Fire Safety Plan

Two-Stage Fire Alarm System for:

Fire Safety Plan - Two-Stage Fire Alarm System for:			
	(Business Name)		
	(Business Address)		

The reproduction or use of this fire safety plan for non-commercial purposes is permitted and encouraged. Permission to reproduce the plan for commercial purposes must be obtained from Wasaga Beach Fire Department.

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Part 1 Introduction

The Ontario Fire Code, Div. B, Section 2.8 requires the implementation of a FIRE SAFETY PLAN for this building/occupancy. The plan is to be kept in the building in an approved location.

The implementation of the Fire Safety Plan helps to ensure effective utilization of life safety features in a building to protect people from fire. The required Fire Safety Plan should be designed to suit the resources of each individual building or complex of buildings. It is the responsibility of the owner to ensure that the information contained within the Fire Safety Plan is accurate and complete.

The Fire Protection and Prevention Act Part VII, Section 28, states that in the case of an offence for contravention of the fire code, a corporation is liable to a fine of not more than \$50,000 and an individual is liable to a fine of not more than \$25,000 or imprisonment for a term of not more than one year or both.

This official document is to be kept readily available at all times for use by staff and fire officials in the event of an emergency.

The fire safety plan approved location is _____.

The fire safety plan shall be reviewed as often as necessary, but at intervals not greater than 12 months, to ensure that it takes account changes in the use and other characteristics of the building.

SUBMISSION PROCEDURES

At least two (2) copies of the Plan (8 $\frac{1}{2}$ X 11 format) must be submitted to the Chief Fire Official. Upon approval, one (1) copy will be retained by the Fire Department.

The Chief Fire Official is to be notified regarding any subsequent changes in the approved Fire Safety Plan.

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Part 2(a) Audit of Building Resources Checklist

Occupancy Type
Occupant Load Occupant Load: (if applicable)
<u>Access</u>
Designated Fire Route: No Yes
Nearest Municipal Hydrant Location:
Private Hydrants: No Yes (Location(s)):
Lockbox: No Yes (Location(s)):
Heating Natural Gas Electric Other
Main Gas Shut-off: No Yes (Location(s)):
Main Electrical Shut-off Location:
Main Domestic Water Shut-off Location:
<u>Two Stage</u> <u>Fire Alarm System:</u> Make: Model:
Main Panel Location: Annunciator Panel Location: Fire Alarm Description:
Sprinkler System: ☐ No ☐ Yes Type: ☐ Wet ☐ Dry ☐ Other
Connected to the Fire Alarm System: No Yes Location of Sprinkler Room/Shut Off Valves:
Standpipe System: No Yes Location of Shutoff/Isolation Valves:

Fire Department Connection: No Yes (Location(s)):				
Description:				
Fire Pump: No Yes (Location(s): Fire Pump Description:				
Fixed Extinguishing System for Commercial Cooking Equipment				
No ☐ Yes Type:				
Ecology Unit: No Yes Protected by Fixed System: No Yes				
Fuel Source: Natural Gas Electric Other				
Fuel Shut Off for Appliances: Location:				
40BC Extinguisher: Location: K Type (wet) Extinguisher (if applicable): Location:				
Other Extinguishing Systems:				
Type(e.g. pre-action, sprinkler, halon, inergen, dry chemical): Area/Location Protecting				
				
				
Portable Fire Extinguishers: (Refer to schematic drawings)				
Portable Fire Extinguishers: Type: Refer to schematic drawings.				

Emergency Light	Emergency Lighting			
□ No □ Yes	Location(s):			
Emergency Powe	<u>r</u>			
□ No □ Yes	□ Battery □ Generator			
<u>Generator</u>				
□ Diesel	□ Natural Gas			
Fuel Supply Locat	ion:			
Transfer Switch L	ocation:			
Equipment Power	ed by Generator:			
				
Electromagnetic	Locking Devices			
□ No □ Yes (manual release switch location)				
Proper Signage				
□ No □ Yes				
Location(s) through	ghout building:			

