOUBLE CATCH BASIN	DCB
PROPOSED DITCH INLET CATCH BASIN PROPOSED TACTILE WALKING SURFACE INDICATOR	■ DICB
PROPOSED TACTILE WALKING SURFACE INDICATOR PROPOSED CURB CUT	
PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGN	-
VERTICAL POINT OF INFLECTION	<u> </u>
PROPOSED COMMUNITY MAILBOX ROCK CHECK DAM	⊠ MB ■■ RCD
10. B. B. A. J. P. C. B. A. C.	NOD
STRAW BALE CHECK DAM	SBCD
	SBCD
STRAW BALE CHECK DAM	SBCD







KEY PLAN 1: 10,000



LEGEND PROPERTY LINE EXISTING DRAINAGE DIRECTION CATCHMENT AREA BOUNDARY AREA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER -6.43 0 AREA IN HECTARES -PERCENT IMPERVIOUS / CN VALUE -

TBM #1 ELEVATION 182.239

CONCRETE BRIDGE OVER NOTTAWASAGA RIVER, TABLET IN COPING OF BRIDGE AT SOUTHEAST END, 2.04m SOUTHEAST END OF BRIDGE AND 30cm BELOW STEEL GAURD RAIL.

TBM #2 ELEVATION 183.685

NAIL AND WASHER IN EAST FACE OF HYDRO POLE LOCATED ON WEST SIDE OF THEME PARK ROAD 60m± SOUTH OF GATE TO PARK.

CONTRACT DRAWINGS:

CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SAME. ANY DISCREPANCIES MUST BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. DRAWINGS ARE NOT TO BE SCALED.

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NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	INITIAL	



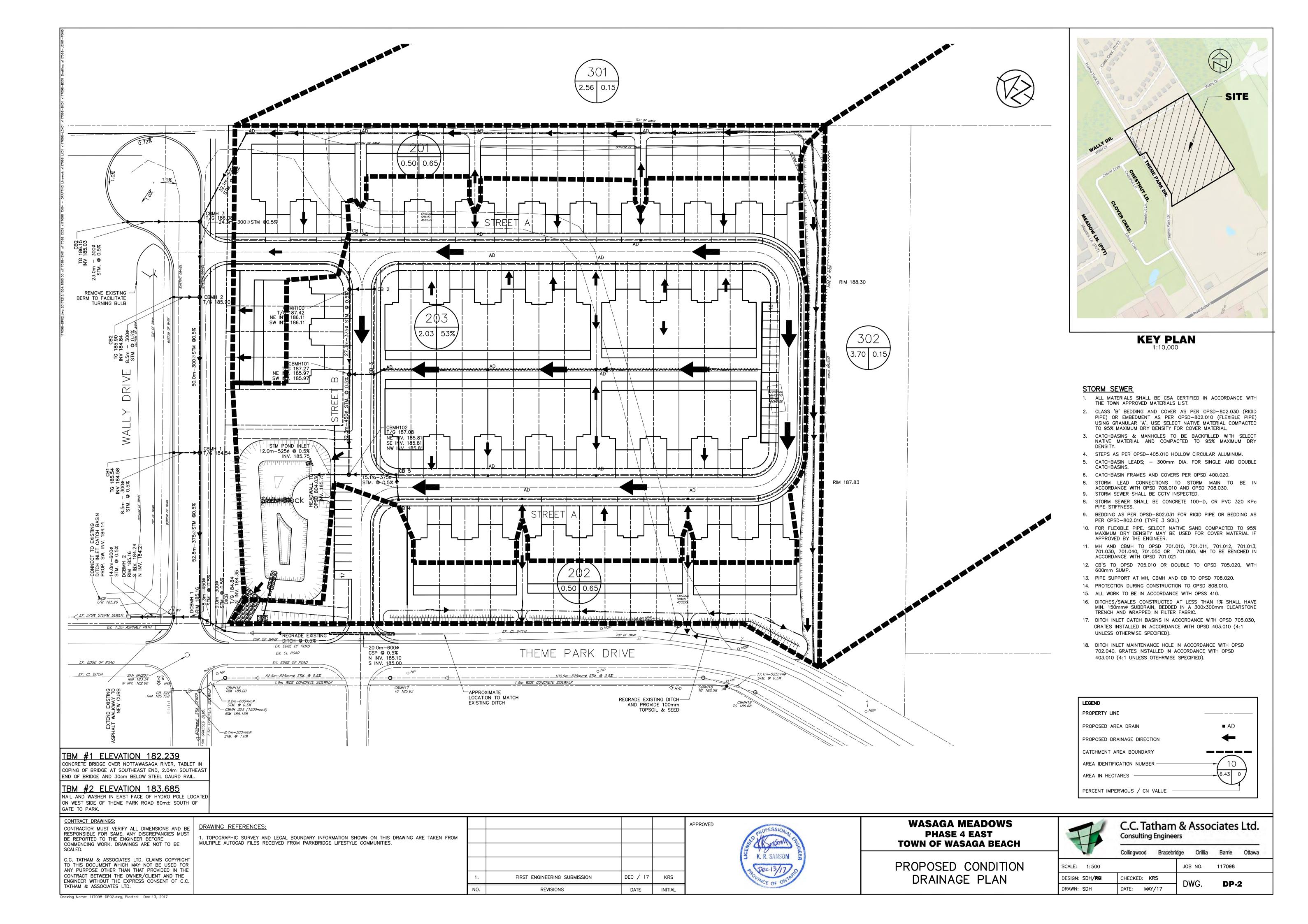
WASAGA MEADOWS PHASE 4 EAST **TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH**

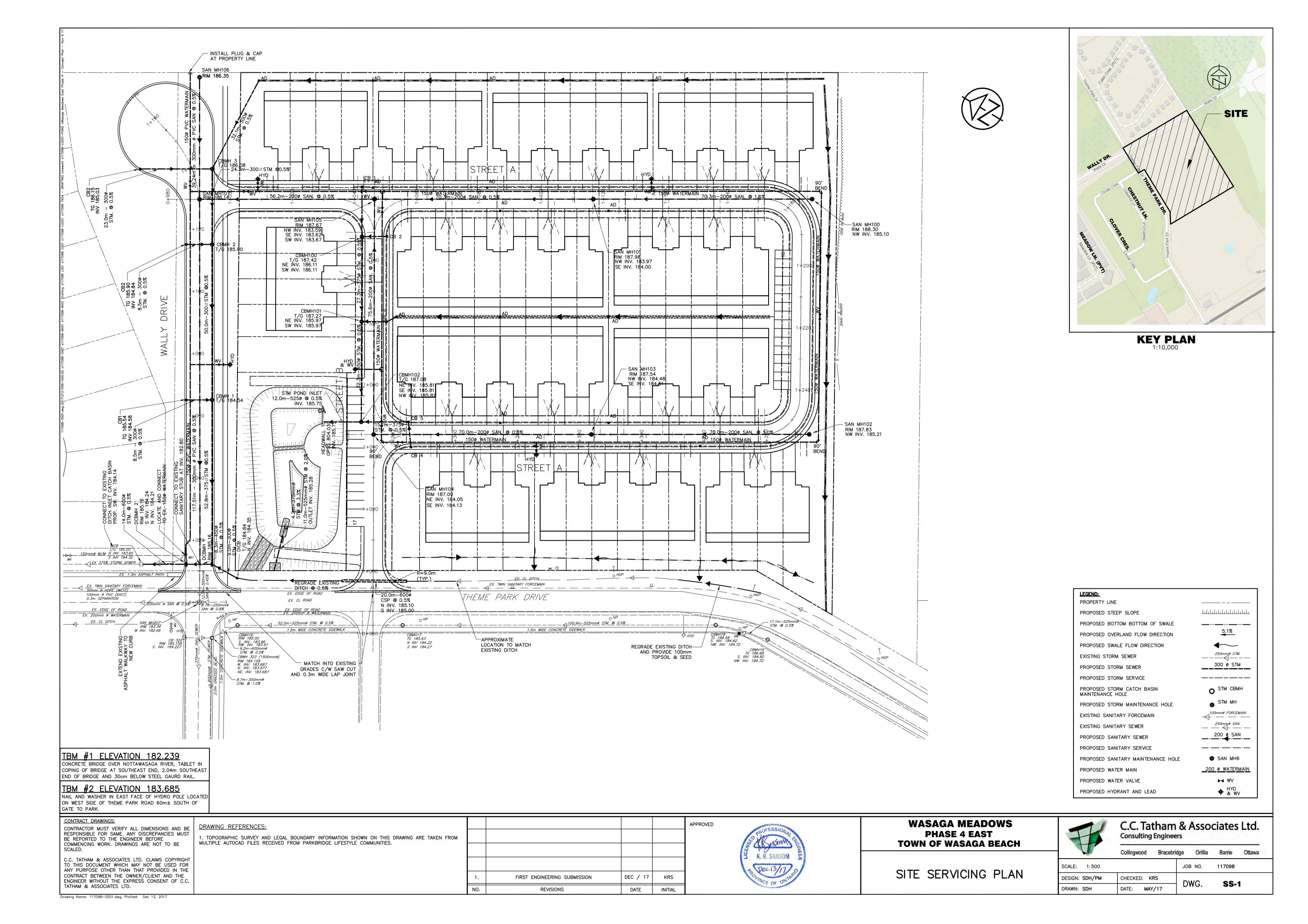
EXISTING CONDITION DRAINAGE PLAN

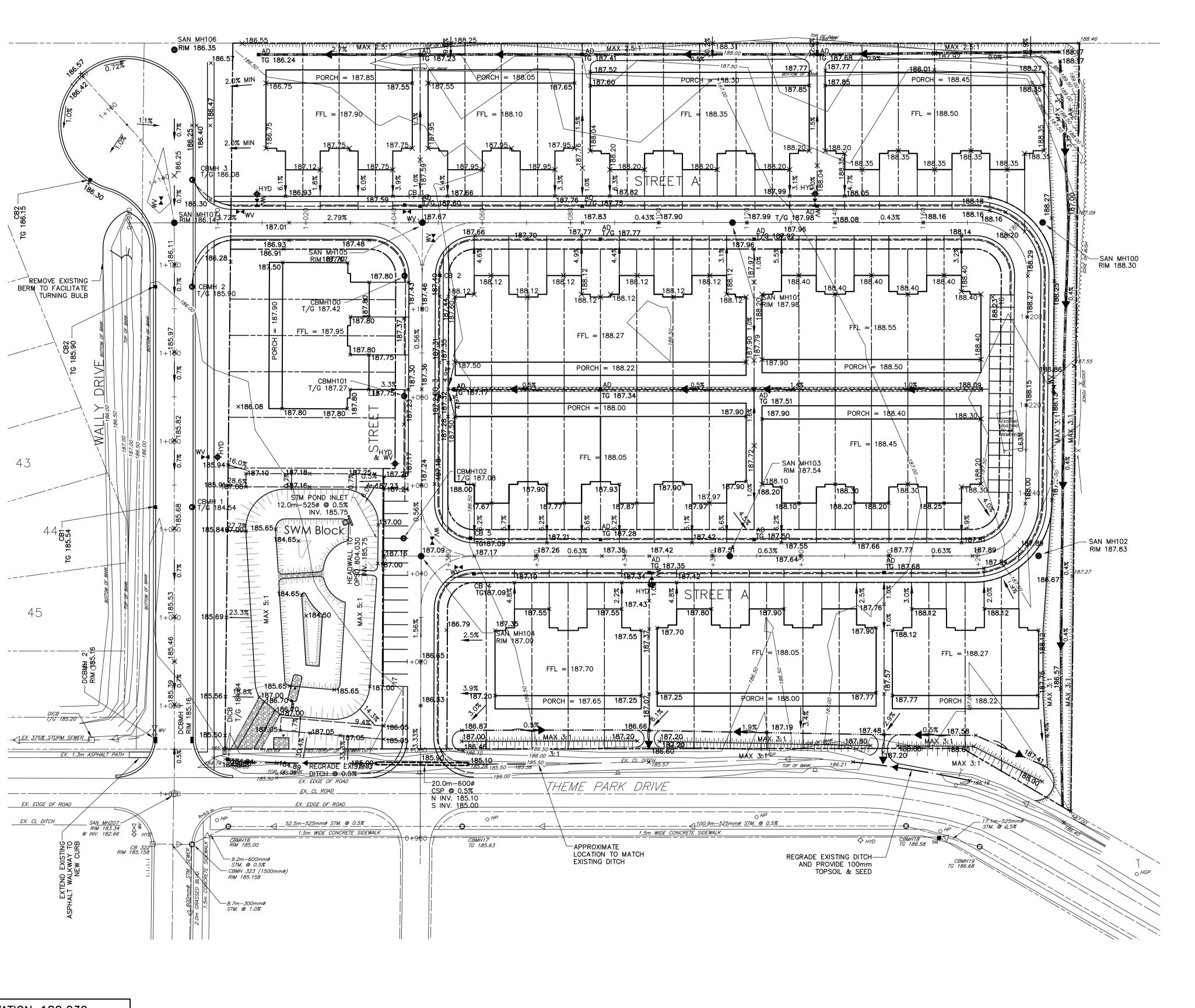
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SITE

ARTHUR DE CONTRACTOR DE

KEY PLAN

TBM #1 ELEVATION 182.239

CONCRETE BRIDGE OVER NOTTAWASAGA RIVER, TABLET IN COPING OF BRIDGE AT SOUTHEAST END, 2.04m SOUTHEAST END OF BRIDGE AND 30cm BELOW STEEL GAURD RAIL.

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WASAGA MEADOWS
PHASE 4 EAST
TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