Extra Hazardous Area:					
Are there hazardous materials	on sit	e?	□ No		□ Yes
If YES, please list the material	l and c	quantit	zy:		
<u> </u>					
<u> </u>					
Exits: Refer to schemati	ics for	type a	and loc	ation (of exits.
Elevators:					
□ Firefighter (FF) Elevator (red helmet designation)			efighte ellow h		ice designation)
Automatic Recall	□ No	□ Yes	5		
Manual Recall	□ No	□ Yes	5		
Manual Recall Switch(es)	□ No	□ Yes	5	Locat	ion:
Total Number of Elevators:					
Total Number of FF Elevators:					
FF Elevator Location:					
Floors Served by FF Elevator:					
Location of recall/operating k	eys: _				
Operating Instructions:					

Part 2(a) For Additional Information not already covered

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Part 2(b) Audit of Human Resources

Business/Building	Name:	
Address:		Unit No
Postal Code:		Business Phone No
Business Owner:		
Address:		
Postal Code:		
Phone Number(s):	:	
After Hour Contac	cts (24 hour t	elephone numbers)
Manager/Supervis	or:	Phone No
Employee/Title:		Phone No
Employee/Title:		Phone No
Other:		Phone No
Building Owner:		
Address:		
Postal Code:		Phone No
Fire Alarm Monito	ring Compan	y: Phone No
Sprinkler Monitori	ing Company	: Phone No

Part 3 Emergency Procedures for Occupants

□Please take the time to review this section (1 page)

Emergency procedures signage will be affixed to the wall at all fire alarm pull-stations and in elevator lobbies.

IN CASE OF FIRE

Upon Discovery of Fire:

- Leave fire area immediately and close doors.
- · Sound Fire Alarm.
- Call Wasaga Beach Fire Department at 9-1-1.
- Leave building via nearest Exit.

Upon Hearing Fire Alarm:

If Continuous Signal:

- Leave building via nearest Exit.
- Close doors behind you.
- Do not use elevator.

<u>If Intermittent Signal:</u>

- Prepare to leave the building.
- Listen to announcements/instructions.

Remain Calm

Two Stage Alarm System

Part 4 Emergency Procedures for Supervisory Staff

□Please take the time to review this section (2 pages)

Upon Discovery of Fire

- Leave fire area immediately and close doors. Alert occupants.
- Sound Fire Alarm and follow the fire alarm supervisory procedures.
- Call 9-1-1 from a safe location.
- Exit the building via stairs. Await the arrival of Fire Department at the main entrance.

Upon Hearing of a Fire Condition

- Ensure that the other occupants have been notified of the emergency conditions.
- Notify the Wasaga Beach Fire Department of the emergency condition. Dial 9-1-1 and ask for Wasaga Beach Fire Department.
- If it is safe to do so, supervise the evacuation of all occupants, including those requiring assistance.
- Upon the arrival of the firefighters, inform the fire officer of the conditions in the building and co-ordinate the efforts of the Supervisory staff with those of the Fire Department.
- Provide access and vital information to the firefighters as to location of persons, master keys for this occupancy and service rooms, etc.

Related Duties

<u>In general:</u>

- Keep the doors to stairwells closed at all times.
- Keep access to exits and EXITS, inside and outside, clear of any obstructions at all times.
- Do not permit combustible materials to accumulate in quantities or locations that would constitute a fire hazard.
- Promptly remove all combustible waste from areas where waste is placed for disposal, if applicable.
- Keep access roadways, fire routes and fire department connections clear and accessible for fire department use.
- Maintain the fire protection equipment in good operating condition at all times.

- Participate in fire drills. Occupants' participation should be encouraged.
- Have a working knowledge of the building fire and life safety systems.
- Ensure the building fire and life safety systems are in operating condition.
- Arrange for a substitute in your absence.
- Comply with the Ontario Fire Code.
- In the event of any shutdown of fire and life safety systems, notify Wasaga Beach Fire Department and initiate alternative measures.

Emergency Procedures Additional Information/Comments

Emergency Procedures Additional Information/Comments (pg.2)

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Part 5 Responsibilities of the Owner/Occupant

□Please take the time to review this section (1 page)

The building owner/occupant has numerous responsibilities related to fire safety and must ensure that the following measures are enacted:

- Establishment of emergency procedures to be followed at the time of an emergency.
- Appointment and organization of designated supervisory staff to carry out safety duties.
- Instruction of supervisory staff and other occupants so that they are aware of their responsibilities for fire safety.
- Holding of fire drills in accordance with the Fire Code, incorporating Emergency Procedures appropriate to the building.
- Control of fire hazards in the building.
- Maintenance of building facilities provided for safety of the occupants.
- Provisions of alternate measures for safety of occupants during shut down of fire protection equipment.
- Assuring that checks, tests and inspections as required by the Ontario Fire Code are completed on schedule and that records are retained for a minimum period of two (2) years.
- Post and maintain at least one (1) copy of the fire emergency procedures.
- Keep a copy of the approved Fire Safety Plan on the premises in an approved location.
- Notification of the Chief Fire Official regarding changes in the Fire Safety Plan.
- Ensure that the information in the Fire Safety Plan is current.
- Designate and train sufficient alternates to replace supervisory staff during any absence.

Part 6(a) Fire Hazards

□Please take the time to review this section (2 pages)

Residential Properties

To avoid fire hazards in the building, occupants must:

- Never put burning materials such as cigarettes and ashes into the garbage chute.
- Never dispose of flammable liquids or aerosol cans in these chutes.
- Never force cartons, coat hangers, bundles of paper into the chute because it may become blocked.
- Avoid unsafe cooking practices: deep fat frying, too much heat, unattended stoves, loosely hanging sleeves.
- Avoid careless smoking. Never smoke in bed.
- Never leave anything that may burn or cause a trip hazard in the halls, corridors and/or stairways.
- Always clean out clothes dryer lint collector before and after use.
- Do not use unsafe electrical appliances, frayed extension cords, over-loaded outlets or lamp wire for permanent wiring.

In general, occupants should:

- Know how to alarm occupants of building, know where exits are located.
- Call Wasaga Beach Fire Department immediately (9-1-1) whenever you need assistance.
- Know the correct address of the building.
- Notify the building owner/property management if special assistance if required in the event of an emergency.
- Know the fire alarm signals and the procedures established to implement safe evacuation. Read and follow the manufacturers smoke alarm (and CO detector if applicable) instructions, available from building owner/property management.
- Know the supervisory staff in your building.
- Report any fire hazard to supervisory staff.
- Know the stairwell designation and the crossover floors (if any).

Part 6(b) Fire Hazards

Commercial, Retail and Industrial Properties

A high standard of housekeeping and building maintenance is probably the most important single factor in the prevention of fire. Listed below are some specific hazards.

- Combustible material stored in non-approved areas.
- Fire and smoke barrier door not operating properly or wedged open.
- Improper storage of flammable liquids and gases.
- Defective electrical wiring and appliances, over-fusing, and the use of extension cords as permanent wiring.
- Clothes dryer lint collector full or improperly vented.
- · Careless use of smoking materials.
- Kitchen hoods and filters not cleaned properly.
- Improper disposal of oily rags.

In general, occupants should:

- Know how to alarm occupants of building, know where exits are located.
- Call Wasaga Beach Fire Department immediately (9-1-1) whenever you need assistance.
- Know the correct address of the building.
- Notify the building/property management if special assistance is required in the event of an emergency.
- Know the fire alarm signals and the procedures established to implement safe evacuation.
- Know the supervisory staff in your building.
- Report any fire hazard to supervisory staff.
- Know stairwell designation and the crossover floors (if any).

Commercial

Part 7

Fire Extinguishment, Control or Confinement

□Please take the time to review this section (1 page)

In the event a small fire cannot be extinguished with the use of a portable fire extinguisher or the smoke presents a hazard for the operator, the door to the area should be closed to confine and contain the fire. Leave the fire area. Ensure that the Fire Alarm System has been activated and that Wasaga Beach Fire Department has been notified prior to an attempt to extinguish the fire. Only those persons who are trained and familiar with extinguisher operation may attempt to fight the fire.

Suggested Operation of Portable Fire Extinguishers

Remember the (PASS)

- P Pull the safety pin
- A Aim the nozzle
- S Squeeze the trigger handle
- S Sweep from side to side (watch for fire restarting)

Never re-hang extinguishers after use. Ensure they are properly recharged by a person that is qualified to service portable fire extinguishers and that a replacement extinguisher is provided.

Keep extinguishers in a visible area without obstructions around them.

NOTE: Prior to using a K-type extinguisher, activate the kitchen extinguishing system to avoid electrocution.