SITE GRADING PLAN



DRAWN: SDH

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Consulting Engineers

Collingwood Bracebridge Orillia Barrie Ottawa

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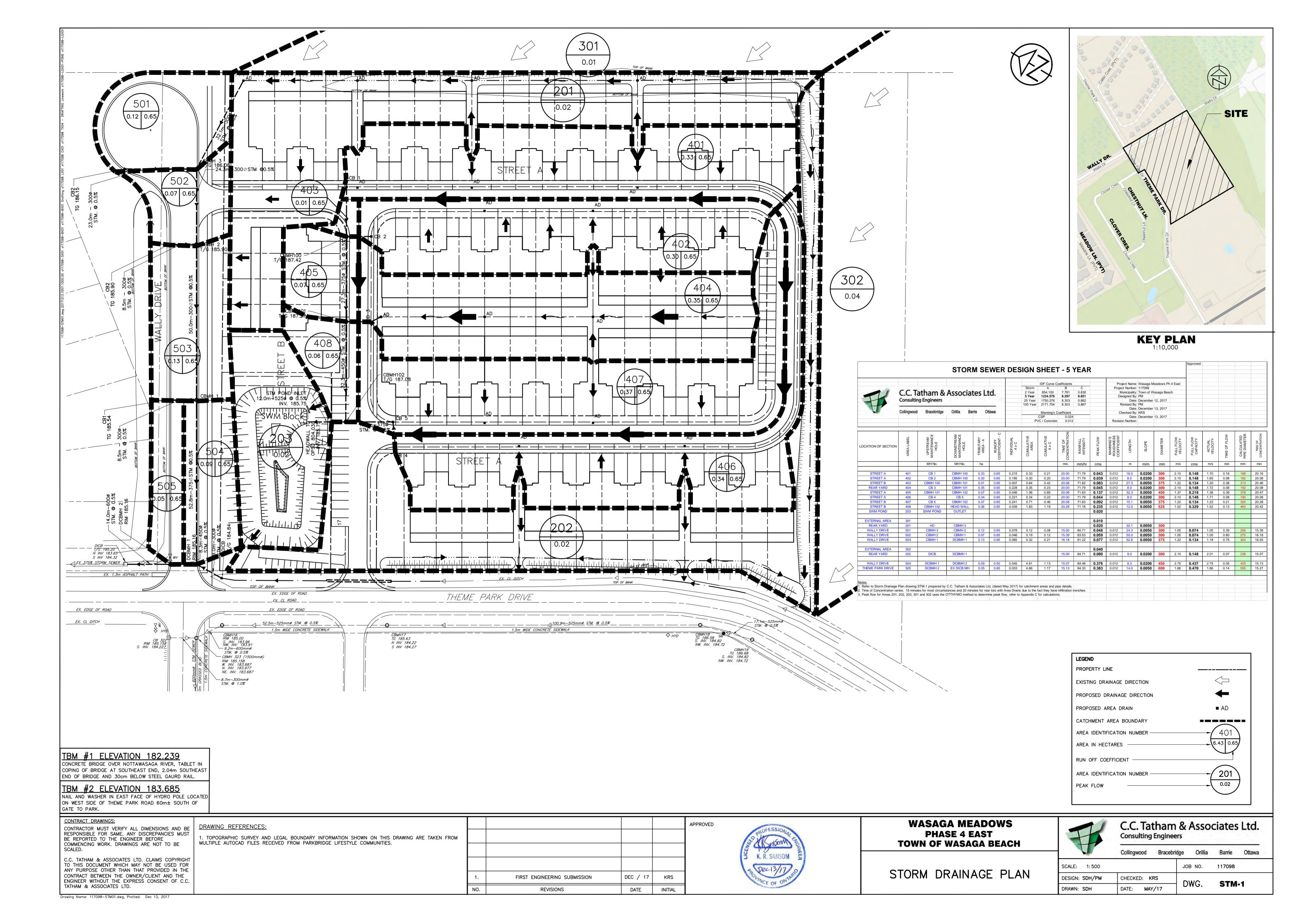
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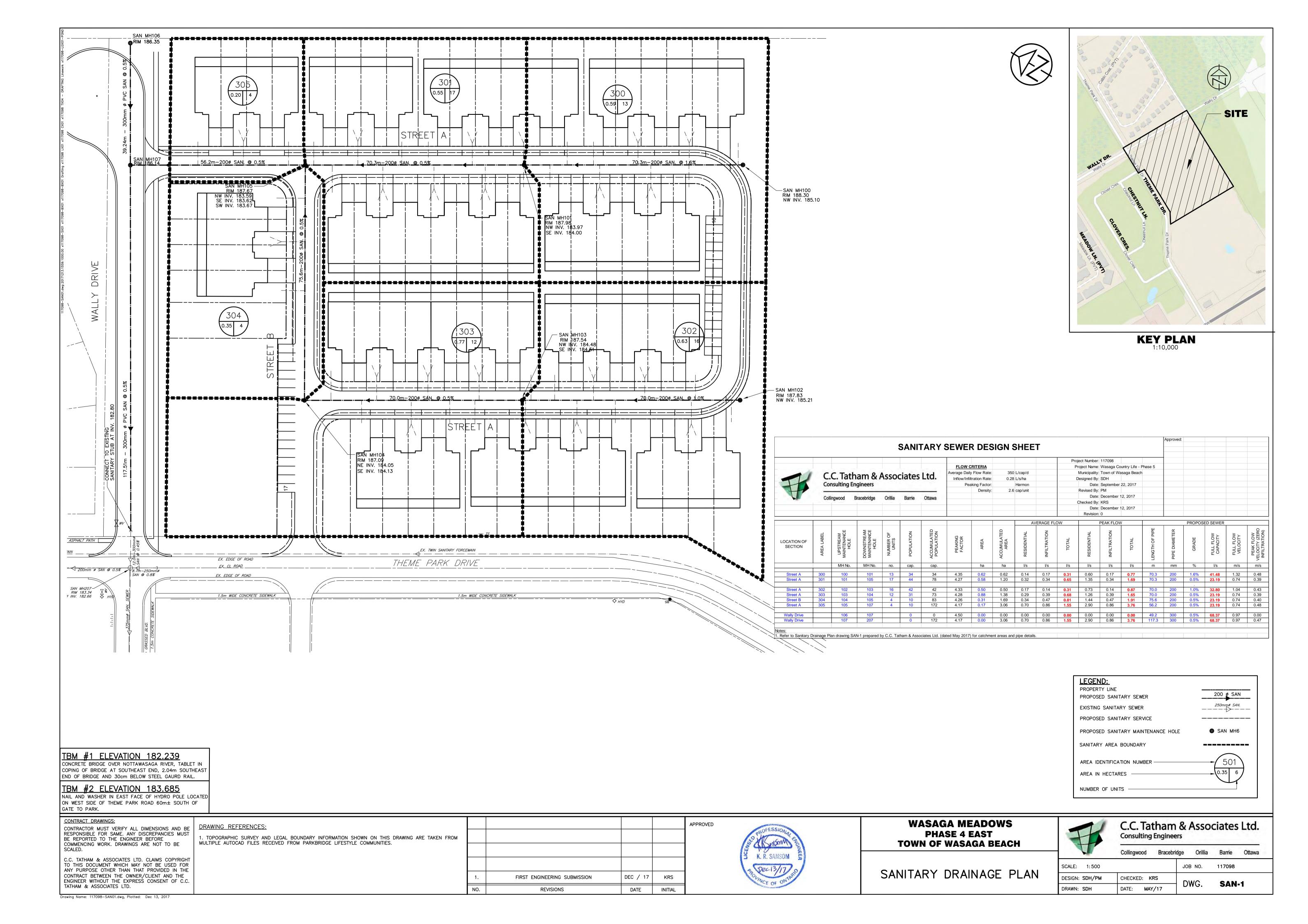
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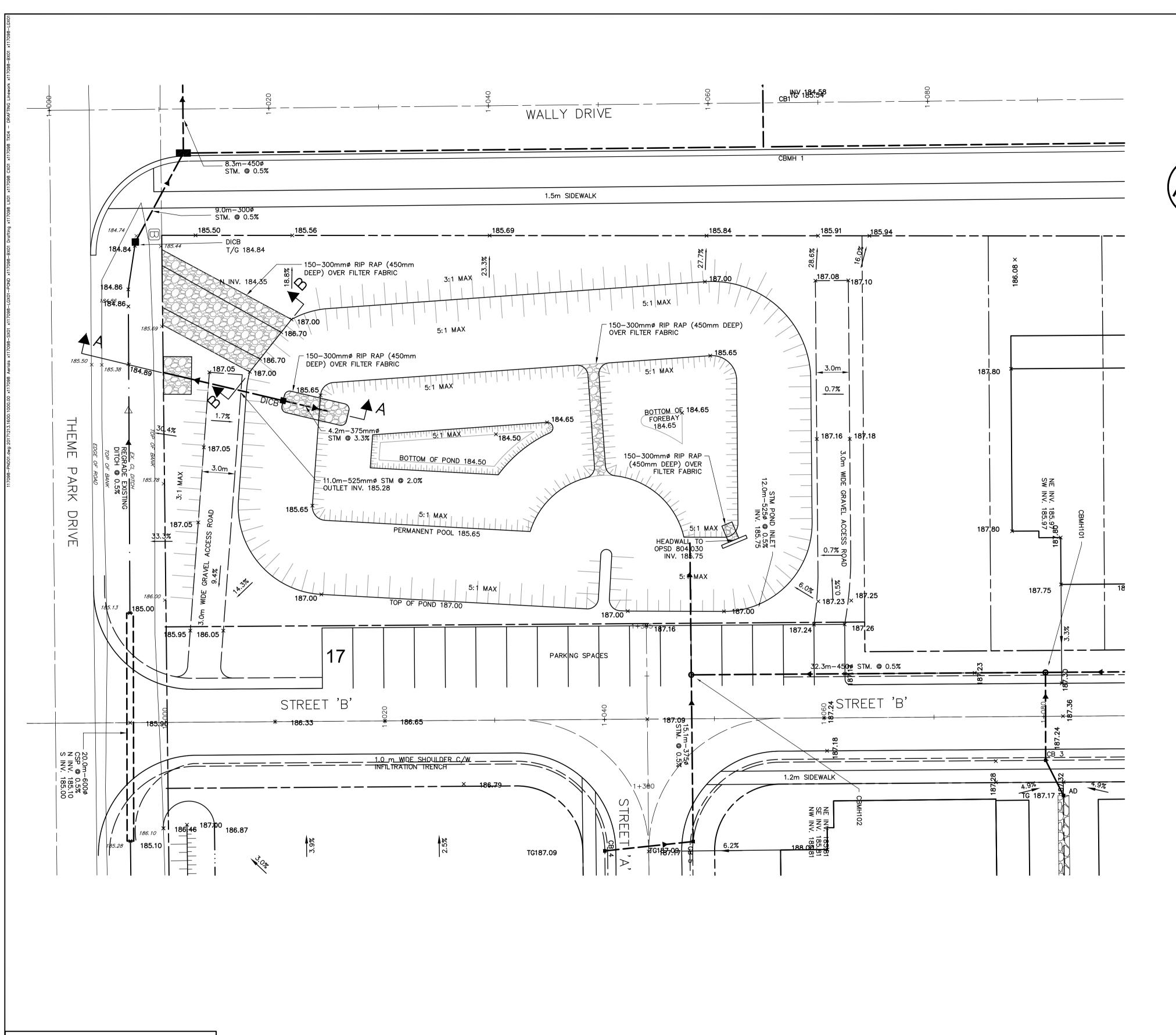
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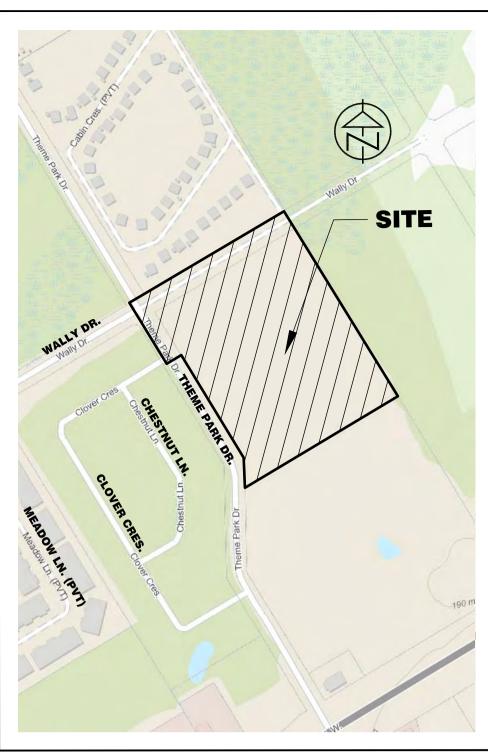
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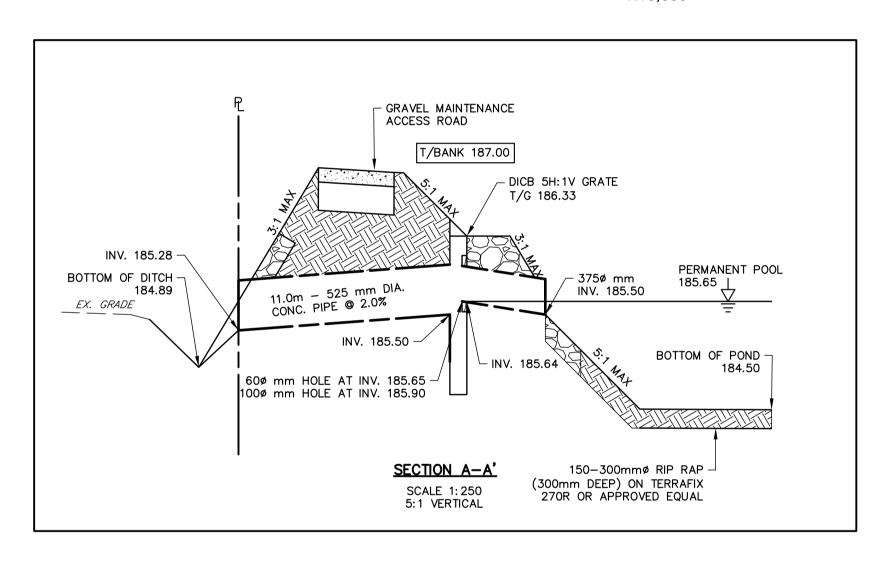


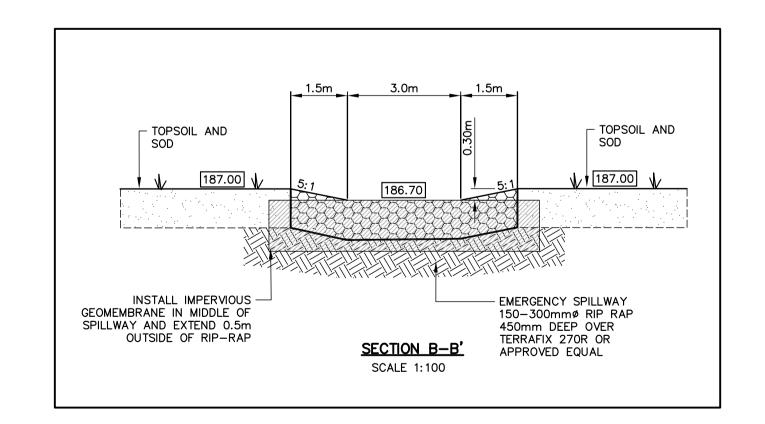






KEY PLAN





TBM #1 ELEVATION 182.239 CONCRETE BRIDGE OVER NOTTAWASAGA RIVER, TABLET IN COPING OF BRIDGE AT SOUTHEAST END, 2.04m SOUTHEAST

END OF BRIDGE AND 30cm BELOW STEEL GAURD RAIL.

TBM #2 ELEVATION 183.685

NAIL AND WASHER IN EAST FACE OF HYDRO POLE LOCATED ON WEST SIDE OF THEME PARK ROAD 60m± SOUTH OF GATE TO PARK.

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WASAGA MEADOWS PHASE 4 EAST TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