Part 8 Alternative Measures for Occupant Fire Safety

□Please take the time to review this section (1 page)

In the event of any shut-down of fire protection equipment systems or part thereof, in excess of 24 hours, the fire department shall be notified in writing. Occupants will be notified and instructions will be posted as to alternative provisions or actions to be taken in case of emergency. These provisions and actions must be acceptable to the Chief Fire Official.

All attempts to minimize the impact of malfunctioning equipment will be initiated. Where portions of a sprinkler or fire alarm system are placed out of service, service to remaining portions must be maintained, and where necessary, the use of watchmen, bull-horns, walkie talkies, etc. will be employed to notify concerned parties of emergencies. Assistance and direction for specific situations will be sought from Wasaga Beach Fire Department .

Procedures to be followed in the event of shutdown of any part of a fire protection system are as follows:

- Notify Wasaga Beach Fire Department, dial 705-429-5281 (DO NOT USE 911). Give your name, address and a description of the problem and when you expect it to be corrected. Wasaga Beach Fire Department is to be notified in writing of shutdowns longer than 24 hours.
- 2. Post notices on all floors by elevators and in the lobby entrance, stating the problem and when it is expected to be corrected.
- 3. Have staff of other reliable person(s) patrol the affected area(s) at least once every hour.
- 4. Notify Wasaga Beach Fire Department and the building occupants when repairs have been completed and systems are operational.

Note: All shutdowns will be confined to as limited an area and duration as possible.

Cooking operations shall be suspended until the commercial cooking fixed extinguishing system is restored.

Part 9 Fire Drills

Fire drills will be held at least once every ____ months to ensure efficient execution of the Fire Safety Plan. Fire drill records are required to be retained for a period of one (1) year.

FIRE DRILL RECORD	ords are required to be retained for a period of one (1) yea
Date:	Time:
Manager/Supervisor On-Duty:	
Staff Present:	
Deficiencies Noted:	
General Comments:	

Part 10 Requirements of the Ontario Fire Code

□Please take the time to review this section (1 page)

<u>Check/test/inspect requirements of the Ontario Fire Code:</u>

- To assist you in fulfilling your obligations, included is a list of the portions of the Fire Code that requires checks, inspections and/or tests to be conducted of the facilities. It is suggested that you read over this list and perform or have performed the necessary checks, inspections and/or tests for the items which may apply to your property.
- Fire Prevention Officers may check to ensure that the necessary checks, inspections and/or tests are being done, when conducting their inspections.
- This list has been prepared for purposes of convenience only. For accurate reference, the Fire Code should be consulted.

<u>Definitions for key words are as follows:</u>

Check means visual observation to ensure the device or system is in place and is not obviously damaged or obstructed

Test means the operation of a device or system to ensure that it will perform in accordance with its intended operation or function

Inspect means physical examination to determine that the device or system will apparently perform in accordance with its intended function

It is stated in the Fire Code that records of all tests and corrective measures are required to be retained for a period of two (2) years after they are made.

General Fire Protection Systems/Equipment

<u>General</u>	Responsibility
Doors in fire separations shall be checked as frequently as necessary to ensure that they remain closed.	
Exit signs shall be clearly visible and maintained in a clean and legible condition.	
Internally illuminated exit signs shall be kept clearly illuminated at all times, when the building is occupied.	
<u>Weekly</u>	
When subject to accumulation of combustible deposits, hoods, filters and ducts shall be checked weekly and be cleaned when such deposits create an undue fire hazard.	
<u>Monthly</u>	
Doors in fire separations shall be inspected monthly for proper operation.	
<u>Yearly</u>	
Fire dampers and fire-stop flaps shall be inspected annually, or based on a schedule via contractor acceptable to the Chief Fire Official.	
Every chimney, flue and flue pipe shall be inspected annually and cleaned as often as necessary to keep them free from accumulations of combustible deposits.	
Disconnect switches for mechanical air-conditioning and ventilating systems shall be inspected annually to establish that the system can be shut down.	
Spark arresters shall be cleaned annually or more frequently where accumulations of debris will adversely affect operations. Burnt-out arresters shall be repaired or replaced.	

Portable Fire Extinguishers

<u>General</u>	Responsibility
Each portable extinguisher shall have a tag securely attached to it showing the maintenance or recharge date, the servicing agency and the signature of the person who performed the service.	
A permanent record containing the maintenance date, the examiner's name and a description of any work or hydrostatic testing carried out shall be prepared and maintained for each portable extinguisher.	
All extinguishers shall be recharged after use or as indicated by an inspection or when performing maintenance. When recharging is performed, the recommendations of the manufacturer shall be followed.	
<u>Monthly</u>	
Portable extinguishers shall be inspected monthly.	
<u>Yearly</u>	
Extinguishers shall be subject to maintenance not more than one (1) year apart or when specifically indicated by an inspection.	
Maintenance procedures shall include a thorough examination of the three basic elements of an extinguisher: a) mechanical parts b) extinguishing agent c) expelling means	
Every twelve (12) months, pump tank water, and pump tank calcium chloride base antifreeze types of extinguishers shall be recharged with new chemicals or water, as applicable	

	Responsibility
Five (5) Years	
Every five (5) years, pressurized water and carbon dioxide fire extinguishers shall be hydrostatically tested .	
Six (6) Years	
Every six (6) years, stored pressure extinguishers that require a twelve (12) year hydrostatic test shall be emptied and subjected to the applicable maintenance procedures.	

Fire Alarm/Voice Communications Systems

<u>Gene</u>	<u>ral</u>	Responsibility
	larm and voice communication system components be kept unobstructed.	
	alarm system power supply disconnect switches shall be d on in an approved manner.	
<u>Daily</u>		
	ollowing daily checks shall be conducted if a fault is lished, appropriate corrective action shall be taken. Check the principle and remote trouble lights for trouble indication; Inspection of the AC power-on light shall be done to ensure its normal operation.	
<u>Mont</u>	<u>hly</u>	
-	month the following tests shall be conducted and if a is established, appropriate corrective action shall be	
a)	one (1) manual fire alarm initiating device shall be operated, on a rotating basis and shall initiate an alarm condition	
b) c)	function of all signal devices shall be ensured the annunciator panel shall be checked to ensure correct annunciation	
d)	intended function of the audible and visual trouble signals shall be ensured	
e)	fire alarm batteries shall be checked to ensure that: i) terminals are clean and lubricated where necessary;	
	ii) terminal clamps are clean and tight;iii) electrolyte level and specific gravity, where applicable, meet manufacturer's specifications	
	paging capability to one zone shall be tested monthly rotational basis.	

Monthly (continued)	Responsibility
One (1) emergency telephone shall be tested monthly on a rotational basis for operation and correct indication at control unit.	
Loudspeakers shall be tested monthly as an all-call signal to ensure they function as intended.	
At least one (1) firefighter's emergency telephone shall be tested monthly on a rotational basis to ensure communication with the control unit. All telephones shall be tested each year.	
<u>Yearly</u>	
Yearly tests conducted by a certified alarm contractor as required by The Ontario Fire Code, Section 1.1.5.3. Tests shall be in conformance with CAN/ULC S536, "Inspection and Testing of Fire Alarm Systems".	ı
Voice communications between floor areas and the central alarm control facility shall be tested annually, as required for fire alarm initiating and signalling devices.	

Smoke Alarms

General	Responsibility
Ensure dwelling unit smoke alarms are maintained in operating condition.	
Ensure a copy of the smoke alarm manufacturer's Maintenance instructions or approved alternative has been provided.	
Ensure a Listed Smoke Alarm is installed on every level of the home and in the corridor adjacent to sleeping areas.	

Standpipe Systems

<u>Monthly</u>	Responsibility
Hose cabinets shall be inspected monthly to ensure that the hose and equipment are in the proper position and appear to be operable.	
<u>Yearly</u>	
Plugs or caps on Fire Department connections shall be removed annually and the threads inspected for wear, rust or obstruction. Re-secure plugs or caps, wrench tight.	
If plugs or caps are missing, examine the Fire Department connections for obstructions, back flush if necessary and replace plugs or caps.	
Hose valves shall be inspected annually to ensure that they are tight and that there is no water leakage into the hose.	
Standpipe hose shall be removed and re-racked annually and after use. Any worn gaskets in the couplings, at the hose valve and at the nozzle shall be replaced.	