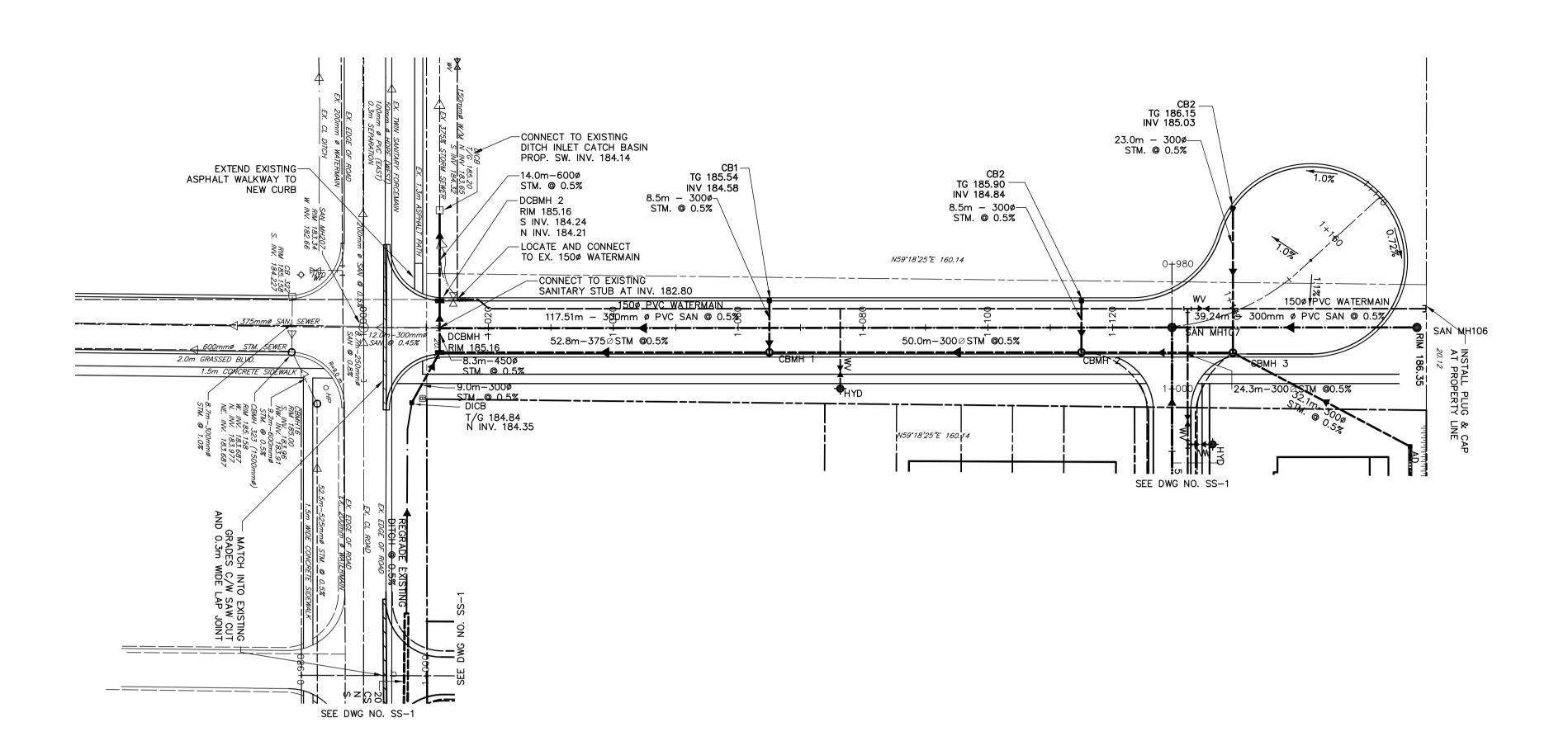
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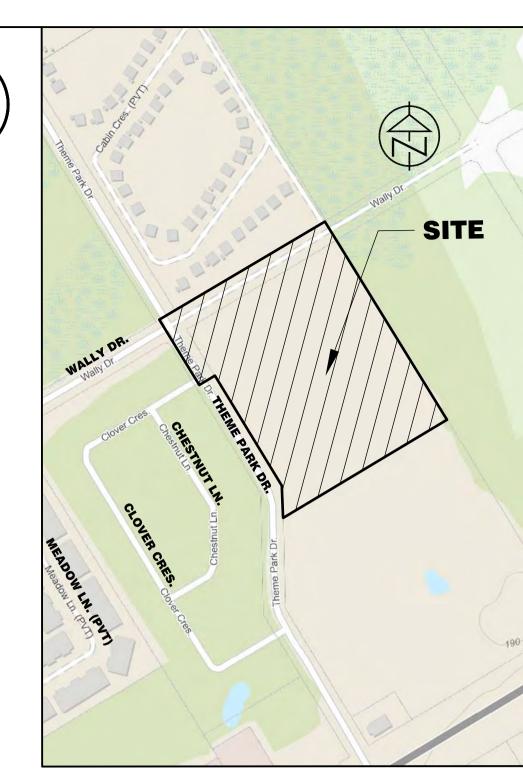
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KEY PLAN 1:10,000

CBMH 3 RIM: 186,08 S INV: 184.91 W INV: 184.91 CBMH 1 RIM: 185.54 -PROPOSED C/4 ROAD RIM: 185.90 S INV: 184.79 N INV: 184.79 W INV: 184.79 S INV: 184.54 N INV: 184.54 W INV: 184.54 DCBMH 1 RIM: 185.16 N INV: 184.28 W INV: 184.28 S INV: 184.31 0.70% EXISTING C/L ROAD 24.3m - 300mm STM © 0.5% 50.0m − 300mm Ø STM @ 0.5% 52.8m − 375mm Ø STM @ 0.5% LOCATE AND CONNECT TO EX. 1500 WATER 184 MAIN. TO BE CONFIRMED
PRIOR TO START OF
WATER MAIN
CONSTRUCTION. THRUST BLOCK AT P/I 39.2m - 300mm Ø SAN @ 0.5% | LOCATION TO BE CONFIRMED IN FIELD 117.5m − 300mm Ø SAN @ 0.5% SAN MH107 -RIM: 186.14-SAN MH106 RIM: 186.35 S INV: 183.23 > 300ø SAN N INV: 183.26 E INV: 183.31 S INV: 183.46 N INV: 182.64 LOCATE EX. 3000 SAN MAIN AND PLUG AT INV ELEV 182.64, CONNECT NEW 3000 SAN SEWER INVERT ELEV. TO BE CONFIRMED PRIOR TO START OF SANITARY CONSTRUCTION.

TBM #1 ELEVATION 182.239

CONCRETE BRIDGE OVER NOTTAWASAGA RIVER, TABLET IN COPING OF BRIDGE AT SOUTHEAST END, 2.04m SOUTHEAST END OF BRIDGE AND 30cm BELOW STEEL GAURD RAIL.

TBM #2 ELEVATION 183.685

NAIL AND WASHER IN EAST FACE OF HYDRO POLE LOCATED ON WEST SIDE OF THEME PARK ROAD 60m± SOUTH OF GATE TO PARK.

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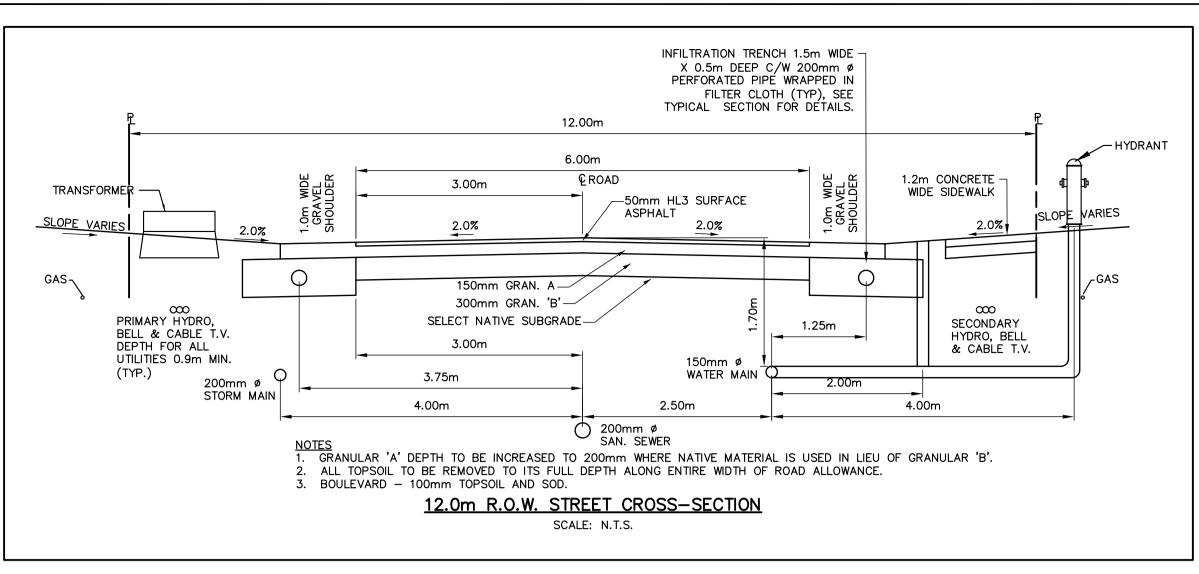
WASAGA MEADOWS PHASE 4 EAST TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH

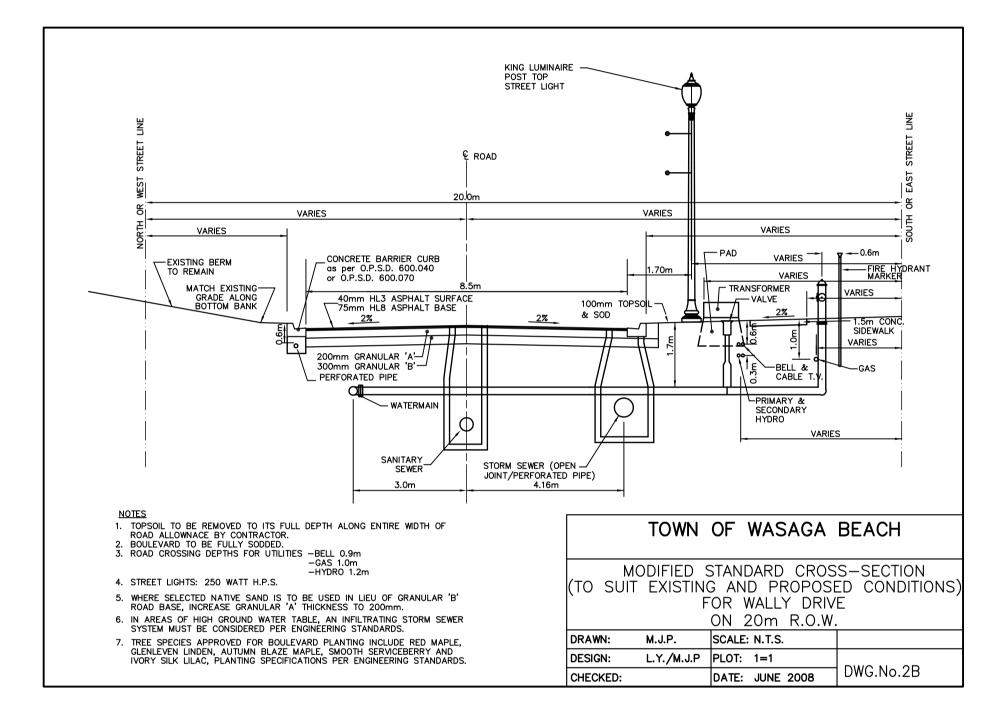
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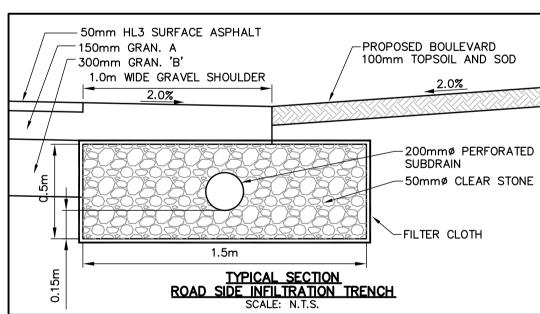
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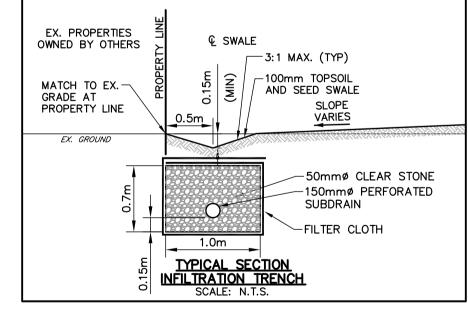
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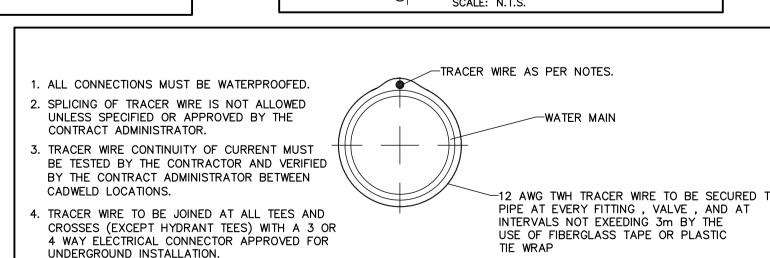
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TRACER WIRE INSTALLATION DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2. ALL WORK TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH STANDARDS AND OPSS. WHERE INCONSISTENCY OCCURS, TOWN STANDARDS GOVERN.
- CLEAR STONE WRAPPED IN FILTER FABRIC MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR PIPE BEDDING MATERIAL IF APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. DEWATERING TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS-517 AND 518. THE

OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING DEWATERING PERMITS AS REQUIRED TO

- MAINTAIN DRY TRENCH CONDITIONS. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO
- THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION.
- HYDRO POLES TO BE SUPPORTED AND PROTECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING CONSTRUCTION AS DIRECTED BY WASAGA DISTRIBUTION INC. AND BELL CANADA. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE HIS WORK WITH UTILITIES WHICH MAY ALSO BE
- UNDER CONSTRUCTION. 8. EXISTING GAS MAIN TO BE PROTECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ENBRIDGE GAS
- JOINTS WITH EXISTING ASPHALT TO BE SAW CUT PRIOR TO PLACING NEW ASPHALT DENSO REINSTATEMENT TAPE SHALL BE USED AT THE JOINT. SURFACE ASPHALT
- JOINTS TO HAVE MIN. 0.5m WIDE LAP JOINT.
- 10. ALL BOULEVARDS AND DISTURBED AREAS TO HAVE 150mm SCREENED TOPSOIL AND NURSERY SOD UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 11. PAVED BOULEVARD AREAS TO BE REINSTATED WITH 50mm HL3 SURFACE COURSE ASPHALT AND 150mm GRANULAR 'A' WHERE NOTED.
- 12. ACCESS TO BUSINESS AND RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES MUST BE MAINTAINED AT ALL
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR MUST GIVE MIN. 48 HOURS NOTICE TO THE TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT THROUGH THE TOWN ENGINEER FOR OFFICIALS TO BE PRESENT FOR THE OPERATION OF VALVES, TESTING, DISINFECTION AND
- CONNECTION OF WATER MAIN AND TESTING OF SEWERS. 14. EARTH FILL MATERIAL UP TO AND INCLUDING SUBGRADE TO BE COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY (SPMDD). GRANULAR BASE AND SUB-BASE TO BE COMPACTED TO 100% SPMDD. HOT-MIX ASPHALT TO BE
- COMPACTED TO 97% MAXIMUM RELATIVE DENSITY. 15. MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 150mm BETWEEN SEWERS AT CROSSINGS.
- 16. THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN A ROAD OCCUPATION PERMIT FROM PUBLIC WORKS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF PROPOSED DRIVEWAY AND/OR ANY CONSTRUCTION WORKS WITHIN THE EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 17. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE REINSTATED TO EXISTING CONDITION OR BETTER.
- 18. TRENCH BACKFILL (TO OPSD 802.010) TO BE SELECT NATIVE SAND OR IMPORTED SELECT SUBGRADE.
- 19. PIPE COVER TO BE SELECT NATIVE SAND OR IMPORTED SELECT SUBGRADE WITH NO AGGREGATE LARGER THAN 25mm.
- 20. ALL ENGINE DRIVEN PUMPS TO BE ADEQUATELY SILENCED, SUITABLE FOR OPERATION IN A RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.
- 21. UNLESS OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED, ALL MANHOLES ARE 1200mm DIAMETER.
- 22. MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS ARE TO BE SET TO BASE COURSE HL8 ASPHALT ELEVATION AND RAISED BY ADDING PRE-CAST CONCRETE ADJUSTMENT UNITS PRIOR TO PLACING SURFACE COURSE HL3 ASPHALT. (OPSD 704.010).
- 23. TRENCHES FOR UTILITIES TO BE MINIMUM 600mm WIDE BACKFILLED WITH APPROVED NATIVE GRANULAR MATERIAL OR IMPORTED SELECT SUBGRADE AND COMPACTED ALL TO THE SATISFACTION OF WASAGA HYDRO AND THE ENGINEER.
- 24. ALL ON-SITE MATERIAL SHALL BE PROPERLY STORED, SECURED, MONITORED AND COVERED AS REQUIRED. SPECIFICALLY, ALL PVC PIPE SHALL BE COVERED WHILE STORED ON-SITE 25. ALL SILTATION & EROSION CONTROL PROTECTION DEVICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED
- PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN CONTROL DEVICES THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION AND REMOVE THE CONTROL DEVICES ONCE GROUND COVER IS ESTABLISHED IN ALL DISTURBED AREAS.
- 26. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPPLY ALL NECESSARY WATER AND/OR CALCIUM CHLORIDE AS REQUIRED FOR COMPACTION AND/OR DUST CONTROL.
- 27. VEHICULAR ACCESS TO PRIVATE DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.