Sprinkler Systems (Wet)

<u>General</u>	Responsibility
Auxiliary drains shall be inspected as required to prevent freezing.	
Weekly	
Except for electrically supervised valves, all valves controlling water supplies to sprinklers and alarm connections shall be checked weekly to ensure that they are sealed or locked in the open position.	<u> </u>
Water supply pressure and system air or water pressure shall be checked weekly by using gauges to ensure that the system is maintained at the required operating pressure.	
<u>Monthly</u>	
On all sprinkler systems, an alarm test , using the alarm test connection located at the sprinkler valve, shall be performed monthly.	I
Two (2) Months	
All transmitters and water flow devices shall be tested at two (2) month intervals.	
Six (6) Months	
Gate-valve supervisory switches and other sprinkler system supervisory devices shall be tested at six (6) month intervals.	

<u>Yearly</u>	Responsibility
Exposed sprinkler piping hangers shall be checked yearly to ensure that they are kept in good repair.	
Sprinkler heads shall be checked at least once per year to ensure that they are kept in good repair.	
Sprinkler heads shall be checked at least once per year to ensure that they are free from damage, corrosion, grease, dust, paint or whitewash. They shall be replaced where necessary as a result of such conditions.	
On wet sprinkler systems, water-flow alarm test using the most hydraulically remote test connection, shall be performed annually.	
Sprinkler system water pressure shall be tested annually or after any sprinkler system control valve has been operated, with the main drain valve fully open, to ensure that there are no obstructions or deterioration of the main water supply.	
Plugs or caps on Fire Department connections shall be removed annually and the threads inspected of wear, rust or obstruction. Re-secure plugs or caps, wrench tight. If plugs or caps are missing, examine the Fire Department connection for obstructions, back flush if necessary and replace plugs or caps.	·

Sprinkler Systems (Dry)

<u>General</u>	<u>Responsibility</u>
Auxiliary drains shall be inspected as required to prevent freezing.	
Dry-pipe valve rooms or enclosures in unheated buildings shall be checked as often as necessary when the outside temperature falls below 0° Celsius to ensure that the system does not freeze.	
Weekly	
Except for electrically supervised valves, all valves controlling water supplies to sprinklers and alarm connections shall be checked weekly to ensure that they are sealed or locked in the open position.	
Water supply pressure and system air or water pressure shall be checked weekly by using gauges to ensure that the system is maintained at the required operating pressure.	
System pressure gauges shall be checked weekly. The system shall be maintained at the required operating pressure.	
<u>Monthly</u>	
On all sprinkler systems, an alarm test , using the alarm test connection located at the sprinkler valve, shall be performed monthly.	I
Two (2) Months	
All transmitters and water flow devices shall be tested at two (2) month intervals.	

Three (3) Months	Responsibility
The priming water supply for dry pipe systems shall be inspected every three (3) months to ensure that the proper level above the dry pipe valve is maintained.	
Six (6) Months	
Gate-valve supervisory switches and other sprinkler system supervisory devices shall be tested at six (6) month intervals.	
<u>Yearly</u>	
Exposed sprinkler piping hangers shall be checked yearly to ensure that they are kept in good repair.	
Sprinkler heads shall be checked at least once per year to ensure that they are free from damage, corrosion, grease dust, paint or whitewash. They shall be replaced where necessary as a result of such conditions.	
Sprinkler system water pressure shall be tested annually or after any sprinkler system control valve has been operated, with the main drain valve fully open, to ensure that there are no obstructions or deterioration of the main water supply.	
Plugs or caps on Fire Department connections shall be removed annually and the threads inspected for wear, rust or obstruction. Re-secure plugs or caps wrench tight. If plugs or caps are missing, examine the Fire Department connection for obstructions, back flush if necessary and replace plugs or caps.	
Dry pipe valves shall be tripped annually by means of the system test pipe, to ensure that they operate satisfactorily and that the sprinkler alarms are in operating condition. A full flow trip test, with the control valve fully open, shall be conducted at least every three (3) years.	

Fifteen (15) Years

Responsibility

Every fifteen (15) years, dry pipe systems shall be **inspected** for obstructions in the sprinkler piping and if necessary, the entire system shall be flushed of foreign material.