WATER MAIN

- 1. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE CSA CERTIFIED AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TOWN APPROVED MATERIALS LIST.
- ALL WATER MAIN TO HAVE MINIMUM 1.7m COVER OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT FROST PROTECTION WITH INSULATION.
- 3. BEDDING AND BACKFILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS-441 4. PVC PIPE INSTALLATION TO INCLUDE 12AWG TWH SOLID PLASTIC COVERED TRACER
- WIRE, TWU 75°C 600V OR APPROVED EQUAL. TRACER WIRE CONTINUITY MUST BE TESTED & CERTIFIED BY PUBLIC WORKS STAFF. CATHODIC PROTECTION (S-12 ZINC ANODES @ 30m SPACING) TO BE PROVIDED IN
- ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS-442 AS REQUIRED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT.

- 6. CLASS 'B' BEDDING AS PER OPSD-802.030 (RIGID PIPE) OR BEDDING AS PER OPSD-802.010 (FLEXIBLE PIPE) USING GRANULAR 'A"
- THRUST PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED USING MECHANICAL JOINT FITTINGS AND
- GATE VALVES TO BE LEFT HAND OPENING COMPLETE WITH SLIDE TYPE VALVE BOXES
- 125mm DIA. WITH LIDS MARKED WATER AS PER TOWN APPROVED MATERIAL AND
- WATER SERVICES TO BE PE160 OR TYPE 'K' COPPER COMPLETE WITH MAIN STOP;
- 10. CURB STOP (CANADIAN BRASS 102 COMPRESSION, MUELLER H15008 OR EQUAL), 25mmø CURB STOP (MUELLER MARK II ORISEAL), SERVICE BOXES (MUELLER A-726
- AS PER OPSO-1104.010.) 12. SERVICES TO INCLUDE TRACER WIRE TO PROPERTY LINE AND BROUGHT TO SURFACE
- ON THE OUTSIDE OFTHE WATER VALVE.
- 13. ALL WATER MAINS AND SERVICES SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH APPROVED SITE
- 14. ALL BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AS PER OPSS
- 15. ALL GRANULAR ROAD BASE SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 100% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY.
- 16. HYDRANT TO BE PER TOWN APPROVED MATERIAL AND PRODUCT LIST WITH MECHANICAL JOINT ENDS WITH 2-50mm PORTS AND FACTORY INSTALLED STORZ
- FITTING PER OPSD-1105.010, INCLUDING GALVANIZED CHAIN CONNECTION FOR CAPS. 17. HYDRANTS INSTALLED TO TOWN STD. DWG. NO. 6.
- 18. TESTING CONNECTION TO THE MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM SHALL BE PER TOWN STD.
- 19. MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION 500mm BETWEEN WATER MAINS AND SEWERS.
- 20. MINIMUM HORIZONTAL SEPARATION OF 2.5m BETWEEN WATER MAINS AND SEWERS.
- WATER MAINS SHALL BE SWABBED, FLUSHED, DISINFECTED AND TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 441 WITH TOWN OFFICIALS PRESENT.
- 22. DISINFECTING OF WATER MAINS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST REVISION
- OF AWWA C651 SPECIFICATIONS. 23. MIN. 50mmø BLOWOFF TO BE USED PER OPSD 1104.030. MECHANICAL THRUST
- RESTRAINERS SHALL BE USED AT ALL VALVES AND FITTINGS. 24. SERVICE CONNECTION TO OPSD 1104.010. CONCRETE SLAB UNDER CURB STOP TO BE
- MINIMUM 600x600mm AND INCLUDE 2"x4" MARKER PAINTED BLUE.
- 25. ALL PIPE JOINTS IN HYDRANT LEADS TO BE RESTRAINED.
- 26. ALL PVC WATER SERVICE PIPE JOINTS TO BE RESTRAINED.

- A. ROAD SUBGRADE TO BE COMPACTED TO A DRY DENSITY OF AT LEAST 98% OF THE MATERIAL'S SPMDD. SUBGRADE TO BE PROOF ROLLED AND CERTIFIED PRIOR TO PLACING GRANULAR 'B'.
- BOULEVARD SUBGRADE TO BE COMPACTED TO A DRY DENSITY OF AT LEAST 95% OF THE MATERIAL'S SPMDD.
- GRANULAR 'A' AND 'B' TO BE COMPACTED TO A DRY DENSITY OF AT LEAST 100% OF THE MATERIAL'S RESPECTIVE SPMDD.
- ASPHALT TO BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 92% OF THE MATERIAL'S MAXIMUM RELATIVE DENSITY.
- ROADWAYS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE STANDARD ROAD CROSS-SECTION AS SHOWN.
- JOINTS WITH EXISTING ASPHALT TO BE SAW CUT STRAIGHT PRIOR TO PLACING NEW ASPHALT. LAP JOINTS TO EXISTING ASPHALT TO BE PROVIDED PER DETAIL.
- ALL GRANULAR AND ASPHALT MATERIAL TO BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 310 AND OPSS 314.
- TACK COAT TO BE APPLIED AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 308. CONCRETE BARRIER CURB AND GUTTER TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 600.040
- AND OPSS 353. CONCRETE MOUNTABLE CURB IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 600.110 AND OPSS 353. CURB DEPRESSIONS AT DRIVEWAYS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 351.010. CURB DEPRESSIONS AT SIDEWALK CROSSINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 310.030 OR OPSD 310.033, AS APPLICABLE.
- CONCRETE CURB TERMINATIONS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD CONCRETE SIDEWALK IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 310.010, OPSD 310.020 AND OPSS
- 351. SUBBASE TO CONSIST OF 150 mm DEPTH GRANULAR 'A'. SIDEWALK RAMPS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 310.030 OR OPSD 310.033, AS APPLICABLE, AND TACTILE WALKING SURFACE INDICATORS WHERE SPECIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 310.039. 100 mm DIAMETER PIPE SUBDRAINS SHALL BE PROVIDED AS PER TYPICAL ROAD
- CROSS-SECTIONS ON DWG. DE-2, IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 405 AND OPSD 216.021, UNWRAPPED TRENCH, GRANULAR 'A' EMBEDMENT. SUBDRAINS TO BE PERFORATED, COMPLETE WITH FILTER SOCK, OTHER THAN THE 2.0
- m SECTION IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF ALL STRUCTURES WHICH SHALL BE NON-PERFORATED.
- DRIVEWAYS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 351.010 AND/OR OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- PAVEMENT MARKINGS REQUIRE 2 APPLICATIONS OF PAINT FOR NEW ASPHALT. SECOND APPLICATION SHALL NOT BE APPLIED UNTIL THE FIRST IS TRACK FREE.
- PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL ONLY BE APPLIED WHEN TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 10 DEGREES CELSIUS, THE PAVEMENT IS PERFECTLY DRY AND UPON THE AUTHORIZATION
- 3. WORK TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 532, OPSS 1712, OPSS 1713 AND OPSS 1714 AND THE ONTARIO TRAFFIC MANUAL BOOK 11, MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION OF

STORM SEWER

- ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE CSA CERTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TOWN APPROVED
- 2. CLASS 'B' BEDDING AND COVER AS PER OPSD-802.030 (RIGID PIPE) OR EMBEDMENT AS PER OPSD-802.010 (FLEXIBLE PIPE) USING GRANULAR 'A'. USE SELECT NATIVE MATERIAL COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY FOR COVER MATERIAL.
- CATCHBASINS & MANHOLES TO BE BACKFILLED WITH SELECT NATIVE MATERIAL AND COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY.
- 4. STEPS AS PER OPSD-405.010 HOLLOW CIRCULAR ALUMINUM.
- CATCHBASIN LEADS; 300mm DIA. FOR SINGLE AND DOUBLE CATCHBASINS.
- 6. CATCHBASIN FRAMES AND COVERS PER OPSD 400.020 8. STORM LEAD CONNECTIONS TO STORM MAIN TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD
- 708.010 AND OPSD 708.030. STORM SEWER SHALL BE CCTV INSPECTED.
- 8. STORM SEWER SHALL BE MIN. SDR 35 PVC WITH MIN. 320 KPa PIPE STIFFNESS.
- BEDDING AS PER OPSD-802.031 FOR RIGID PIPE OR BEDDING AS PER OPSD-802.010
- (TYPE 3 SOIL) 10. FOR FLEXIBLE PIPE. SELECT NATIVE SAND COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY
- MAY BE USED FOR COVER MATERIAL IF APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER 11. MH AND CBMH TO OPSD 701.010, 701.011, 701.012, 701.013, 701.030. 701.040.
- 701.050 OR 701.060. MH TO BE BENCHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSD 701.021.

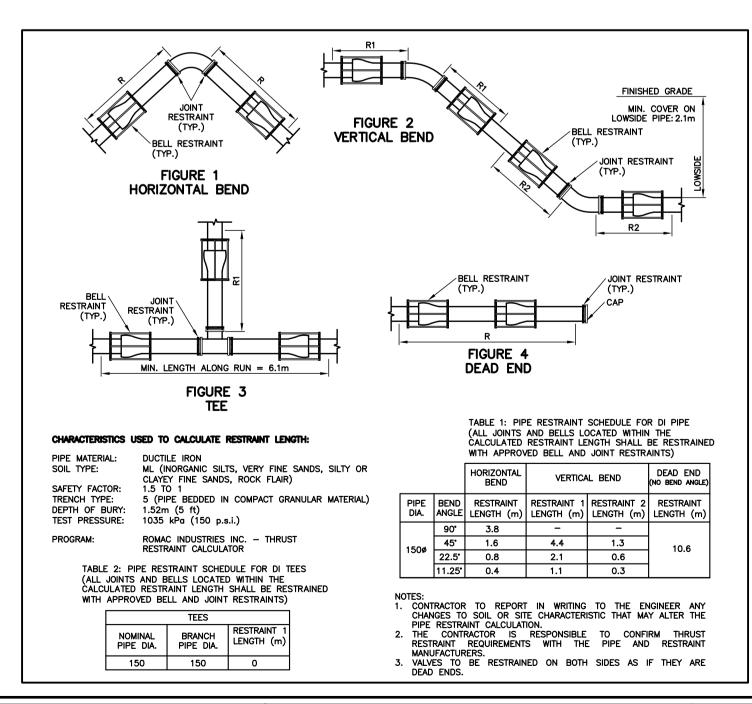
- 12. CB'S TO OPSD 705.010 OR DOUBLE TO OPSD 705.020, WITH 600mm SUMP.

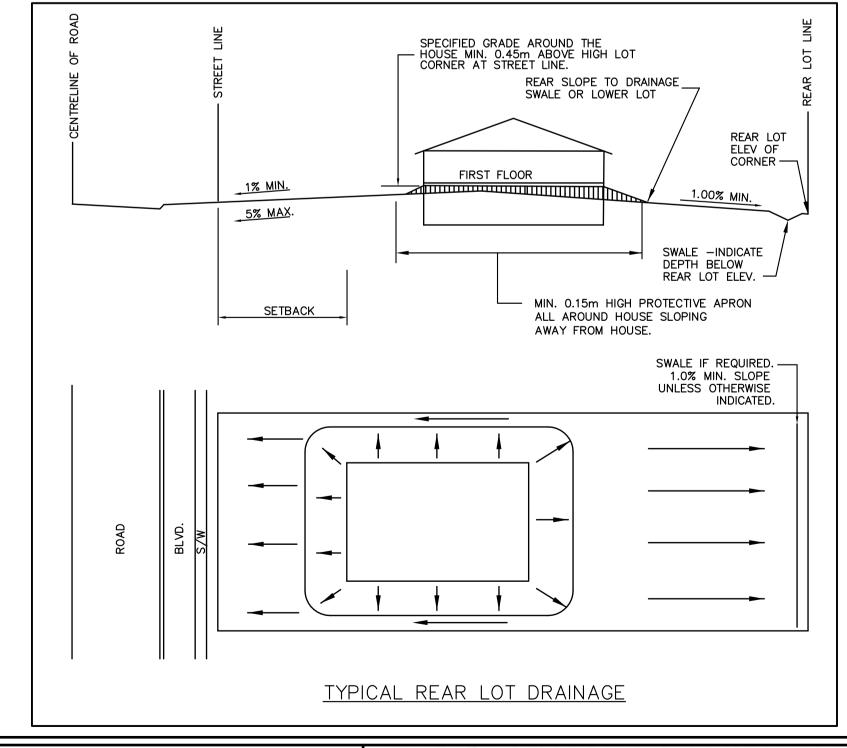
- 13. PIPE SUPPORT AT MH, CBMH AND CB TO OPSD 708.020
- 14. PROTECTION DURING CONSTRUCTION TO OPSD 808.010.
- 15. ALL WORK TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 410.
- 16. DITCHES/SWALES CONSTRUCTED AT LESS THAN 1% SHALL HAVE MIN. 150mmø SUBDRAÍN, BEDDED IN A 300x300mm CLEARSTONE TRENCH AND WRAPPED IN FILTER

SANITARY SEWER

- 1. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE CSA CERTIFIED.
- SANITARY SEWER TO BE SDR 35 PVC.
- BEDDING AND BACKFILL AS PER OPSD-802.010 (TYPE 3 SOIL) USING GRANULAR 'A COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY. SÈLECT NATIVÉ SAND MAY BE USED FOR BACKFILL COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY IF APPROVED BY THE
- 125mmø SANITARY SERVICE LATERALS TO BE SDR 28 PVC PIPE. CLEANOUT TO BE INSTALLED AT ALL 125mmø SERVICES OVER 15m IN LENGTH. GRANULAR 'A' EMBEDMENT (MIN. 150 mm BEDDING AND 300 mm COVER). RADIUS BENDS TO BE USED ON ALL SEWER CONNECTIONS WHERE THE ANGLE OF CONNECTION BETWEEN THE SERVICE AND SEWER EXCEEDS 90°. 200mmø CLEANOUT CHAMBER AT PROPERTY LINE
- AS PER TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH STD. DWG. NO. 12. LOT SERVICE LOCATIONS TO BE VERIFIED BY CONTRACTOR.
- MANHOLES PER OPSD-701.010 WITH FROST STRAPS PER OPSD 701.100 WITH "QUICK
- ANCHORED " BOLTS. FRAMES AND COVERS PER OPSD-401.010 TYPE 'A' CLOSED COVER.
- MANHOLE BENCHING PER OPSD-701.021 AND STEPS PER OPSD-405.010 CIRCULAR
- 9. SANITARY SEWER TESTING SHALL INCLUDE INFILTRATION, EXFILTRATION, DEFLECTION (MANDREL) AND CCTV.
- 10. ALL WORK TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPSS 410.

11. SAFETY PLATFORM TO OPSD 404.020.





WASAGA MEADOWS PHASE 4 EAST **TOWN OF WASAGA BEACH**

GENERAL DETAILS



C.C. Tatham & Associates Ltd. **Consulting Engineers**

	Collingwood Bracebri	age Offilia	Barne Ottawa
SCALE: 1:500		JOB NO.	117098
DESIGN: SDH/PM	CHECKED: KRS	DWG.	DE 4
DRAWN: SDH	DATE: MAY/17	DWG.	DE-1

RESPONSIBLE FOR SAME. ANY DISCREPANCIES MUST BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. DRAWINGS ARE NOT TO BE

CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND BE

<u> TBM #1 ELEVATION 182.239</u>

<u> TBM #2 ELEVATION 183.685</u>

GATE TO PARK.

CONTRACT DRAWINGS:

CONCRETE BRIDGE OVER NOTTAWASAGA RIVER, TABLET IN

COPING OF BRIDGE AT SOUTHEAST END, 2.04m SOUTHEAST

NAIL AND WASHER IN EAST FACE OF HYDRO POLE LOCATED

ON WEST SIDE OF THEME PARK ROAD 60m± SOUTH OF

END OF BRIDGE AND 30cm BELOW STEEL GAURD RAIL.

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DRAWING REFERENCES: TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY AND LEGAL BOUNDARY INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE TAKEN FROM MULTIPLE AUTOCAD FILES RECEIVED FROM PARKBRIDGE LIFESTYLE COMMUNITIES.

PPROVED DEC / 17 KRS FIRST ENGINEERING SUBMISSION DATE INITIAL **REVISIONS**



Drawing Name: 117098—DE01.dwg, Plotted: Dec 13, 2017