Water Supplies for Firefighting (Fire Pumps)

<u>Daily</u>	Responsibility
The temperature of pump rooms shall be checked daily during freezing weather.	
Weekly	
Valves controlling water supplies exclusively for fire protection systems shall be inspected weekly to ensure that they are fully open and sealed or locked in that position.	
Fire pumps shall be started once per week at rated speed. The fire pump discharge pressure, suction pressure, lubricating oil level, operative condition of relief valves, priming water level and general operating conditions shall be inspected.	<u></u>
Internal combustion engine fire pumps shall be operated once per week for a sufficient time to bring the engine up to normal operating temperature. The storage batteries, lubrication systems and fuel supplies shall be inspected .	
<u>Yearly</u>	
Fire pumps shall be tested annually at full rated capacity to ensure that they are capable of delivering the rated flow.	

Water Supplies for Firefighting (Hydrants)

<u>General</u>	Responsibility
Hydrants shall be readily available and unobstructed for use at all times.	
<u>Yearly</u>	
Hydrants shall be inspected annually after each use.	
Ensure hydrants are equipped with port caps secured wrench tight. The port caps shall be removed annually and inspected for wear, rust or obstructions.	
The hydrant barrel shall be inspected annually to ensure that no water has accumulated.	
The drain valve shall be inspected for operation if water is found in the hydrant barrel when main valve is closed.	
Hydrant waterflow shall be inspected annually and a record shall be kept.	

Water Supplies for Firefighting (Water Tanks)

<u>Daily</u>	Responsibility
Water tank heat equipment, tank enclosure and/or water temperature shall be checked daily during freezing weather.	
Weekly	
Water levels and air pressure in pressure tanks shall be checked weekly and the relief valves on the air and the water lines shall be inspected weekly.	
<u>Monthly</u>	
Water level in gravity tanks shall be inspected monthly.	
<u>Yearly</u>	
An annual inspection shall be made of water tanks for fire protection, tank supporting structures and water supply systems including piping, control valves, check valves, heating systems, mercury gauges and expansion joints to ensure that they are in operating condition.	
Cathodic protection equipment in water tanks shall be inspected annually.	
Two (2) Years	
Water tanks shall be checked every two (2) years for corrosion.	
Five (5) Years	
Water tanks shall be inspected every five (5) years and scraped and repainted as required.	

Smoke Shafts and Venting Equipment

<u>General</u>	Responsibility
Access to windows and panels required for venting floor areas and vents to vestibules permitted to be manually openable shall be kept free of obstructions, openable without keys and operable at times.	
Six (6) Months	
All elevators in an elevator shaft that is intended for use as a smoke shaft be inspected semi-annually to ensure that on activation of the fire alarm system, the elevators will return to the street floor and remain inoperative.	·
<u>Yearly</u>	
A closure in an opening to the outdoors at the top of a smoke shaft, shall be inspected annually to ensure that it will open:	·
 a) manually, outside from the building b) on a signal from the smoke/heat actuated device in the smoke shaft and; 	
 when a closure in an opening between a floor area and the smoke shaft opens 	
Controls for air-handling systems for venting in the event of a fire, shall be inspected annually to ensure that air is exhausted from each floor area to the outdoors.	
Five (5) Years	
Closures in vent openings into smoke shafts from each floor shall be inspected sequentially over a period not to exceed five (5) years.	

Smoke Control Measures

Where smoke control measures contained in the supplement to the National Building Code of Canada 1995, Chapter 3, "Measures for Fire Safety in High Buildings" are used, the inspections and tests shall be as outlined in Section 7.3 of the National Fire Code of Canada.

Where a smoke control system is designed to meet the requirements of The Ontario Building Code, the **inspections** and **tests** shall be in accordance with procedures established by the designer of the system.

Commercial Cooking Equipment

<u>General</u>	Responsibility
Commercial cooking equipment exhaust and fire protection systems shall be installed and maintained in conformance with NFPA 96, "Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations".	
Ensure wet chemical or alkali based dry chemical portable fire extinguishers are provided to protect commercial cooking equipment and are readily available for use in an emergency.	
Weekly	
Hoods, grease removal devices, fans, ducts and other equipment shall be checked weekly and cleaned at frequent intervals, prior to surfaces becoming heavily contaminated with grease or oily sludge.	: —
Six (6) Months	
Inspection and servicing of the fire extinguishing system shall be made at least every six (6) months by properly trained and qualified persons in conformance with Ontario Fire Code, Section 6.8.1.1.	

Emergency Lighting System

<u>Daily</u>	Responsibility
Check pilot lights for indication of proper operation.	
<u>Monthly</u>	
Batteries shall be inspected monthly and maintained as per manufacturer's specifications.	
Ensure that battery surface is clean and dry.	
Ensure that terminal connections are clean, free of corrosion and lubricated.	·
Ensure that the terminal clamps are clean and tight as per manufacturer's specifications.	
Emergency lighting equipment shall be tested monthly to ensure that the emergency lighting will function upon failure of the primary power supply.	·
<u>Yearly</u>	
Emergency lighting equipment shall be tested annually to ensure that the units will provide emergency lighting for a duration equal to the design criteria under simulated power failure conditions.	
After completion, the charging conditions for voltage and current and the recovery period will be tested annually to ensure that the charging system is in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.	

Elevators (High Buildings)

Gene	<u>ral</u>	Responsibility
	re keys required to recall elevators and to permit bendent operations are in their approved location.	
Maint	ain correct signage for firefighters' elevator.	
Thre	e (3) Months	
opera ensur has b	three (3) months the elevator door opening devices ated by means of photo-electric cells shall be tested to be that the devices become inoperative after the door een held open for more than 20 seconds with the o-electric cell covered.	
shall will r inope lobby	sey operated switch located outside an elevator shaft be tested to ensure that the actuation of the switch ender the emergency stop button in each car erative and bring all cars to the street floor or transfer by cancelling all other calls after the car has stopped e next floor at which it can make a normal stop.	
-	perated switches in each elevator car shall be tested sure that the actuation of the switch will:	
a)	enable the elevators to be operable independently of other elevators	
b)	allow operation of the elevator without interference from floor call buttons	
c) d)	render door re-opening devices inoperative control the opening of power operated doors only by the continuous pressure on the "door open" button to ensure that if the button is released while the door is opening, the doors will automatically close	

Emergency Power Systems

<u>Gene</u>	<u>ral</u>	Responsibility
maint	gency power systems shall be inspected , tested and ained in conformance with CSA C282, "Emergency rical Power Supply for Buildings".	
powei	sure continued reliable operation, the emergency r supply equipment shall be operated and maintained in dance with manufacturer's instructions.	
	ast two (2) copies of the instruction manual shall be ained.	_
<u>Montl</u>	<u>ly</u>	
	mergency electrical power shall be completely tested nly as follows:	
a) b)	Simulate a failure of the normal power supply. Arrange so that: i) an engine generator set operates under at least 30% of the rated load for 60 minutes and; ii) all automatic transfer switches are operated under load.	
c)	Include an inspection for correct function of all auxiliary equipment such as radiator shutter control, coolant pumps, fuel transfer pumps, oil coolers and engine room ventilation controls.	
d)	Record all instrument readings associated with the prime mover and generator and a verification that they are normal.	
e)	Log and report as further prescribed in the manual of instruction for operation and maintenance.	
f)	Check fuel supply for sufficient quantity.	
Annua	ally	
confo	the generator, control panel and transfer switch in rmance with CSA C282, "Emergency Electrical Power y for Buildings".	

Maintenance Additional Comments

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Part 11- Building Schematics □Please take the time to review this page

LEGEND FOR BUILDING / UNIT FIRE EMERGENCY SYSTEM

LEGI	END FOR BUILDING / UNIT FIRE EMERGENCY 3131		
X	Pull Pin For Kitchen Fire Suppression System		
	Entrance / Exit		
-	Hydrant		
0,0	Siamese Fire Department Connection		
20	Free Standing Siamese Fire Department Connection		
	Valves (General) Identify The Type Of Valve (e.g. Shut Off Valve For Natural Gas, Sprinklers, etc.)		
FCP	Fire Alarm Control Panel		
FAA	Fire Alarm Annunciator		
$\overline{\wedge}$	Emergency Light, Battery-Powered		
	Illuminated Exit Sign, Single Face		
	Combined Battery-Powered Emergency Light & Illuminated Exit Sign		
	Pull Station		
HD	Heat Detector		
SD	Smoke Detector		
BC	Fire Extinguisher - BC Type		
ABC	Fire Extinguisher - ABC Type		
	Fire Extinguisher – Water		
Н	Hose Cabinet		
	Sprinkler Riser, indicate whether Wet or Dry System		

Site Plan -- Please attach Site Plan to email or send via postal mail. (Include Legend)

Floor Plan -Please attach Floor Plan to email or send via postal mail.

(Include Legend)